

Third amendment to the 2024 Universal registration document and annual financial report

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This third amendment to the 2024 Universal Registration Document has been filed with the AMF on 28 October 2025, as competent authority under Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 without prior approval pursuant to Article 9 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129.

The universal registration document may be used for the purposes of an offer to the public of securities or admission of securities to trading on a regulated market if approved by the AMF together with any amendments, if applicable, and a securities note and summary approved in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1129.

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THIRD QUARTER 2025 RESULTS

PRESS RELEASE

Paris, 28 October 2025

Solid results in line with our 2025 net income target of >€12.2bn

		3Q25 (€m)	Chg. vs. 3Q24 ¹
Revenue growth driven by the diversified model Operating divisions excl. AXA IM*: +3.5% vs. 3Q24; +4.9% at constant exchange rates	— Revenues	12,569	+5.3%
 CIB (+4.5%): Very good quarter despite the exchange-rate impact (+7.7% at constant exchange rates) 			
 CPBS (+3.1%): Good performances at Commercial & Personal Banking in the Euro Zone; improvement at Specialised Businesses 			
• IPS (+2.9% excl. AXA IM*): Robust organic growth			
Cost control and operating efficiency Operating divisions excl. AXA IM*: +1.5% vs. 3Q24	— Operating expenses	7,610	+5.5%
 Positive jaws effect of operating divisions excl. AXA IM*: +2.0 points 			
Gross operating income	— GOI	4,959	+4.9%
Cost of risk ² below 40 bps	— Cost of risk ²	39 bps	
Pre-tax income Operating divisions excl. AXA IM*: +5.0% vs. 3Q24	— Pre-tax income	4,284	+5.5%
Net income³ in line with the >€12.2bn 2025 target	— Net income ³	3,044	+6.1%
Net tangible book value per share at 30.09.25	— TBV ⁴	€91.2	

Financial structure very solid: CET1 ratio⁵ at 12.5% in 30.09.25

^{*} Consolidation of AXA IM as of 01.07.25. Restatement performed for better comparison of operational divisions' performance between 3Q24 and 3Q25



The Board of Directors of BNP Paribas met on 27 October 2025. The meeting was chaired by Jean Lemierre, and the Board examined the Group's results for the third quarter 2025.

Jean-Laurent Bonnafé, Chief Executive Officer, stated at the end of the meeting:

"The Group achieved good operating performance in all three of its divisions in the third quarter and displays a very solid financial structure, with a CET1 ratio of 12.5%, as well as organic capital generation of 30 bps. Our results are in line with our 2025 net income target of more than 12.2 billion euros and with our 2026 growth trajectory. The third quarter was highlighted by the integration of AXA IM, providing the Group with a lever of strategic transformation and enabling us to become a leader in asset management. I would like to thank all our teams for their continued commitment to serving our clients."

GROUP RESULTS AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2025

Group 3rd quarter 2025 results

Revenues

In the 3rd quarter 2025 (hereinafter: 3Q25), **Group net banking income (NBI)** stood at €12,569m, up by 5.3% compared to the 3rd quarter 2024¹ (hereinafter: 3Q24). Operating divisions NBI excluding AXA IM⁶ are up by 3.5% and 4.9% at constant exchange rates.

Corporate & Institutional Banking (CIB) revenues increased by +4.5% vs. 3Q24, turning in a record quarter reflecting the strength of our Originate & Distribute model. Global Banking revenues decreased (-2.6% vs. 3Q24, with risk-weighted assets down by 11.5% vs. 3Q24) but were resilient in a more challenging context than last year's, marked by tariff announcements, geopolitical uncertainties, a wait-and-see attitude of corporate clients, and the impact of the \$/€ depreciation. Global Markets achieved strong growth of +9.4% vs. 3Q24 despite an unfavourable exchange rate impact. Equity & Prime Services rose strongly, by +17.9% vs. 3Q24, driven by all three segments – derivatives, cash and prime services – while FICC achieved an increase of +3.7% vs. 3Q24, thanks to strong repo activity and a good performance in credit activities. Securities Services was up (+5.0%), driven by a high level of transactions.

Commercial, Personal Banking & Services (CPBS) revenues⁷ increased (+3.1% vs. 3Q24), driven by the good performance at Commercial & Personal Banking (+5.6% vs. 3Q24). At Commercial & Personal Banking in the Euro Zone, deposits (-0.7% vs. 3Q24) decreased, and loans (+0.6% vs. 3Q24) rose slightly. Revenues increased in the euro zone (+3.5%⁷ vs. 3Q24) and rose sharply (+14.1%⁷ vs. 3Q24) at Europe-Mediterranean.

At Specialised Businesses, Arval and Leasing Solutions revenues decreased (-10.5% vs. 3Q24) due to the base effect on used-car prices at Arval. Arval achieved some very good business performances, as seen in the strong rise in its organic revenues (+9.3% vs. 3Q24). Leasing Solutions revenues rose by 2.0% vs. 3Q24.

The 3rd quarter was highlighted by higher revenues at Personal Finance (+5.0% vs. 3Q24), driven by the ongoing improvement in the production margin. Revenues at New Digital Businesses and Personal Investors were stable (+0.2%⁷ vs. 3Q24) but up sharply at constant scope and exchange rates (+13.4%⁷ vs. 3Q24).





Investment & Protection Services (IPS) revenues increased by +27.5%, driven by the consolidation of AXA IM and organic growth at Insurance and Wealth Management. Beginning with this quarter, IPS consolidates AXA IM revenues, which this quarter came to €367m. Revenues at Insurance (+7.7% vs. 3Q24) and Wealth Management (+10.4% vs. 3Q24) rose, driven by good net inflows. Revenues also rose at Asset Management (excl. Real Estate and IPS Investments) (+6.0% vs. 3Q24), driven by inflows and the market performance effect. Overall, Asset Management revenues decreased (-8.6% vs. 3Q24), due to Real Estate activity that remains lacklustre and lower revaluations at IPS Investments this quarter.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses amounted to €7,610m in 3Q25 (+5.5% vs. 3Q24). Operating expenses excluding AXA IM⁶ are up by 1.5% and 2.8% at constant exchange rates.

They include the exceptional impact of restructuring and adaptation costs (€89m) and IT reinforcement costs (€65m) for a total of €154m.

CIB operating expenses increased (+1.1% vs. 3Q24) in support of growth at marginal cost. The jaws effect was positive at the division level (+3.4 points) and particularly high at Securities Services (+6.5 points).

CPBS⁷ operating expenses increased by 2.4%, and the jaws effect was very positive at Commercial & Personal Banking in the Euro Zone (+2.6 points), Personal Finance (+5.2 points), Arval & Leasing Solutions excl. used-car revenues (+0.8 point), and New Digital Businesses and Personal Investors (+3.7 points).

At **IPS**, operating expenses excl. AXA IM decreased (-0.5% vs. 3Q24), while continuing to support growth. The jaws effect was very positive at Insurance and Wealth Management.

Overall, the jaws effect was positive by 2.0 points in the operating divisions (excl. AXA IM).

Cost of risk

In 3Q25, Group cost of risk stood at €905m² (€729m in 3Q24), or 39 basis points of customer loans outstanding, in line with our 2024-2026 trajectory.

In 3Q25, net provisions on non-performing loans (stage 3) were contained at €1,064m (€946m in 3Q24). The Group made stage 1 and 2 releases of €159m. The stock of provisions amounted to €18.4bn, of which €4.0bn in stage 1 and 2 provisions. The stage 3 coverage rate stood at 66.6% for a ratio of non-performing loans of 1.7%.

Other net losses for risk on financial instruments stood at €14m in 3Q25 (€42m in 3Q24).

Operating income, pre-tax income and net income, Group share

Gross operating income amounted to €4,959m (+4.9% / 3Q24) and its operating income amounted to €4,040m, up by 2.1% vs. 3Q24.

Pre-tax income including the share of earnings of equity method entities came to €4,284m (+5.5% / 3Q24).



Net income, Group share came to €3,044m in 3Q25, up by 6.1% vs. 3Q24 (€2,868m) and the average corporate income tax rate stood at 26.5% in the 3rd guarter.

Group nine-month 2025 results

Revenues in the first nine months of 2025 came to €38,110m, up by 3.9% vs. the first nine months of 2024 (hereinafter: 9M24).

CIB revenues (€14,423m) rose by 7.1% vs. 9M24, driven by increased revenues at Global Markets (+11.0% vs. 9M24), Global Banking (+0.7% vs. 9M24) and Securities Services (+8.6% vs. 9M24).

CPBS⁷ revenues were up by 1.6% to €19,780m, with an increase at Commercial & Personal Banking (CPBF: +2.7% vs. 9M24; CPBB: +2.0% vs. 9M24; CPBL: +6.8% vs. 9M24). Europe-Mediterranean was up sharply (+18.6% vs. 9M24). Specialised Businesses saw a decrease in performance (-4.0% vs. 9M24), due to the normalisation of Arval used-car prices at the level of Arval and Leasing Solutions (-14.6% vs. 9M24).

IPS revenues amounted to €4,927m (+13.0% vs. 9M24), driven by the consolidation of AXA IM, and the good performances at Insurance (+6.7% vs. 9M24), Wealth Management (+9.1% vs. 9M24) and Asset Management (excl. Real Estate and IPS Investments) (+2.1% vs. 9M24). For the first time, AXA IM revenues (€367m) are consolidated within IPS.

Group operating expenses came to €23,099m, up by 3.5% vs. 9M24 (€22,326m). They include the exceptional impact of restructuring and adaptation costs (€173m) and IT reinforcement costs (€236m) for a total of €409m. At the division level, operating expenses increased by +4.3% at CIB and by +1.4% at CPBS⁷ (+1.6% in Commercial & Personal Banking and +1.0% in Specialised Businesses). They were up by 10.4% at IPS, with the 3Q25 consolidation of AXA IM.

At the Group level, the jaws effect was therefore positive (+0.4 point), and the cost-income ratio came to 60.6%.

Group gross operating income amounted to €15,011m in 9M25, up by 4.5% vs. 9M24 (€14,368m).

Group cost of risk² stood at €2,555m (€2,121m in 9M24). Other net losses for risk on financial instruments amounted to €129m and Group non-operating items to €754m in 9M25.

Group pre-tax income thus amounted to €13,081m, up by 1.8% vs. 9M24 (€12,845m). With an average corporate income tax rate of 27.1% in 9M25 (25.8% in 9M24), net income, Group share came to €9,253m (vs. €9,366m in 9M24).

As of 30 September 2025, return on non-revaluated tangible equity (ROTE) was 11.4%. This reflects the solid performances of the BNP Paribas Group, on the back of its diversified and integrated model.



Integration of AXA IM

This quarter was highlighted by the initial contribution of AXA IM to the Group's results.

This acquisition allows the Group to create a leader in asset management by positioning it as: (i) the third-largest European asset manager, with more than €1,600bn in assets under management; (ii) the European leader in managing long-term savings, with about €850bn in long-term assets; and (iii) the European leader in alternative assets, with about €300bn in assets under management.

It also positions us as the only European asset manager with a full and scaled-up offering across all asset classes, with distinctive growth levers such as:

- More than €1,600bn in AuM, balanced out by asset class and by distribution network;
- Strong capabilities in asset management for insurers, thanks to strategic partnerships with AXA and BNP Paribas Cardif; and
- A unique integrated Group model.

As for the financial side, pre-tax revenue and cost synergies are estimated at €550m by 2029. On that basis, we have raised our initial return on invested capital target to 18% in 2028 and 22% in 2029 (in comparison with initial targets of 14% in 2028 and 20% in 2029). Cost synergies will make it possible to deploy an industrial platform at scale. Cost synergies are estimated at €400m before taxes, including two thirds by 2027, and represent about 18% of the combined cost base. Revenue synergies leverage the Group's integrated model and will support the acceleration of the new platform's growth. They are estimated at €150m before taxes, of which 50% by 2027. Integration costs are estimated at €690m and annual amortisation on the partnership at €100m. The impact on the CET1 ratio is 35 basis points.

Overall, the integration of AXA IM is expected to contribute more than 50 basis points of RoTE to the Group by 2028.

AXA IM is a catalyst for the Group's long-term growth ambitions, based on: (i) insourcing capabilities and expertise; (ii) developing new partnerships with insurers and pension funds (beyond AXA and BNP Paribas Cardif); (iii) accelerating cross-selling; (iv) broadening our Originate & Distribute model; and (v) deploying distribution of alternative assets.



Financial structure as of 30 September 2025

The **Common Equity Tier 1 ratio**⁵ (hereinafter: CET1 ratio) stood at 12.5% as of 30 September 2025, far above SREP requirements (10.51%) and stable compared to 30 June 2025.

The quarter reflected the combined effects of: (i) organic generation of capital net of the change in risk-weighted assets in 3Q25 (+30 basis points); (ii) the distribution of 3Q25 earnings based on a 60% payout ratio (-20 basis points); (iii) AXA IM (-35 basis points); and (iv) model updates and others (+25 basis points).

The CET1 ratio is projected at 12.5% post-FRTB by 2027.

The leverage ratio⁸ stood at 4.3% as of 30 September 2025.

As of 30 September 2025, the **liquidity coverage ratio**⁹ (end-of-period) stood at 138%, **high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)** at €380bn, and the **immediately available liquidity reserve**¹⁰ at €481bn.

2024-2026 trajectory and Ambition 2028

Based on the positive momentum so far in 2025, we confirm the Group's 2026 trajectory. That momentum will help improve shareholder return.

- Revenues: compound average growth rate (CAGR) above 5% for 2024-2026
- Jaws effect: ~+1.5 points/year on average
- Cost of risk: below 40 bps in 2025 and 2026
- Net income: CAGR above 7% for 2024-2026
- Earnings per share: CAGR above 8% for 2024-2026
- **2025 RoTE**: 11.5%; **2026 RoTE**: 12%; **2028 RoTE**: 13%

Growth levers are in place on each platform, thanks to investments already made:

CIB is a strong value-creating platform. Its RONE has risen continuously since 2016 (13.3% in 2016; 23.9% in 2024).

At **CPBS**, the rebound is gradually gathering strength at Commercial & Personal Banking in the Euro Zone, driven by the interest-rate scenario. CPBS will also benefit from the impacts of the CPBF strategic plan and the extension of the Personal Finance strategic plan to 2028, with a projected +1% impact on Group RoTE by 2028, including +0.5% by 2026. In Specialised Businesses, Arval is maintaining its strong organic growth, and the significant used-car sale base effect is ending.

IPS continues to develop its integrated platform with fee-generating and capital-light businesses. Beyond that, the acceleration will be driven by implementation of external growth at AXA IM, Wealth Management, and BNP Paribas Cardif. AXA IM's trajectory is expected to have an impact on Group RoTE of 0.5% by 2028.



Sustainable Development

In the third quarter of 2025, the Group continued to support its clients' energy transition, decarbonization and biodiversity projects.

By way of illustration, BNP Paribas served as Green loan Coordinator on a \$270m green loan to Grenergy helping to finance the Elena project (\$1.5bn in all), one of the world's largest renewable-energy and battery-storage projects. The Group also served as Global and Sustainability Coordinator on a €1bn sustainability-linked loan and green loan to Ferrovie Nord Milano to finance the production of hydrogen as train fuel.

BNP Paribas's ongoing support for clients is visible in its year-to-date leading positions in sustainable finance rankings. The Group ranks first in the ranking of Global Green, Social and Sustainability Bonds by volume and second in Green, Social and Sustainability Loans¹¹ in EMEA by volume.



CORPORATE AND INSTITUTIONAL BANKING (CIB)

CIB 3rd quarter 2025 results

A record quarter, reflecting the strength of our Originate & Distribute model.

Net banking income (€4,458m) was up by 4.5% vs. 3Q24, driven by a good performance by Global Markets and Securities Services, and despite an environment that was more difficult than last year's for Global Banking.

Operating expenses, at €2,599m, increased by 1.1% vs. 3Q24 in support of growth at marginal cost. The jaws effect was positive (+3.4 points) and especially high at Securities Services (+6.5 pts).

Gross operating income amounted to €1,858m, up by 9.5% vs. 3Q24.

Cost of risk stood at €195m.

CIB generated **pre-tax income** of €1,666m, down by 0.4%.

CIB - Global Banking

Global Banking achieved a solid commercial performance and confirmed its EMEA leadership.

Revenues (€1,454m) decreased by 2.6% vs. 3Q24 in a more challenging context that last year's, with tariff announcements, geopolitical uncertainties, the "wait-and-see" attitude of Corporate clients and the impact of the dollar's depreciation vs. the euro. Revenues were stable at constant exchange rates. An increase in fees and financing revenues offset the interest-rate impact on Cash Management. Capital Markets made good progress. The quarter featured in particular significant progress in securitisations, with a #5 global ranking and a 6.8% market share. In Transaction Banking, commercial momentum was sustained. Advisory was stable vs. a high level in 3Q24.

Loans decreased (-7.2%¹² vs. 3Q24) and deposits (+1.7%¹² vs. 3Q24) increased.

Global Banking confirmed its EMEA leadership in the first nine months of 2025 with the following rankings in particular¹³: (i) #1 in all debt segments (DCM, investment grade loans, eurodenominated debt and securitisation; and (ii) #2 in high yield bonds; and (iii) #3 in EMEA ECM.



CIB - Global Markets

Global Markets achieved an excellent quarter driven by a strong Equity & Prime Services performance.

At €2,228m, Global Markets revenues rose by 9.4% vs. 3Q24 despite an unfavourable forex impact. Operating expenses were contained (+3.1%), in line with business investments and performance. The jaws effect was very positive this quarter (+6.3 points).

Revenues at Equity & Prime Services amounted to €971m, up by 17.9% vs. 3Q24. All business lines and regions delivered a strong performance in 3Q25. The quarter was driven by robust activity in Derivatives across all regions, very strong growth in Prime Brokerage, and an increase in Cash Equity execution, particularly in the US.

At €1,257m, FICC revenues increased by 3.7% vs. 3Q24, driven by repo activity, particularly in the Americas, and a good performance in credit activities.

Cost of risk rose at Global Markets in relation to a specific credit situation this guarter.

Average 99% 1-day interval VaR, a measure of market risks, stood at €34m. It remained low, and stable vs. 2Q25.

CIB - Securities Services

The 3rd quarter was marked by a solid performance in a context of falling interest rates and dollar depreciation.

At €775m, Securities Services achieved strong growth in revenues (+5.0% vs. 3Q24), driven by strong business momentum and a high level of transactions, partially offset by a slowdown in net interest revenues in a context of falling interest rates and the dollar's depreciation to the euro.

Operating expenses decreased to €543m, reflecting exchange rates and cost savings. The cost-income ratio continued to improve.

New mandates were signed this quarter in each segment and geography (e.g., UniCredit Group and Allianz UK). At the cutting-edge of technologies, Securities Services served as custodian bank and fund administrator for the launch of the first tokenised fund with real-time settlement-delivery for Azvalor (Spain), in collaboration with Allfunds Blockchain.

CIB nine-month 2025 results

In the first nine months of 2025, CIB's revenues amounted to €14,423m, up by 7.1%, and its **operating expenses** to €8,133m, up by 4.3% vs. 9M24.

CIB's gross operating income came to €6,290m, up by 11.1% vs. 9M24, and its cost of risk stood at €371m.

On this basis, CIB's **pre-tax income** amounted to €5,934m, up by 1.6% compared to 9M24 with risk-weighted assets that were down by 7.3% at the end of the period.



COMMERCIAL, PERSONAL BANKING & SERVICES (CPBS)

CPBS 3rd quarter 2025 results

The 3rd quarter was highlighted by a good overall performance and an increase in pre-tax income.

Net banking income⁷, at €6,621m, was up by 3.1% vs. 3Q24.

Commercial & Personal Banking revenues⁷ at €4,296m, increased (+5.6% vs. 3Q24), with further growth in net interest revenues (+6.6% vs. 3Q24). Commercial & Personal Banking achieved good performances in fees globally in the networks (+3.7% vs. 3Q24). Assets under management rose in Private Banking (+3.5% vs. 3Q24) and Hello bank! continued to expand, reaching 3.8 million customers (+4.0% vs. 3Q24). CPBS continued to develop digital use cases at a sustained pace (17.3 million active customers 14 per month, up by 10.4% vs. 3Q24).

Specialised Businesses revenues amounted to €2,326m (-1.2% vs. 3Q24). Arval's organic revenues (financial and service margin) rose steeply (+9.3% vs. 3Q24). The significant base effect linked to used-car price in 3Q25 is ending. Revenues rose at Leasing Solutions. At Personal Finance, revenues increased faster than outstanding loans (+5.0% and +2.7% respectively vs 3Q24), driven by an ongoing improvement in the production margin. Revenues at New Digital Businesses and Personal Investors rose by +13.3% vs. 3Q24 at constant scope and exchange rates, with confirmation of the 2025 revenue target of more than €1bn.

Operating expenses⁷ increased (+2.4% vs. 3Q24). The jaws effect was very positive at Commercial & Personal Banking in the Euro Zone (+2.6 points). At Specialised Businesses, the jaws effect was positive at Personal Finance (+5.2 points), Arval & Leasing Solutions (+0.8 point, excl. used-car revenues), and New Digital Businesses and Personal Investors (+3.7 points).

Gross operating income⁷ amounted to €2,761m (+4.1% vs. 3Q24) and cost of risk and autres⁷ to €718m (€737m in 3Q24), down by 2.6% vs. 3Q24.

As a result, CPBS generated **pre-tax income**⁷ of €2,176m (+8.1% vs. 3Q24) with a slight decrease in risk-weighted assets.



CPBS - Commercial & Personal Banking in France (CPBF)

In the 3rd quarter, CPBF achieved a strong increase in pre-tax income and confirmed its Deep Dive trajectory (26 June 2025).

Deposits decreased by 2.3% vs. 3Q24 but were stable vs. 2Q25. Sight deposits rose (+0.9% vs. 3Q24), and deposits mix improved slightly with a marked decline in term deposits (-20.5% vs. 3Q24). Loans outstanding decreased by 0.6% vs. 3Q24 (+0.7% excl. state-guaranteed loans). Mortgage loans were stable. Regarding off-balance sheet savings, net inflows into life insurance amounted to €2.6bn as of 30.09.2025, far higher than in 2024 (+29.4% vs. 30.09.2024). Investment mandates had very strong growth this quarter. Assets under management in Private Banking amounted to €142bn as of 30.09.2025 (+1.5% vs. 3Q24) with an increase in net inflows from Corporate clients.

Net banking income¹⁵ stood at €1,704m, up by 3.9% vs. 3Q24. In net interest revenues¹⁵, margins improved on non-interest-bearing sight deposits, offset partly by lower margins on mortgage loans and a more moderate trend in the Corporate client segment. Fees¹⁵ rose strongly, driven by strength in Individual customers and entrepreneurs and Private Banking.

At €1,143m, operating expenses¹⁵ were under control (+0.8% vs. 3Q24), rising less than inflation. The jaws effect was very positive (+3.1 points).

Gross operating income¹⁵ came to €561m (+10.9% vs. 2Q24).

Cost of risk¹⁵ decreased to €85m (€122m in 3Q24), or 15 basis points of customer loans outstanding.

As a result, after allocating one third of Private Banking's net income to Wealth Management (IPS division), CPBF's pre-tax income¹⁶ rose sharply, by €426m (+26.3% vs. 3Q24).

CPBS – BNL Banca Commerciale (BNL bc)

The 3rd quarter at BNL bc was highlighted by an ongoing improvement in its operating income.

Deposits increased (+0.3% vs. 3Q24) in particular with Corporates and Private Banking, partly offset by the decrease with Individuals. The mix improved, with an increase in sight deposits (+2.7% vs. 3Q24) and a decrease in term deposits (-8.3% vs. 3Q24). Loans outstanding increased (+0.8% vs. 3Q24). The quarter was highlighted by resiliency in Corporate loans, partially offset by the decrease in mortgage loans, in accordance with a selective approach to granting loans. Off-balance-sheet customer assets¹⁷ rose by 5.6% vs. 30.09.2024, driven by Private Banking clients (in all products), as well as mutual funds and securities portfolios. Net inflows in Private Banking amounted to €0.8bn in 3Q25 (+€2.8bn in 9M25).

At €686m, net banking income¹⁵ was up by 0.3% vs. 3Q24. Net interest revenues decreased moderately due to the interest-rate environment and strong competition for Corporate deposits and mortgage loans. Financial fees¹⁵ were up sharply.

At €411m, operating expenses¹⁵ decreased (-1.6% vs. 3Q24), in connection with structural savings measures. The jaws effect was positive (+1.9 points).

Gross operating income¹⁵ amounted to €274m (+3.2% vs. 3Q24).



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At €57m, cost of risk¹⁵ was lower and stood at 31 basis points of customer loans outstanding, confirming the ongoing improvement in the risk profile.

As a result, after allocating one third of Private Banking's net income to Wealth Management (IPS division), BNL bc generated pre-tax income¹⁶ of €309m, up sharply (+45.0% vs. 3Q24, excluding the impact of a revaluation of equity investments), driven by the increase in operating income.

CPBS - Commercial & Personal Banking in Belgium (CPBB)

At CPBB, net interest revenues continued to recover. The jaws effect was very positive. The quarter was also marked by active balance sheet management.

Loans outstanding rose by 2.2% vs. 3Q24, with an increase in mortgage loans and corporate loans. The stock of deposits increased by 0.4% vs. 3Q24, with a favourable mix effect: a shift from term deposits to savings accounts, sight deposits and off-balance-sheet savings. Off-balance sheet savings rose by 6.3% vs. 30.09.2024, driven by the increase in mutual funds and structured bonds. Assets under management in Private Banking amounted to €85.9bn as of 30.09.2025 (+3.9% vs. 3Q24). CPBB managed its balance sheet actively while continuing its securitisation and credit insurance programme, with a total of €2.3bn in risk-weighted assets in the first nine months of 2025.

Net banking income¹⁵ amounted to €986m, up by 6.0% vs. 3Q24. Net interest revenues increased, driven by the strong increase in the margin on deposits, due, in turn, to a favourable mix, partially offset by pressure on mortgage loan margins. Fees increased, driven by financial fees, consumer lending and insurance products.

At €588m, operating expenses¹⁵ rose in contained fashion, thanks to the decrease in staff numbers, due, in turn, to synergies with Bpost bank. The jaws effect was positive by 3.6 points.

Gross operating income¹⁵ amounted to €398m.

Cost of risk¹⁵ was low at 6 basis points of outstanding customer loans. As a reminder, 3Q24 was marked by a net release.

As a result, after allocating one third of Private Banking's net income to Wealth Management (IPS division), CPBB generated a pre-tax income¹⁶ of €351m, up by 0.3% vs. 3Q24 excluding the negative base effect in connection with the capital gain on an asset divestment in 3Q24.



CPBS - Commercial & Personal Banking in Luxembourg (CPBL)

In the 3rd quarter, CPBL achieved very strong revenue growth driven by the increase in deposits.

Net banking income¹⁵ amounted to €174m (+11.0% vs. 3Q24). Net interest revenues¹⁵ were up sharply, thanks to sustained deposit margin levels in all segments and the increase in volumes. Fees decreased this guarter due to a non-recurring impact.

At €79m, operating expenses¹⁵ increased by 6.7%, due to inflation and specific projects. The jaws effect was positive (+4.2 points).

At €95m, gross operating income¹⁵ increased (+14.8% vs. 3Q24). Cost of risk stood at 28 basis points of outstanding customer loans.

As a result, after allocating one third of Private Banking's net income to Wealth Management (IPS division), CPBL's pre-tax income ¹⁶ was up very sharply to €94m (+19.3% vs. 3Q24).

CPBS - Europe-Mediterranean

Very dynamic business drive continued into the 3rd quarter.

Deposits increased (+5.3% vs. 3Q24), particularly in Türkiye and Poland. Outstanding loans increased (+6.8% vs. 3Q24), especially in Türkiye and Poland, notably with a return to a robust production level of loans to Individual customers.

At €938m, net banking income¹⁵ was up by 13.1% vs. 3Q24 and by 10.5% vs. 3Q24 excluding the effect of the hyperinflation accounting standard in Türkiye. This strong growth was driven by an improvement in margins in Türkiye amidst a gradual normalisation of the environment and good fee momentum in Türkiye and Poland.

At €538m, operating expenses¹⁵ rose by 12.2% vs. 3Q24 and by 10.1% vs. 3Q24 excluding the effect of the hyperinflation accounting standard in Türkiye. This increase was driven by high inflation. The jaws effect was positive (+0.8 point).

Gross operating income¹⁵ amounted to €400m.

Cost of risk¹⁵ amounted to 77 basis points of outstanding customer loans, which are normalising from a low 3Q24 base. Cost of risk was higher in Türkiye for Individual customers in the current interest-rate and inflation context. Other net losses for risk on financial instruments reflect the impact of other provisions in Poland in the amount of about €15m.

As a result, after allocating one third of Private Banking's net income to Wealth Management (IPS division), Europe-Mediterranean generated pre-tax income¹⁶ of €353m, up by +22.6% vs. 3Q24 excluding the effect of the hyperinflation accounting standard in Türkiye.



CPBS - Specialised Businesses - Personal Finance

The 3rd quarter was highlighted by an increase in volumes and production margin. The jaws effect was very positive, and pre-tax income rose sharply.

Outstandings increased ($\pm 2.7\%$ vs. 3Q24) with an improvement in the production margin. Mobility developed further (production up by 5% vs. 3Q24) with partnerships signed since the start of this year. B-to-C consumer credit achieved very good momentum (production up by 9% vs. 3Q24), thanks to the very positive impact of the roll-out of the retail partnership with Apple in France. Personal Finance managed its balance sheet actively, including two SRT securitisation transactions amounting to ± 1.6 bn led to a ± 0.8 bn decrease in risk-weighted assets on the quarter.

On this basis, net banking income came to €1,290m, up by 5.0% vs. 3Q24, driven by the combined effect of increased volumes and the ongoing improvement in the production margin.

Operating expenses amounted to €621m, in connection with the impact of operating efficiency measures. The jaws effect was very positive (+5.2 points).

Gross operating income rose by 10.3% to €669m.

Cost of risk amounted to €374m, up by 1.0% vs. 3Q24, but this slight increase does not jeopardise the continued structural improvement in the risk profile. In 3Q25, cost of risk stood at 138 basis points of outstanding customer loans.

The pre-tax income thus came to €299m, up by 22.2% vs. 3Q24.

CPBS - Specialised Businesses - Arval & Leasing Solutions

Arval's 3rd quarter featured: (i) a strong organic increase in revenues; and (ii) a last significant base-effect linked to used-car price in 3Q25. Revenues rose this quarter at Leasing Solutions.

Arval had a sustained level of activity, as seen in the continued growth of the financed fleet (+5.1% 18 vs. 3Q24) and in outstandings (+9.4% vs. 3Q24). Strong growth was achieved in long-term leasing to Individual customers (+11.1% vs. 3Q24, about 12% of the vehicle fleet), thanks to successful new partnerships.

Leasing Solutions outstandings decreased slightly (-0.9% vs. 3Q24), and its margins improved. This quarter featured good growth in the Technology segment (+17.5% vs. 3Q24) and the signing of a new partnership with EPSON.

Combined net banking income of Arval and Leasing Solutions decreased by 10.5% to €771m. It continued to be hit by base effect on used-car revenues at Arval which is reducing (reminder of used-car revenue contributions: €263m in 1Q24, €265m in 2Q24, €147min 3Q24, €52m in 4Q24, €28m in 1Q25, €13m in 2Q25, and €9m in 3Q25). 3Q25 is impacted by the last significant base-effect linked to used-car price. This was nonetheless partly offset by Arval's strong +9.3% organic increase in revenues (financial margin and margin on services), driven by fleet expansion.

Operating expenses rose by 5.9% to €403m, in connection with inflation and business development. The jaws effect was positive excluding the impact of used-car revenues (+0.8 point). The pre-tax income of Arval and Leasing Solutions amounted to €291m (-34.5% vs. 3Q24).



CPBS - Specialised Businesses - New Digital Businesses and Personal Investors

New Digital Businesses and Personal Investors confirm their 2025 target of revenues greater than €1bn.

Nickel achieved a robust increase in deposits (+12.3% vs. 3Q24), driven by an increase in subscription numbers (+14.6% vs. 3Q24) both in France and internationally.

Floa, among the French leaders in "buy now, pay later", achieved fast growth in production of FLOA Pay internationally (+66% vs. 3Q24), and Floa's total revenues rose.

Lastly, BNP Paribas Personal Investors, digital bank and banking services in Germany, achieved good business drive with an increase in transactions (+9.8% vs. 3Q24). Deposits and customer acquisition are holding at a good level in a highly competitive environment.

On this base, net banking income¹⁵, at €269m, rose strongly by 13.3% vs. 3Q24 at constant scope and exchange rates, with an increase in customer numbers and a good level of business.

Operating expenses¹⁵ amounted to €174m (+8.8% vs. 3Q24 at constant scope and exchange rates), in connection with business development. The jaws effect was very positive (+4.5 points at constant scope and exchange rates).

Gross operating income¹⁵ amounted to €95m, and cost of risk¹⁵ stood at €30m (€27m in 3Q24).

As a result, after allocating one third of Private Banking in Germany's net income to Wealth Management (IPS division), pre-tax income¹⁶ at New Digital Businesses and Personal Investors came to €62m (+27.9% at constant scope and exchange rates).

CPBS nine-month 2025 results

In the first nine months of 2025, **NBI**⁷ amounted to €19,780m, up by 1.6% compared to 9M24.

Operating expenses⁷ rose by 1.4% compared to 9M24, to €12,084m.

Gross operating income⁷ amounted to €7,696m, up by 1.8% vs. 9M24.

Cost of risk⁷ and others amounted to €2,274m, down by 2.3% vs. 9M24 (€2,328m in 9M24).

Pre-tax income ¹⁶ amounted to €5,655m, up by 5.5% vs. 9M24.



INVESTMENT & PROTECTION SERVICES (IPS)

IPS 3rd quarter 2025 results

This quarter featured the consolidation of AXA IM and strong organic business levels, which drove earnings growth.

As of 30 September 2025, global **assets under management**¹⁹ hit the record level of €2,392bn (+74% vs. 31.12.2024; +10.4% vs. 31.12.2024 excluding AXA IM). AuM increase was driven in the quarter by the combined effects: (i) of the 1 July 2025 consolidation of AXA IM (+€867.5bn); (ii) strong net inflows (+€60.5bn), (iii) the market performance effect (+€49.3bn); (iv) a negative exchange-rate impact on AuM (-€37.0bn); and (v) other impacts, including the extension of the partnership between BNP Paribas Asset Management and BNP Paribas Cardif for management of its general funds (+€74.4bn). As of 30 September 2025, AuM broke down as follows: €739bn at Asset Management and Real Estate²⁰, €484bn at Wealth Management, €297bn at Insurance and €872bn at AXA IM.

Insurance achieved a robust increase in net inflows in Savings with a significant percentage into unit-linked contracts. The quarter was marked by strong momentum in the partnership with BCC Banca ICCREA in Italy.

Asset Management achieved very strong net inflows (€12.1bn in 3Q25). Fees rose, thanks also to the market performance effect. The partnership between BNP Paribas Asset Management and BNP Paribas Cardif for managing its general funds was broadened. Real Estate adjusted its activity and organisational set-up in connection with the upcoming integration of BNP Paribas REIM businesses in the combined asset management platform. IPS Investments had a negative base effect with lower revaluations this quarter.

Wealth Management had strong net inflows totalling €4.2bn in 3Q25, particularly internationally and in Commercial & Personal Banking. The quarter featured the closing of the acquisition of HSBC Wealth Management in Germany on 6 October 2025.

Lastly, **AXA IM**, which has been consolidated since 1 July 2025, provided further momentum in launching alternative funds.

Overall, **revenues** amounted to €1,899m (+27.5% vs. 3Q24), up +2.9% vs.3Q24 excluding AXA IM, driven by Insurance (+7.7%) and Wealth Management (+10.4%). They include €367m in AXA IM revenues in 3Q25.

Operating expenses came to €1,138m (+29.2% vs. 3Q24), but decreased by 0.5% to €876m when excluding AXA IM.

Gross operating income amounted to €761m (+25.1% vs. 3Q24).

At €816m, **pre-tax income** rose very sharply, by +26.2% vs. 3Q24.



IPS - Insurance

The 3rd quarter 2025 featured strong growth in gross inflows and pre-tax income.

Driven by Savings, net inflows were up sharply vs 3Q24, in all geographies, with a rebound in Italy, thanks notably to the partnership with BCC Banca Iccrea. France saw a strong increase in the percentage of unit-linked contracts in its inflows. Gross inflows decreased in Protection, due to a phasing effect, with stable activity in CPI.

A new partnership was signed in Protection with Stellantis Financial Services to offer insurance and services (warranty extensions and maintenance) to used-car dealerships and buyers.

Overall, revenues increased by 7.7% to €615m, driven by the consolidation of recent acquisitions (BCC Vita and Neuflize Vie), the good performance at Protection internationally and solid financial results.

Operating expenses, at €208m, decreased while supporting business growth with targeted investments leading to a strongly positive jaws effect.

At €460m, Insurance's pre-tax income rose strongly by +12.6% vs. 3Q24.

IPS – Wealth and Asset Management²¹

The 3rd quarter featured robust inflows and strong operating activity.

Wealth Management achieved good net inflows (€4.2bn in 3Q25) internationally and in Commercial & Personal Banking.

Asset Management received very strong inflows (€12.1bn in 3Q25) driven by both money-market funds and medium- and long-term vehicles, as well as the strengthening of the partnership between BNP Paribas Asset Management and BNP Paribas Cardif for managing its general funds. Real Estate, an activity that remains lacklustre, is making adjustments in activity and organisational set-up in connection with the upcoming integration of BNP Paribas REIM businesses in the combined asset management platform.

At €917m, revenues decreased slightly, by 0.1% vs. 3Q24. They were driven by the strong increases in revenues at: (i) Wealth Management (+10.4%) with solid financial and transaction fees and deposits revenues; and (ii) Asset Management²² (+6.0%), driven by inflows and the market performance effect, (iii) offset by a negative base effect with lower revaluations this quarter at IPS Investments and a real estate activity that remains lacklustre.

Operating expenses decreased to €668m (-0.6% vs. 3Q24), with good cost control. The jaws effect was positive. Pre-tax income at Wealth and Asset Management rose to €247m, up by 3.5% vs. 3Q24, driven by the strong growth at Wealth Management (+25.7%) and Asset Management²² (+33.0%).



IPS - AXA IM

This quarter featured AXA IM's first contribution to Group results. At €367m, revenues include the -€19.5m amortisation of pre-paid expenses this quarter relating to the partnership. Revenues were driven by management fees.

Operating expenses (€262m) this quarter were structurally below those of the 4th quarter. Restructuring costs relating to the acquisition are recognised under Corporate Centre in the amount of €64m this quarter.

IPS nine-month 2025 results

Nine-month 2025 revenues came to €4,927m, up by 13.0% vs. 9M24.

Operating expenses stood at €2,918m, up by 10.4% vs. 9M24.

Gross operating income amounted to €2,009m, up by 17.1% vs. 9M24.

Pre-tax income came to €2,338m, up by 27.4% vs. 9M24.

CORPORATE CENTRE

3Q25 restatements related to insurance activities

Net banking income was restated by €274m (€262m in 3Q24) and operating expenses by €288m (€272m in 3Q24). On this basis, pre-tax income amounted to €14m (€10m in 3Q24).

Corporate Centre results (excluding restatements related to insurance) in 3Q25

Net banking income amounted to -€135m in 3Q25 (24m€ in 3Q24). This reflected the revaluation of proprietary credit risk included in derivatives (DVA) of -€56m (+€52m in 3Q24).

Operating expenses amounted to €302m (€264m in 3Q24) and include the impact of €89m in restructuring and adaptation costs (€64m in 3Q24) and €65m in IT reinforcement costs (€81m in 3Q24).

Cost of risk stood at €9m (€6m in 3Q24).

Pre-tax income of Corporate Centre excluding restatements related to insurance therefore came to -€389m.



- Restated quarterly series published on 28 March 2025 to reflect, among other things: (i) the transposition into European Union law of the finalisation of Basel 3 (Basel 4) by Regulation (EU) 2024/1623 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 May 2024 amending Regulation (EU) No 575/2013; (ii) the change in the allocation of normalised equity from 11% to 12% of risk-weighted assets; and (iii) the reclassification of income and business data from the non-strategic perimeter of Personal Finance to Corporate Centre
- Cost of risk does not include "Other net losses for risk on financial instruments"
- Net Income, Group share
- ⁴ Tangible net book value, revaluated at end of period, in €
- Transition to phased-in ratios and RWA starting from 2Q25, in order to align with the calculation of the regulatory requirement (MDA calculation), take into account the Group's 2030 horizon, and to reflect the standards used by the market. Phased-in CET1 calculated on the basis of €779bn in risk-weighted assets as of 30.09.2025; including transitional arrangements as defined in Art.465, 468 and 495 of CRR
- ⁶ Consolidation of AXA IM as of 01.07.25. Restatement performed for better comparison of operational divisions' performance between 3Q24 and 3Q25
- Including 2/3 of Private Banking
- 8 Calculated in accordance with Regulation (EU) 575/2013, Art 429
- 9 Calculated in accordance with Regulation (CRR) 575/2013, Art. 451b
- Liquid market assets or eligible assets in central banks (counterbalancing capacity), taking prudential standards into account, notably US standards, minus intra-day payment system needs
- Sustainable finance rankings for the first nine months of 2025: GSS bonds (green, social, sustainable and sustainability-linked; GSS loans (green, social and sustainability-linked). Source: Dealogic
- Average outstandings, at historical rates. A change of methodology occurred in 4Q24 whereby the total GB assets and liabilities now reported only include Loans and Deposits whereas securities and other assets/liabilities were previously included. Excluding this change the historical growth rate would be 2.8% for loans and 2.5% for deposits.
- 13 Dealogic:
 - IB, DCM, Corporate IG and DCM Euro in EMEA in 9M25, rankings by fees
 - Securitisation, syndicated loans in EMEA in 9M25, rankings by volumes
- Monthly average customers active on our mobile apps
- 15 Including 100% of Private Banking (excluding PEL/CEL effects in France)
- ¹⁶ Including 2/3 of Private Banking (excluding PEL/CEL effects in France)
- ¹⁷ Life insurance, mutual funds and securities accounts
- ¹⁸ End-of-period increase in fleet
- 19 Including distributed assets
- Real Estate assets under management: €23.3bn. AuM of IPS Investments integrated into Asset Management after the Private Assets franchise was set up
- ²¹ Asset Management, Wealth Management, Real Estate and IPS Investments
- ²² Excluding Real Estate, IPS Investments and AXA IM



CONSOLIDATED PROFIT & LOSS STATEMENT – GROUP

€m	9M25	9M25 excl. AXA IM	9M24	Var. / 9M24	3Q25	3Q24	Var. / 3Q24
Revenues (NBI)	38,110	37,766	36,694	+3.9%	12,569	11,941	+5.3%
Operating Expenses and Dep.	-23,099	-22,752	-22,326	+3.5%	-7,610	-7,213	+5.5%
Gross Operating Income	15,011	15,013	14,368	+4.5%	4,959	4,728	+4.9%
Cost of Risk	-2,555	-2,555	-2,121	+20.5%	-905	-729	+24.1%
Other net losses for risk on financial instruments ¹	-129	-129	-138	-6.5%	-14	-42	-66.7%
Operating Income	12,327	12,329	12,109	+1.8%	4,040	3,957	+2.1%
Share of Earnings of Equity- Method Entities	641	637	609	+5.3%	221	224	-1.4%
Other Non-Operating Items	113	113	127	-11.0%	23	-121	n.s.
Pre-Tax Income	13,081	13,079	12,845	+1.8%	4,284	4,060	+5.5%
Corporate Income Tax	- 3,364		- 3,103	+8.4%	-1,076	-1,051	+2.4%
Net Income Attributable to Minority Interests	-464		-376	+23.4%	-164	-141	+16.3%
Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders	9,253		9,366	-1.2%	3,044	2,868	+6.1%
Cost/income	60.6%	60.2%	60.8%	-0.2 pt	60.5%	60.4%	+0.1 pt

^{1.} Charges related to the risk of invalidation or non-enforceability of financial instruments granted



RESULTS BY BUSINESS LINES FOR THE 3RD QUARTER 2025

		Commercial, Personal Banking & Services (2/3 of Private Banking)	Investment & Protection Services	CIB	Operating Divisions	Corporate Center	Group
€m							
Revenues		6,621	1,899	4,458	12,978	-409	12,569
	% Change3Q24	+3.1%	+27.5%	+4.5%	+6.6%	+71.8%	+5.3%
	%Change2Q25	-0.1%	+24.0%	-4.8%	+1.1%	+57.9%	-0.1%
Operating Expenses and Dep.		-3,860	-1,138	-2,599	-7,597	-13	-7,610
	% Change3Q24	+2.4%	+29.2%	+1.1%	+5.2%	n.s.	+5.5%
	%Change2Q25	+0.6%	+30.3%	+1.1%	+4.4%	n.s.	+5.2%
Gross Operating Income		2,761	761	1,858	5,381	-422	4,959
	% Change3Q24	+4.1%	+25.1%	+9.5%	+8.5%	+83.6%	+4.9%
	%Change2Q25	-1.1%	+15.6%	-11.9%	-3.2%	+99.8%	-7.3%
Cost of Risk		-718	2	-195	-910	-9	-919
	%Change3Q24	-2.6%	n.s.	n.s.	+19.1%	+26.6%	+19.2%
	%Change2Q25	-14.9%	n.s.	+74.7%	-5.4%	-59.8%	-6.6%
Operating Income		2,043	764	1,664	4,471	-431	4,040
	%Change3Q24	+6.7%	+25.4%	-0.3%	+6.6%	+82.0%	+2.1%
	%Change2Q25	+4.9%	+17.3%	-16.8%	-2.8%	+85.2%	-7.4%
Share of Eamings of Equity-Method E	Intities	100	63	2	166	55	22
Other Non Operating Items		33	-10	0	22	1	23
Pre-Tax Income		2,176	816	1,666	4,658	-374	4,284
	%Change3Q24	+8.1%	+26.2%	-0.4%	+7.5%	+37.3%	+5.5%
	%Change2Q25	+9.1%	+6.9%	-16.9%	-2.2%	+82.1%	-6.0%

		Commercial, Personal Banking & Services (2/3 of Private Banking)	Investment & Protection Services	CIB	Operating Divisions	Corporate Center	Group
<u>€m</u>		6.621	4.000	4.450	40.070	-409	42.500
Revenues	2004	.,.	1,899	4,458	12,978		12,569
	3Q24	6,423	1,489	4,267	12,179	-238	11,941
0	2Q25	6,627	1,531	4,682	12,840	-259	12,581
Operating Expenses and Dep.		-3,860	-1,138	-2,599	-7,597	-13	-7,610
	3Q24	-3,770	-881	-2,571	-7,221	8	-7,213
	2Q25	-3,835	-873	-2,571	-7,280	48	-7,232
Gross Operating Income		2,761	761	1,858	5,381	-422	4,959
	3Q24	2,653	609	1,697	4,958	-230	4,728
	2Q25	2,792	658	2,110	5,560	-211	5,349
Cost of Risk		-718	2	-195	-910	-9	-919
	3Q24	-737	0	-27	-764	-7	-771
	2Q25	-844	-7	-111	-963	-21	-984
Operating Income		2,043	764	1,664	4,471	-431	4,040
	3Q24	1,915	609	1,669	4,194	-237	3,957
	2Q25	1,947	651	1,999	4,598	-232	4,365
Share of Earnings of Equity-Method Entities		100	63	2	166	55	221
	3Q24	164	42	6	212	12	224
	2Q25	113	117	5	234	22	256
Other Non Operating Items		33	-10	0	22	1	23
	3Q24	-66	-4	-3	-73	-48	-121
	2Q25	-65	-4	0	-69	5	-64
Pre-Tax Income		2,176	816	1,666	4,658	-374	4,284
	3Q24	2,014	647	1,672	4,333	-273	4,060
	2Q25	1,996	764	2,004	4,763	-206	4,557
Corporate Income Tax							-1,076
Net Income Attributable to Minority Interests							-164
Net Income from discontinued activities							0
Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders							3,044



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RESULTS BY BUSINESS LINES FOR THE FIRST 9 MONTHS 2025

		Commercial, Personal Banking & Services (2/3 of Private Banking)	Investment & Protection Services	CIB	Operating Divisions	Corporate Center	Group
€m							
Revenues		19,780	4,927	14,423	39,129	-1,019	38,110
%	Change9M 24	+1.6%	+13.0%	+7.1%	+4.9%	+69.6%	+3.9%
Operating Expenses and Dep.		-12,084	-2,918	-8,133	-23,134	35	-23,099
%	Change9M 24	+1.4%	+10.4%	+4.3%	+3.5%	+11.9%	+3.5%
Gross Operating Income		7,696	2,009	6,290	15,995	-984	15,011
%	Change9M 24	+1.8%	+17.1%	+11.1%	+7.1%	+72.8%	+4.5%
Cost of Risk		-2,274	-3	-371	-2,648	-36	-2,684
%	Change9M 24	-2.3%	+45.5%	n.s.	+22.8%	-64.6%	+18.8%
Operating Income		5,422	2,006	5,919	13,347	-1,020	12,327
%	Change9M 24	+3.6%	+17.1%	+1.4%	+4.4%	+51.9%	+1.8%
Share of Earnings of Equity-Method Entities		343	184	13	540	101	641
Other Non Operating Items		-110	147	3	39	74	113
Pre-Tax Income		5,655	2,338	5,934	13,927	-846	13,081
%	Change9M 24	+5.5%	+27.4%	+1.6%	+6.8%	n.s.	+1.8%
Corporate Income Tax							-3,364
Net Income Attributable to Minority Interests							-464
Net Income from discontinued activities							0
Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders							9,253



BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2025

	30/09/2025	31/12/2024
n millions of euros		
ASSETS		
Cash and balances at central banks	196,268	182,49
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	000.057	007.05
Securities	326,857	
Loans and repurchase agreements	289,426	
Derivative financial Instruments	270,806	
Derivatives used for hedging purposes	18,477	20,85
Financial assets at fair value through equity	20.000	74.40
Debt securities	80,622	
Equity securities	1,437	1,61
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Loans and advances to credit institutions	47,242	
Loans and advances to customers	892,642	
Debt securities	154,415	
Remeasurement adjustment on interest-rate risk hedged portfolios	(1,755)	,
Investments and other assets related to insurance activities	301,852	
Current and deferred tax assets	5,530	6,21
Accrued income and other assets	169,600	174,14
Equity-method investments	7,252	,
Property, plant and equipment and investment property	52,401	50,31
Intangible assets	4,492	4,39
Goodwill	7,010	5,55
TOTAL ASSETS	2,824,574	2,704,90
LIABILITIES		
Deposits from central banks	3,424	3,36
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		
Securities	107,410	79,95
Deposits and repurchase agreements	378,625	
Issued debt securities and subordinated debt	123,149	
Derivative financial instruments	254,624	
Derivatives used for hedging purposes	28,388	
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Deposits from credit institutions	118,574	66,87
Deposits from customers	1,027,703	
Debt securities	193,400	
Subordinated debt	33,610	
Remeasurement adjustment on interest-rate risk hedged portfolios	(9,545)	
Current and deferred tax liabilities	3,543	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	141,977	
Liabilities related to insurance contracts	258,590	
Financial liabilities related to insurance activities	21,903	
Provisions for contingencies and charges	9,202	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,694,577	2,570,76
TALLEY.		
EQUITY Share capital, additional paid-in capital and retained earnings	119,279	118.95
		·
Net income for the period attributable to shareholders	9,253	11,68
Total capital, retained earnings and net income for the period attributable to shareholders	128,532	130,64
Changes in assets and liabilities recognised directly in equity	(4,687)	(2,50
Shareholders' equity	123,845	128,1
Minority interests	6,152	6,0
TOTAL EQUITY	129,997	134,1
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	2,824,574	2,704,9



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ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS ARTICLE 223-1 OF THE AMF GENERAL REGULATIONS

Alternative performance measures	Definition	Reason for use
Insurance P&L aggregates (Revenues, Operating expenses, Gross operating income, Operating income, Pre-tax income)	Insurance P&L aggregates (Revenues, Gross operating income, Operating income, Pre-tax income) excluding the volatility generated by the fair value accounting of certain assets through profit and loss (IFRS 9) transferred to Corporate Center; Gains or losses realised in the event of divestments, as well as potential long-term depreciations are included in the Insurance income profit and loss account. A reconciliation with Group P&L aggregates is provided in the tables "Quarterly Series."	Presentation of the Insurance result reflecting operational and intrinsic performance (technical and financial)
Corporate Center P&L aggregates	P&L aggregates of Corporate Center, including restatement of the volatility (IFRS 9) and attributable costs (internal distributors) related to Insurance activities", following the application from 01.01.23 of IFRS 17 "insurance contracts" in conjunction with the application of IFRS 9 for insurance activities, including: • Restatement in Corporate Center revenues of the volatility to the financial result generated by the IFRS 9 fair value recognition of certain Insurance assets; • Operating expenses deemed "attributable to insurance activities," net of internal margin, are recognized in deduction from revenues and no longer booked as operating expenses. These accounting entries relate exclusively to the Insurance business and Group entities (excluding the Insurance business) that distributors) and have no effect on gross operating income. The impact of entries related to internal distribution contracts is borne by the "Corporate Center." A reconciliation with Group P&L aggregates is provided in the "Quarterly Series" tables.	Transfer to Corporate Center of the impact of operating expenses "attributable to insurance activities" on internal distribution contracts in order not to disrupt readability of the financial performance of the various business lines.
Operating division profit and loss account aggregates (Revenues, Net interest revenue, Operating expenses, Gross operating income, Operating income, Pre-tax income)	Sum of CPBS' profit and loss account aggregates (with Commercial & Personal Banking' profit and loss account aggregates, including 2/3 of private banking in France, Italy, Belgium, Luxembourg, Germany, Poland and in Türkiye), IPS and CIB. BNP Paribas Group profit and loss account aggregates = Operating division profit and loss account aggregates + Corporate Center profit and loss account aggregates. Reconciliation with Group profit and loss account aggregates is provided in the "Quaterly series" tables. Net interest revenue mentioned in Commercial & Personal Banking includes the net interest margin (as defined in Note 2.a of the financial statements), as well as, to a lesser extent, other revenues (as defined in Notes 2.c, 2.d and 2.e of the financial statements), excluding fees (Note 2.b of the financial statements). P&L aggregates of Commercial & Personal Banking or	Representative measure of the BNP Paribas Group's operating performance



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Alternative performance measures	Definition	Reason for use
	Specialized Businesses distributing insurance contracts exclude the impact of the application of IFRS 17 on the accounting presentation of operating expenses deemed "attributable to insurance activities" in deduction of revenues and no longer operating expenses, with the impact carried by Corporate Center.	
Profit and loss account aggregates of Commercial & Personal Banking activity with 100% of Private Banking	Profit and loss account aggregate of a Commercial & Personal Banking activity including the whole profit and loss account of Private Banking Reconciliation with Group profit and loss account aggregates is provided in the "Quarterly series" tables.	Representative measure of the performance of Commercial & Personal Banking activity including the total performance of Private Banking (before sharing the profit & loss account with the Wealth Management business, Private Banking being under a joint responsibility of Commercial & Personal Banking (2/3) and Wealth Management business (1/3))
Profit and loss account aggregates, excluding PEL/CEL effects (Revenues, Gross operating income, Operating income, Pre-tax income)	Profit and loss account aggregates, excluding PEL/CEL effects. Reconciliation with Group profit and loss account aggregates is provided in the "Quarterly series" tables.	Representative measure of the aggregates of the period excluding changes in the provision that accounts for the risk generated by PEL and CEL accounts throughout their lifetime.
Cost-income ratio	Ratio of costs to income	Measure of operating efficiency in the banking sector
Cost of risk/customer loans outstanding at the beginning of the period (in basis points)	Ratio of cost of risk (in €m) to customer loans outstanding at the beginning of the period Cost of risk does not include "Other net losses for risk on financial instruments."	Measure of the risk level by business in percentage of the volume of loans outstanding
Change in operating expenses excluding IFRIC 21 impact	Change in operating expenses excluding taxes and contributions subject to IFRIC 21	Representative measure of the change in operating expenses excluding taxes and contributions subject to IFRIC 21 booked almost entirely in the 1st quarter of the year, given in order to avoid any confusion compared to other quarters
Return on equity (ROE)	Details of the ROE calculation are disclosed in the Appendix "Return on Equity and Permanent Shareholders' Equity" of the results' presentation.	Measure of the BNP Paribas Group's return on equity
RONE	Ratio of annualised net income before tax over average allocated notional equity over the period. - For non-insurance businesses, notional equity is allocated on the basis of a multiple of 12% of risk-weighted assets. - For the Group's consolidated insurance companies, notional equity is allocated based on prudential equity derived from a multiple of 160% of the SCR (Solvency Capital Requirement)	Measure of operational performance representative of the return on notional equity allocated to the business lines or operating divisions, taking into account their risk exposure



Alternative performance measures	Definition	Reason for use
Return on tangible equity (ROTE)	Details of the ROTE calculation are disclosed in the Appendix "Return on Equity and Permanent Shareholders' Equity" of the results' presentation.	Measure of the BNP Paribas Group's return on tangible equity
Coverage ratio of non-performing loans	Relationship between stage 3 provisions and impaired outstandings (stage 3), balance sheet and off-balance sheet, netted for collateral received, for customers and credit institutions, including liabilities at amortised cost and debt securities at fair value through equity (excluding Insurance)	Measure of provisioning of non-performing loans



Methodology: Comparative analysis at constant scope and exchange rates

The method used to determine the effect of changes in scope of consolidation depends on the type of transaction (acquisition, sale, etc.). The underlying purpose of the calculation is to facilitate period-on-period comparisons.

In cases of acquired or created entity, the results of the new entity are eliminated from the constant scope results of current-year periods corresponding to the periods when the entity was not owned in the prior-year.

In cases of divested entities, the entity's results are excluded symmetrically for the prior year for quarters when the entity was not owned.

In cases of change of consolidation method, the policy is to use the lowest consolidation percentage over the two years (current and prior) for results of quarters adjusted on a like-for-like basis.

Comparative analysis at constant exchange rates is prepared by restating results for the prior-year quarter (reference quarter) at the current quarter exchange rate (analysed quarter). All of these calculations are performed by reference to the entity's reporting currency.

Reminder

Net banking income (NBI): throughout the document, the terms "net banking income" and "Revenues" are used interchangeably.

Operating expenses: sum of salary and employee benefit expenses, other operating expenses and depreciation, amortisation and impairment of property, plant, and equipment. Throughout the document, the terms "operating expenses" and "costs" may be used indifferently.

Jaws effect: Revenues evolution between two periods minus operating expenses evolution between two periods.

The sum of the values indicated in the tables and analyses may differ slightly from the reported total due to rounding.

BNP Paribas' organisation is based on three operating divisions: Corporate & Institutional Banking (CIB), Commercial, Personal Banking & Services (CPBS) and Investment & Protection Services (IPS). These divisions include the following businesses:

- Corporate and Institutional Banking (CIB) division, combines:
 - Global Banking;
 - Global Markets;
 - o and Securities Services.
- Commercial, Personal Banking & Services division, covers:
 - o Commercial & Personal Banking in the Eurozone:
 - Commercial & Personal Banking in France (CPBF),
 - BNL banca commerciale (BNL bc), Commercial & Personal Banking in Italy,
 - Commercial & Personal Banking in Belgium (CPBB),
 - Commercial & Personal Banking in Luxembourg (CPBL);
 - o Commercial & Personal Banking outside the Eurozone, organised around Europe-Mediterranean, covering Commercial & Personal Banking outside the Eurozone in particular in Central and Eastern Europe, Türkiye and Africa;
 - Specialised Businesses:
 - BNP Paribas Personal Finance,
 - Arval and BNP Paribas Leasing Solutions,
 - New Digital Businesses (in particular Nickel, Floa, Lyf) and BNP Paribas Personal Investors.
- Investment & Protection Services division, combines:
 - Insurance (BNP Paribas Cardif);
 - Wealth and Asset Management: BNP Paribas Asset Management, BNP Paribas Real Estate, the management of the BNP Paribas Group's portfolio of unlisted and listed industrial and commercial investments (BNP Paribas Principal Investments) and BNP Paribas Wealth Management.

BNP Paribas SA is the parent company of the BNP Paribas Group.



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This press release includes forward-looking statements based on current beliefs and expectations about future events. Forward-looking statements include financial projections and estimates and their underlying assumptions, statements regarding plans, objectives, and expectations with respect to future events, operations, products and services, and statements regarding future performance and synergies. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to inherent risks, uncertainties and assumptions about BNP Paribas and its subsidiaries and investments, developments of BNP Paribas and its subsidiaries, banking industry trends, future capital expenditures and acquisitions, changes in economic conditions globally, or in BNP Paribas' principal local markets, the competitive market and regulatory factors. Those events are uncertain; their outcome may differ from current expectations, which may in turn significantly affect expected results. Consequently, actual results may differ from those projected or implied in these forward-looking statements due to a variety of factors. These factors include among others: i) BNP Paribas's ability to achieve its objectives, ii) the impacts from central bank interest rate policies, whether due to continued elevated interest rates or potential significant reductions in interest rates, iii) changes (including interpretation) in regulatory capital and liquidity rules, iv) continued elevated levels of, or any resurgence in, inflation and its impacts, v) the various geopolitical uncertainties and impacts related notably to the war in Ukraine, conflicts in the Middle East, vi) the various uncertainties and impacts related to political instability, including in France, or vi) the precautionary statements included in this presentation.

BNP Paribas undertakes no obligation to publicly revise or update any forward-looking statements in light of new information or future events. It should be recalled in this regard that the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process is carried out each year by the European Central Bank, which can modify each year its capital adequacy ratio requirements for BNP Paribas.

The information contained in this press release as it relates to parties other than BNP Paribas or derived from external sources has not been independently verified and no representation or warranty expressed or implied is made as to, and no reliance should be placed on, the fairness, accuracy, completeness or correctness of the information or opinions contained herein. Neither BNP Paribas nor its representatives shall have any liability whatsoever in negligence or otherwise for any loss however arising from any use of this presentation or its contents or otherwise arising in connection with this presentation or any other information or material discussed.

The sum of values contained in the tables and analyses may differ slightly from the total reported due to rounding. BNP Paribas' financial disclosures of the thrid quarter 2025 consist of this press release, the attached presentation, and quarterly series.

For a detailed information, the quarterly series are available at the following address: https://invest.bnpparibas/document/3q25-quarterly-series. All legally required disclosures, including the Universal Registration document, are available online at https://invest.bnpparibas.com in the "Results" section and are made public by BNP Paribas pursuant to the requirements under Article L.451-1-2 of the French Monetary and Financial Code and Articles 222-1 and seq. of the French Financial Markets Authority General Regulations.



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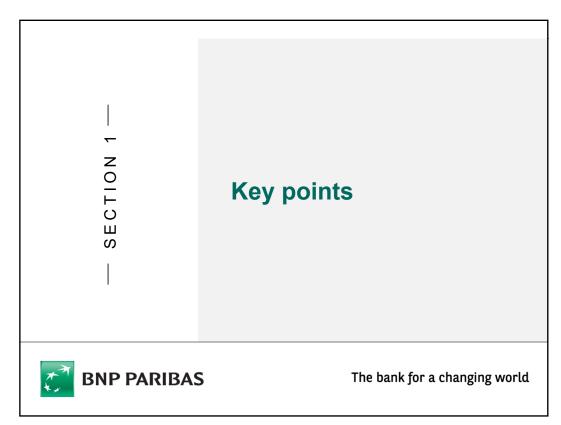
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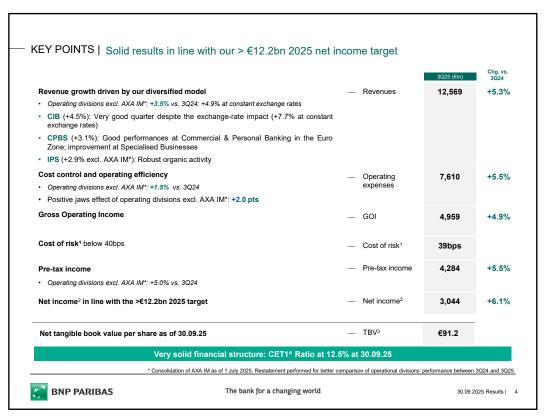
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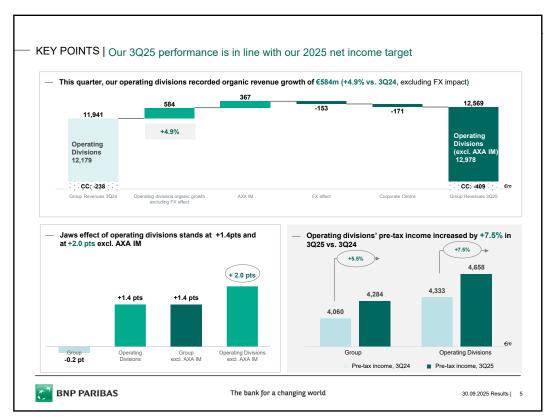


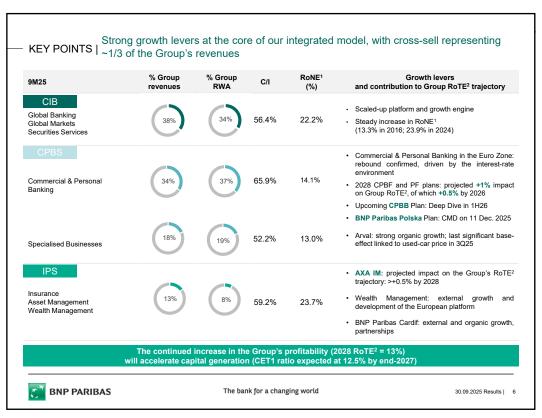
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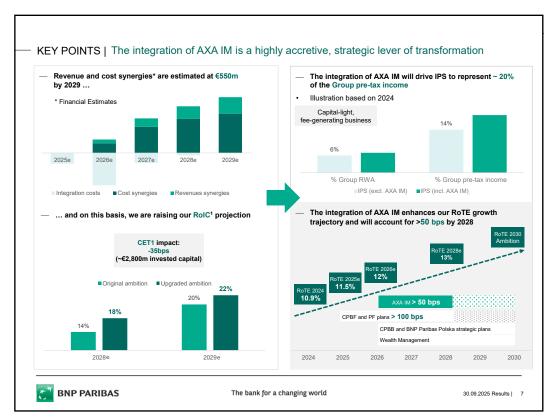
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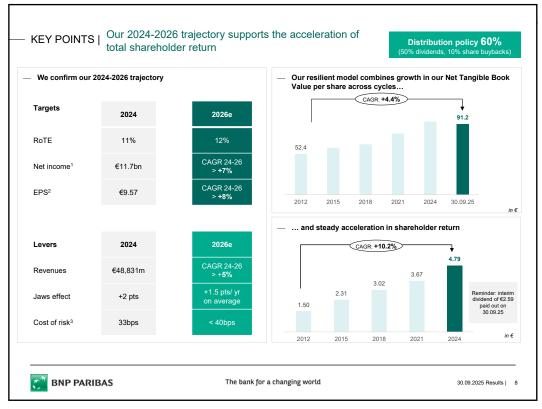


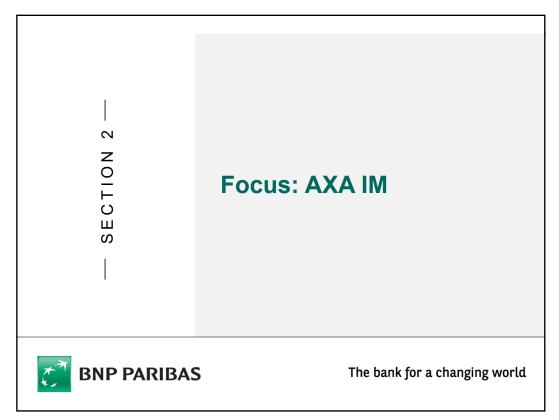


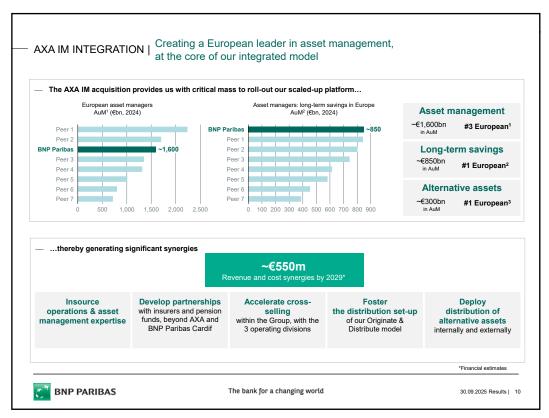


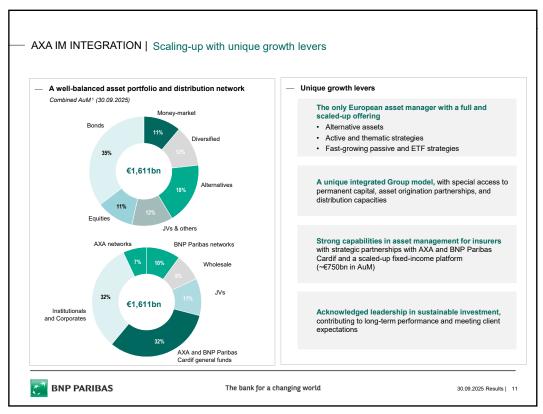


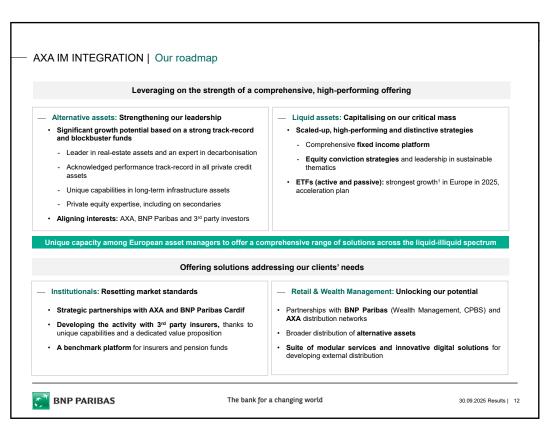


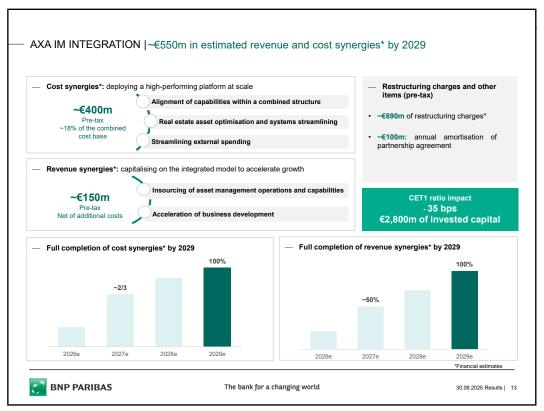


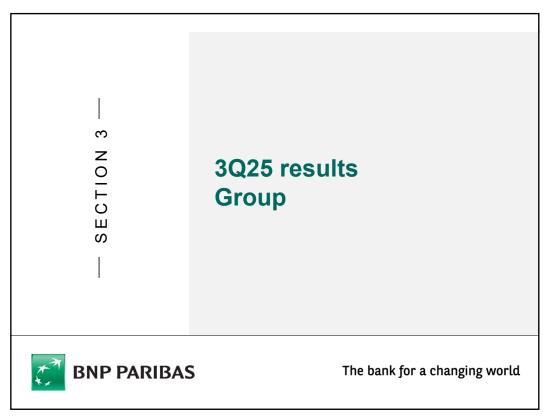


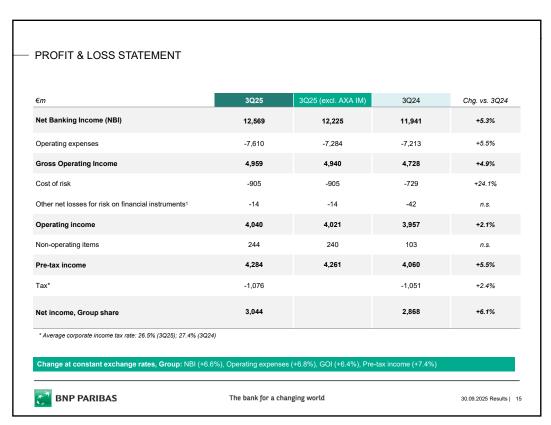




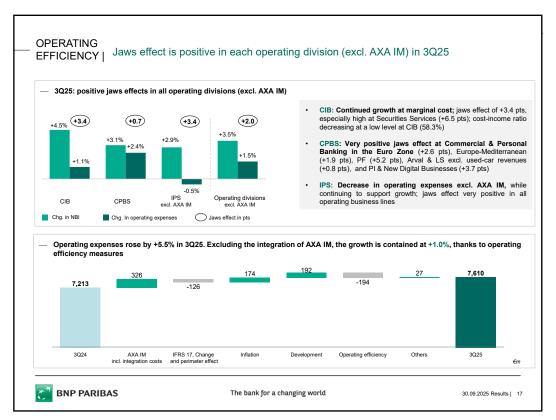


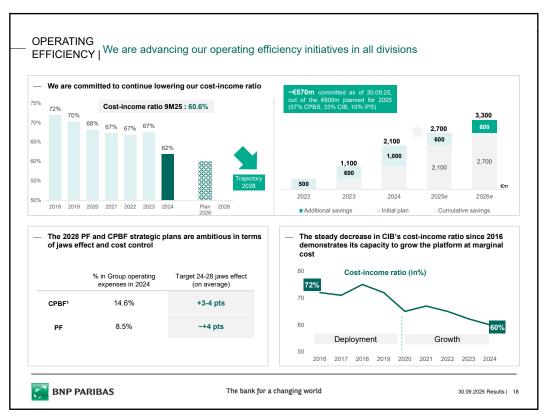


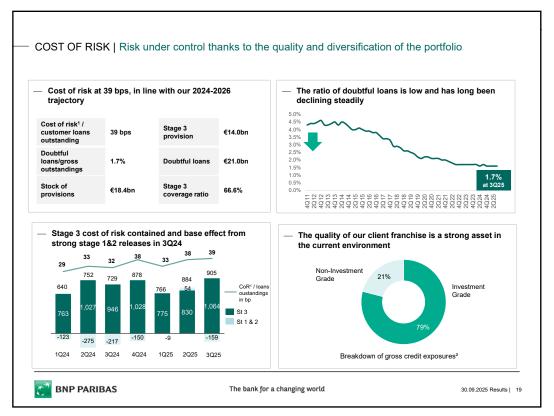


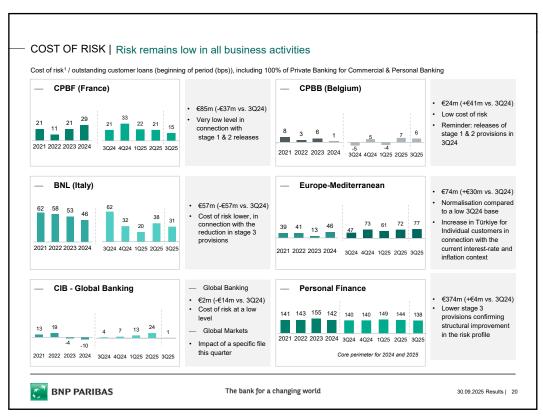


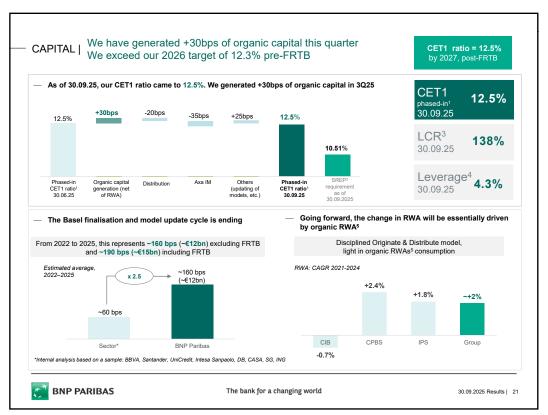
€m		3Q25	3Q24
Total revenues (a)		•	-
Restructuring costs and adaptation costs		-89	-64
IT reinforcement costs		-65	-81
Total operating expenses (b)		-154	-146
Revaluation of equity investments		+100	-
Total other non-operating income (c)		+100	0
Total exceptional items (before-tax) (a) + (b) +(c)		-54	-146
Total exceptional items (after-tax)		-9	-112
Effects of the hyperinflation situation in Türkiye ¹			
Impact on pre-tax income		-75	-65
Impact on Net Income, Group share		-64	-60
Integration of AXA IM - Impacts in 3025: AXA IM 30	Ω25 revenues (+€367m of which -€19.5m of partnership ຄ	emortisation) AX	A IM 3025 operating

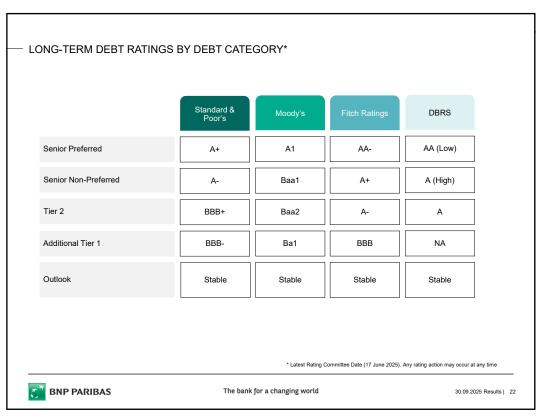


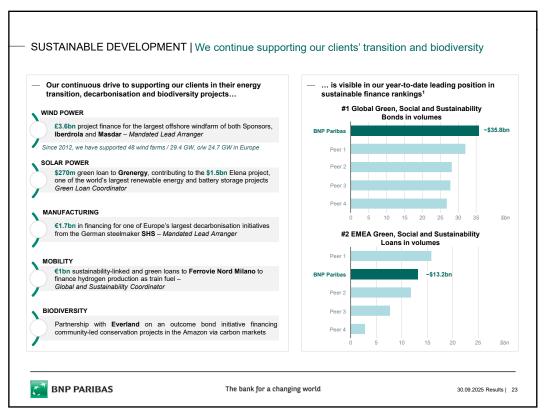












A REINFORCED INTERNAL CONTROL SET-UP An even more solid compliance, conduct and control set-up and ongoing insertion of reinforced conduct culture into daily operations Ongoing improvement of the operating model for combating money laundering and terrorism financing · A standards-based, risk-adjusted approach, with a risk management set-up shared between business lines and Compliance officers (know-your-client, reviewing unusual transactions, etc.) · Group-level steering with regular reporting to supervisory bodies Ongoing reinforcement of set-up for complying with international financial sanctions · Thorough and diligent implementation of measures necessary for enforcing international sanctions as soon as they have been published Broad dissemination of the procedures and intense centralisation, guaranteeing effective and consistent coverage of the surveillance perimeter · Continuous optimisation of cross-border transaction filtering and relationship databases screening tools Ongoing improvement of the anti-corruption framework with integration into the Group's operational processes · Strengthening of the conduct and market transactions supervision framework • Intensified on-line training programme: compulsory programmes for all employees on financial security (Sanctions & Embargos, Combating Money Laundering & Terrorism Financing and on Combating Corruption), protecting clients' interests, market integrity, and all topics dealt in the Group's Code of Conduct Ongoing regular missions of the General Inspection dedicated to auditing financial security within entities generating USD flows. These successive missions have been conducted since the start of 2015 in the form of 18-month cycles. At the end of the 7th cycle, the processing and control

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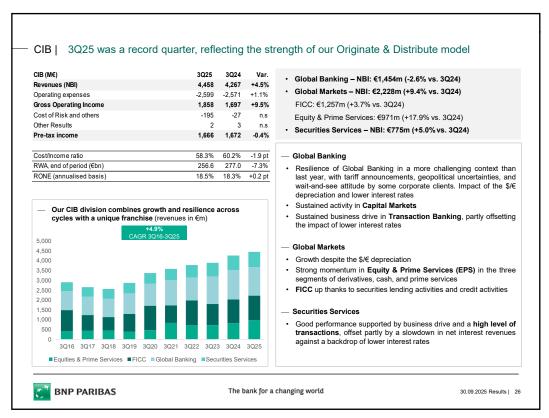
mechanisms of these entities are considered mature. The 8th cycle, which began in September 2025, will ensure their sustainability

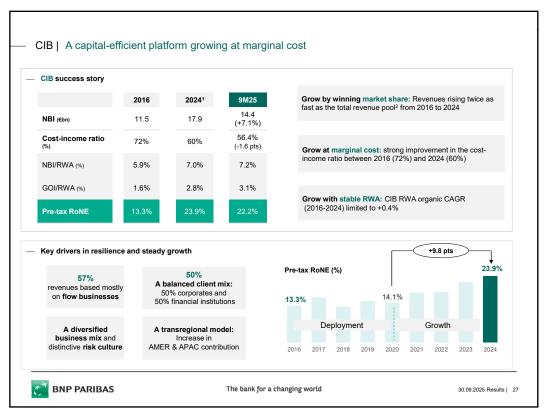
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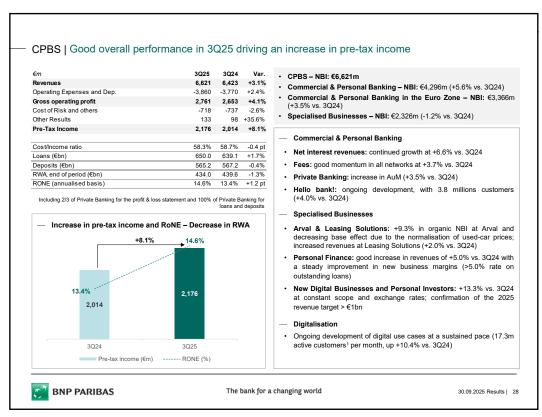
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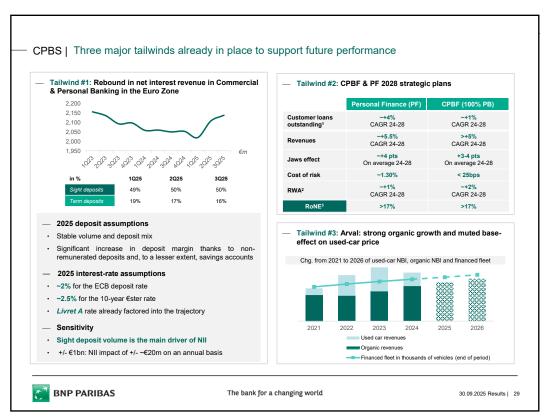
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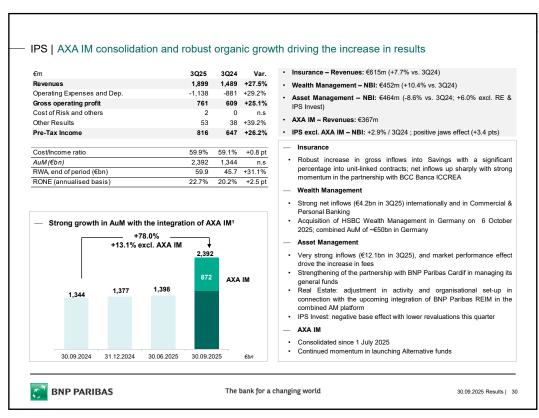


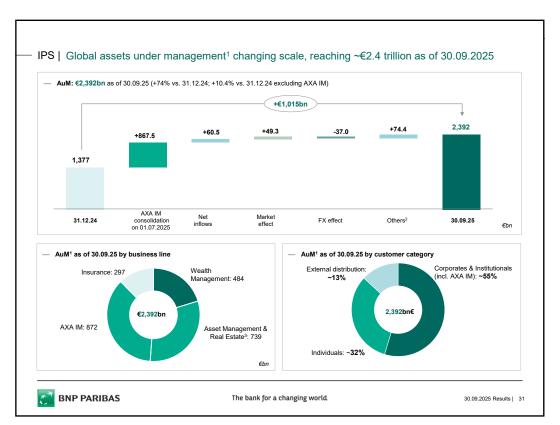














ENDNOTES (1/2)

· Slide 4

- Cost of risk does not include "Other net losses for risk on financial instruments"
- Net Income, Group share
 Tangible net book value, revaluated at end of period, in €
- 3. Tanjstipe the took vaule, revaluated at ent or person, and the calculation to phase-d-in ratios and RWA starting from Q2 2025, in order to align with the calculation of the regulatory requirement (MDA calculation), take into account the Group's 2003 horizon, and to reflect the standards used by the market. Phase-d-in CET1 calculated on the basis of 6779bin in Kis-weighted assets as of 30.09.2025; including transitional arrangements as defined in Art.465, 488 and 495 of CRR

Slide 6

- 1. RONE: Pre-Tax net income / Allocated equity
- 2. ROTE: Return on non revaluated tangible equity, see appendices for detailed

RoIC: projection of net income group share generated from 2028 on redeployed capital, divided by the allocation of corresponding CET1 capital (35 bps, €2,800m invested capital)

· Slide 8

- 1. Net Income, Group share
- 2. Earnings per share calculated on the basis of Net income, Group share, adjusted for the remuneration of undated super-subordinated notes and the average number of shares outstanding
- Cost of risk does not include "Other net losses for risk on financial instruments"

Slide 10

- Ranking based on assets under management (AuM) as of 31.12.2024, published by the companies. Pro forma combined assets including AuM from the proposed delegation of BNP Paribas Cardiffs assets
- Ranking based on assets under management (AuM) as of 31.12.2024 for internal and
- Assistance of the control of the con

Slide 11

1. Assets under management including distributed assets and assets under advisory

Slide 12

Ranking of the top 10 ETF providers in Europe, based on the NNC ratio for the first 9 months of 2025 (9M2025) relative to assets under management at the end of 2024

Slide 15

Charges related to the risk of invalidation or non-enforceability of financial instruments granted

Slide 16

Application of IAS 29 and reflecting the performance of the hedge in Türkiye (CPI linkers)

Slide 18

1. Including 2/3 of Private Banking

Slide 19

- Cost of risk does not include "Other net losses for risk on financial instruments"
 Investment Grade external rating or internal equivalent; breakdown in gross balance-sheet credit exposure as of 30.06.25

Slide 20

1. Cost of risk does not include "Other net losses for risk on financial instruments"

Slide 21

- Transition to phased-in ratios and RWA starting from Q2 2025, in order to align with the calculation of the regulatory requirement (MDA calculation), take into account the Group's 2030 horizon, and reflect the standards used by the market Phased-in CET1 calculated on the basis of 6779bn in risk-weighted assets as of 30.09.2025; including transitional arrangements as defined in Art.465, 468 and 495 of CRR
 SREP CET1 requirement: including countercyclical capital buffer of 73 bps and a systemic risk capital buffer of 14 bps as of 30.09.25
- End of Period LCR calculated in accordance with regulation (CRR) 575/2013 Art. 451b
- Leverage calculated in accordance with Regulation (EU) 575/2013 Art. 429
 Organic RWA: excluding FX, scope, OCI, regulatory and model impact

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ENDNOTES (2/2)

Sustainable finance rankings for the first nine months of 2025: GSS bonds (Green, Social, Sustainable, and Sustainability-linked bonds); GSS loans (Green, Social and Sustainability-linked loans). Source: Dealogic.

1. CAGR: Compound annual growth rate

Slide 27

- 1. Based on 2024 data as published
- based on 2024 data as published Source: Coalition Greenwish Competitor Analytics, FY16-FY24F. Global CIB revenues in EUR excluding Portfolio Management, rebased to 100 in 2016. FY24F as of December 19th, 2024. Analysis based on Coalition Greenwich Revenue Pool, and BNPP's own numbers and product scope

Slide 28

Slide 29

- Average AuM
 End-of-period risk-weighted assets
 RoNE: Pre-tax income / Allocated equity
- · Slide 30
- 1. Including distributed assets and assets under advisory

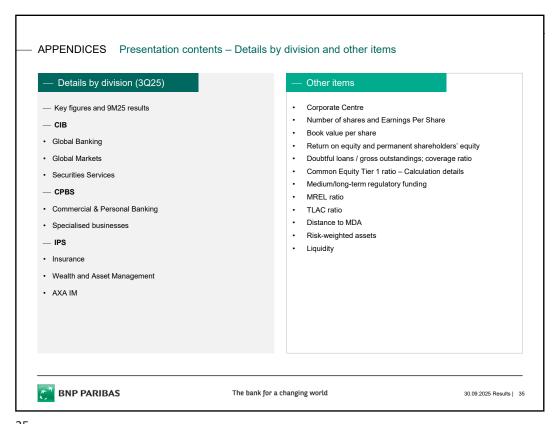
· Slide 31

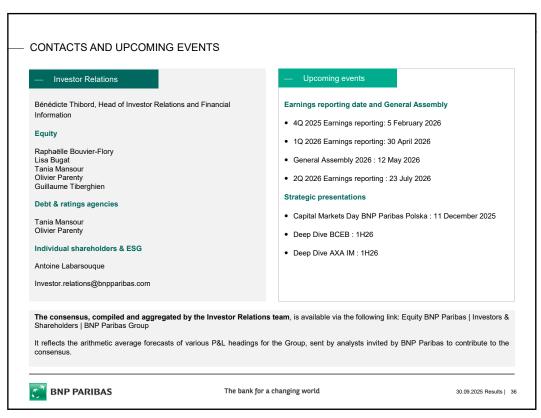
Including distributed assets and assets under advisory
 Management of a portion of BNP Paribas Cardif general funds transferred to BNP Paribas AM (€69br)
 Real Estate assets under management: €23bn. AuM of IPS Investments integrated into Asset Management after the Private Assets franchise was set up



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RESULTS

THIRD QUARTER 2025

9M25 RESULTS DETAILS BY BUSINESS LINE APPENDICES

28 OCTOBER 2025



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As a reminder, on 28 March 2025, BNP Paribas published quarterly series for 2024, restated to reflect, among other things, the transposition into European Union law of the finalisation of Basel 3 (Basel 4) by Regulation (EU) 2024/1623 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 May 2024 amending Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, the change in the allocation of normalised equity from 11% to 12% of risk-weighted assets, and the reclassification of income and business data from the non-strategic perimeter of Personal Finance to Corporate Centre. This presentation reflects this restatement.

This presentation includes forward-looking statements based on current beliefs and expectations about future events. Forward-looking statements include financial projections and estimates and their underlying assumptions, statements regarding plans, objectives and expectations with respect to future events, operations, products and services, and statements regarding future performance and are subject to inherent risks, uncertainties and assumptions about BNP Paribas and its subsidiaries and investments, developments of BNP Paribas and its subsidiaries, banking industry trends, future capital expenditures and acquisitions, changes in economic conditions globally, or in BNP Paribas principal local markets, the competitive market and regulatory factors. Those events are uncertain; their outcome may differ from current expectations which may in turn significantly affect expected results. Actual results may differ materially from those projected or implied in these forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statement contained in this presentation speaks as of the date of this presentation.

Consequently, actual results may differ from those projected or implied in these forward-looking statements due to a variety of factors. These factors include among others: i) BNP Paribas's ability to achieve its objectives, ii) the impacts from central bank interest rate policies, whether due to continued elevated interest rates or potential significant reductions in interest rates, iii) changes (including interpretation) in regulatory capital and liquidity rules, iv) continued elevated levels of, or any resurgence in, inflation and its impacts, v) the various geopolitical uncertainties and impacts related notably to the war in Ukraine, conflicts in the Middle East, vi) the various uncertainties and impacts related to political instability, including in France, or vi) the precautionary statements included in this presentation.

BNP Paribas undertakes no obligation to publicly revise or update any forward-looking statements in light of new information or future events. It should be recalled in this regard that the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process is carried out each year by the European Central Bank, which can modify each year its capital adequacy ratio requirements for BNP Paribas.

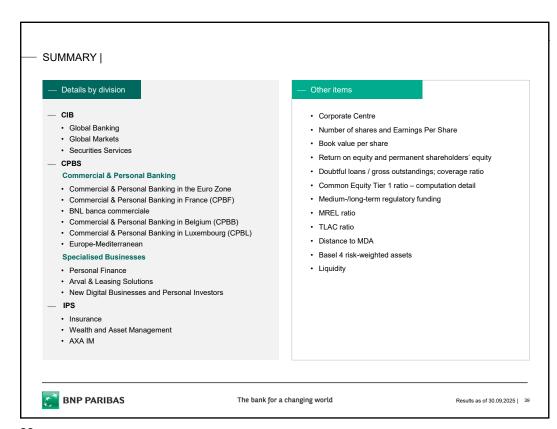
The information contained in this presentation as it relates to parties other than BNP Paribas or derived from external sources has not been independently verified and no representation or warranty expressed or implied is made as to, and no reliance should be placed on, the fairness, accuracy, completeness or correctness of the information or opinions contained herein. Neither BNP Paribas nor its representatives shall have any liability whatsoever in negligence or otherwise for any loss however arising from any use of this presentation or its contents or otherwise arising in connection with this presentation or any other information or material discussed.

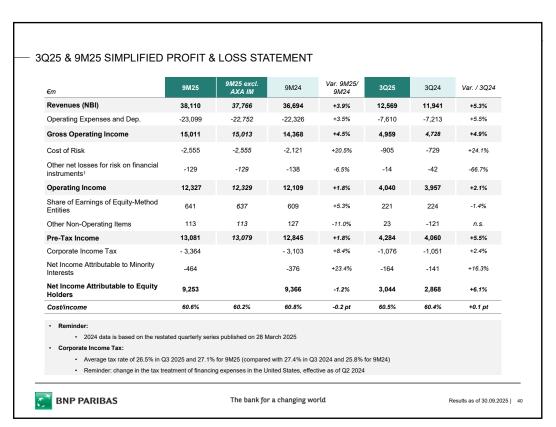
The sum of values contained in the tables and analyses may differ slightly from the total reported due to rounding. The alternative performance measures are defined in the press release published jointly with this presentation.

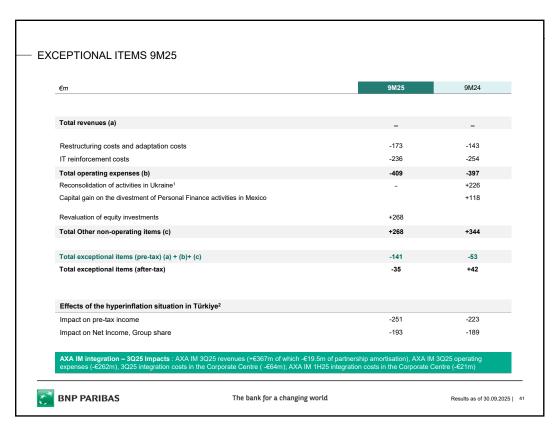


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- CIB | 3Q25 Dashboard

		CIB		o/w G	lobal Bank	ing	o/w G	lobal Mark	ets	o/w Se	curities Ser	rvices
€m	3Q25	3Q24	Var.	3Q25	3Q24	Var.	3Q25	3Q24	Var.	3Q25	3Q24	Var.
Revenues	4,458	4,267	+4.5%	1,454	1,493	-2.6%	2,228	2,036	+9.4%	775	738	+5.0%
incl. FICC	1,257	1,212	+3.7%			n.s.	1,257	1,212	+3.7%			
incl. Equity & Prime Services	971	824	+17.9%			n.s.	971	824	+17.9%			
Operating Expenses and Dep.	-2,599	-2,571	+1.1%	-714	-718	-0.5%	-1,342	-1,301	+3.1%	-543	-552	-1.5%
Gross operating profit	1,858	1,697	+9.5%	740	775	-4.6%	887	735	+20.7%	232	186	+24.4%
Cost of Risk and others	-195	-27	n.s.	-2	-17	n.s.	-190	-11	n.s.	-2	1	n.s.
Operating Income	1,664	1,669	-0.3%	738	759	-2.8%	696	723	-3.7%	230	187	+22.8%
Share of Earnings of Equity-Method Entities	2	6	n.s.	2	1	+31.3%	1	-0	n.s.	-0	4	n.s.
Other Non Operating Items	-0	-3	n.s.	-0	-0	n.s.	-0	-0	-30.2%	0	-2	n.s.
Pre-Tax Income	1,666	1,672	-0.4%	740	760	-2.7%	697	723	-3.6%	229	189	+21.3%
Cost/Income (%)	58.3%	60.2%	-1.9 pt	49.1%	48.1%	+1.0 pt	60.2%	63.9%	-3.7 pt	70.1%	74.8%	-4.6 pt
Cost of risk (in annualised bp)				1	4	-3						
RONE (annualised basis)	18.5%	18.3%	+0.2 pt	17.2%	16.3%	+0.9 pt	16.3%	17.7%	-1.4 pt	52.8%	49.5%	+3.3 pt
€bn												
RWA	256.6	277.0	-7.3%	132.0	149.2	-11.5%	113.2	115.0	-1.6%	11.4	12.9	-11.0%
Allocated Equity (YTD)	35.7	35.1	+1.7%	17.6	17.7	-0.4%	16.3	15.9	+2.8%	1.8	1.5	+14.8%
Business indicators												
Global banking - loans (€bn)	172.3	185.6	-7.2%	172.3	185.6	-7.2%						
Global banking - deposits (€bn)	223.6	219.9	+1.7%	223.6	219.9	+1.7%						
Securities services - AuC (€bn)	14,912	13,439	+11.0%							14,912	13,439	+11.0%
Securities services - AuA (€bn)	2,879	2,658	+8.3%							2,879	2,658	+8.3%
Securities services - transactions (m)	48.2	39.7	+21.4%							48.2	39.7	+21.4%

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CIB | 9M25 Dashboard

	CIB			o/w Global Banking			o/w G	lobal Mark	ets	o/w Securities Servi		
€m	9M25	9M24	Var.	9M25	9M24	Var.	9M25	9M24	Var.	9M25	9M24	Var.
Revenues	14,423	13,463	+7.1%	4,580	4,549	+0.7%	7,487	6,745	+11.0%	2,355	2,169	+8.6%
incl. FICC	4,349	3,935	+10.5%			n.s.	4,349	3,935	+10.5%			n.s.
incl. Equity & Prime Services	3,138	2,810	+11.7%			n.s.	3,138	2,810	+11.7%			n.s.
Operating Expenses and Dep.	-8,133	-7,801	+4.3%	-2,186	-2,163	+1.1%	-4,311	-4,029	+7.0%	-1,636	-1,608	+1.7%
Gross operating profit	6,290	5,662	+11.1%	2,394	2,386	+0.3%	3,176	2,716	+17.0%	720	561	+28.4%
Cost of Risk and others	-371	173	n.s.	-169	204	n.s.	-200	-32	n.s.	-2	0	n.s.
Operating Income	5,919	5,835	+1.4%	2,225	2,590	-14.1%	2,976	2,684	+10.9%	717	561	+27.9%
Share of Earnings of Equity-Method Entities	13	12	+2.2%	4	4	-2.8%	1	1	+24.0%	7	7	+2.7%
Other Non Operating Items	3	-5	n.s.	-0	-0	n.s.	3	-2	n.s.	0	-2	n.s.
Pre-Tax Income	5,934	5,843	+1.6%	2,229	2,595	-14.1%	2,980	2,683	+11.1%	725	566	+28.1%
Cost/Income (%)	56.4%	57.9%	-1.6 pt	47.7%	47.6%	+0.2 pt	57.6%	59.7%	-2.2 pt	69.5%	74.2%	-4.7 pt
Cost of risk (in annualised bp)				12	-15	28						
RONE (annualised basis)	22.2%	22.3%	-0.0 pt	17.0%	19.6%	-2.7 pt	24.4%	22.6%	+1.8 pt	55.1%	49.4%	+5.6 pt
€bn												
RWA	256.6	277.0	-7.3%	132.0	149.2	-11.5%	113.2	115.0	-1.6%	11.4	12.9	-11.0%
Allocated Equity (YTD)	35.7	35.1	+1.7%	17.6	17.7	-0.4%	16.3	15.9	+2.8%	1.8	1.5	+14.8%
Business indicators												
Global banking - loans (€bn)	177.2	182.2	-2.8%	177.2	182.2	-2.8%						
Global banking - deposits (€bn)	224.2	216.6	+3.5%	224.2	216.6	+3.5%						
Securities services - AuC (€bn)	14,912	13,439	+11.0%							14,912	13,439	+11.0%
Securities services - AuA (€bn)	2,879	2,658	+8.3%							2,879	2,658	+8.3%
Securities services - transactions (m)	143.1	113.6	+26.0%							143.1	113.6	+26.0%

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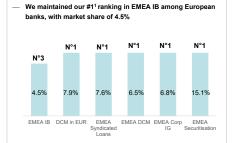
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CIB |Global Banking - Solid business drive and confirmation of our EMEA leadership

€m	3Q25	3Q24	Var.
Global Banking			
Revenues	1,454	1,493	-2.6%
Operating Expenses and Dep.	-714	-718	-0.5%
Gross Operating Income	740	775	-4.6%
Cost of Risk & others	-2	-17	n.s.
Operating Income	738	759	-2.8%
Share of Earnings of Equity-Method Entities	2	1	+31.3%
Other Non Operating Items	0	0	n.s.
Pre-Tax Income	740	760	-2.7%
Cost/Income	49.1%	48.1%	+1.0 pt

- Global Banking was resilient in a more challenging environment than last year, with tariff announcements, geopolitical uncertainty, "wait-and-see" attitude from corporates, dollar's depreciation vs. euro, and falling interest rates
- Revenues were stable at constant exchange rate; higher fees and financing revenues offset the impact of interest rates on Cash Management
- Operating expenses stable (+1.9% at constant exchange rates)
- Cost of risk was almost nil and lower than in recent quarters, despite a less favourable environment compared to last year

- Solid business momentum
- Capital Markets: Strong progress
 - DCM: we moved up from #7¹ to #6 globally (#1, unchanged, in EMEA)
 - Significant progress in securitisation: #5¹ worldwide (#8 in 9M24) and a 6.8% market share
- Transaction Banking: sustained commercial momentum, partially offsetting the impact of lower interest rates on Cash Management
- · Advisory: stable revenues compared to a high level in 3Q24
- Loans: -7.2%² vs.3Q24, Deposits: +1.7%² vs.3Q24
- Confirmation of our EMEA leadership in 9M25¹
- #1 in all debt segments (DCM, IG loans, euro-denominated debt and securitisation)
- #2 in high-yield bonds and #3 in EMEA ECM



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CIB | Global Markets - An excellent quarter driven by a strong Equity & Prime Services performance

€m	3Q25	3Q24	Var.
Global Markets			
Revenues	2,228	2,036	+9.4%
incl. FICC	1,257	1,212	+3.7%
incl. Equity & Prime Services	971	824	+17.9%
Operating Expenses and Dep.	-1,342	-1,301	+3.1%
Gross Operating Income	887	735	+20.7%
Cost of Risk & others	-190	-11	n.s.
Operating Income	696	723	-3.7%
Share of Earnings of Equity-Method Entities	1	0	n.s.
Other Non Operating Items	0	0	n.s.
Pre-Tax Income	697	723	-3.6%
Cost/Income	60.2%	63.9%	-3.7 pt

- An excellent third quarter for Global Markets
- Revenues: Grew despite an unfavourable exchange rate effect; strong momentum in all three Equity & Prime Services (EPS) segments – derivatives, cash, and prime services. FICC up thanks to repo activities and strong activity in credit
- Operating expenses: contained, considering the performance
- Jaws effect very positive this quarter (+6.3 pts)
- Cost of risk: impact from a specific credit situation this quarter
- Very good growth in Global Markets in 3Q25 with a strong improvement at EPS
- Equity markets: All business lines and regions delivered a strong performance in 3025; robust activity in Derivatives across all regions, very strong growth in Prime Brokerage; increase in Cash Equity execution, particularly in the US and ECM
- Acceleration in cross-selling, with 64 of our top 100¹ clients now using all three of our products (cash, derivatives, and prime services)
- Fixed-income, currencies and commodities (FICC): activity up in the AMER region, marginally down in EMEA and more pronounced in APAC. Repo activity up, particularly in AMER and good performance in credit activities. Rate activity decreased despite a strong performance in AMER, as well as in commodities and primary activities

— Improvement in our penetration among our Top 100¹ clients
BNP Paribas's relationship with its top
100 clients in the three business lines in 1H24
business lines in 30225

in 1H24 business lines in 3Q25

Prime Services

2 clients

5 clients
5 clients
5 clients
64 clients
9 clients
9 clients
9 clients
5 clients
Cash Equity Derivatives

Cash Equity Derivatives

x 37

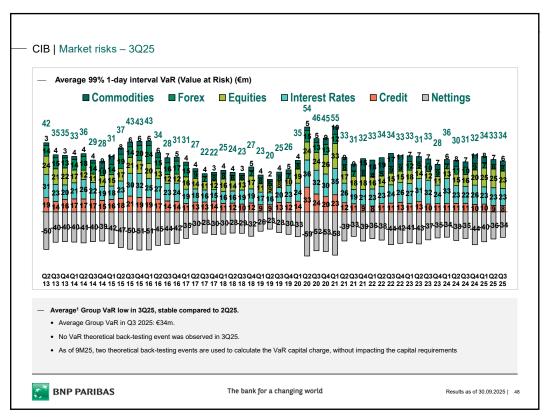
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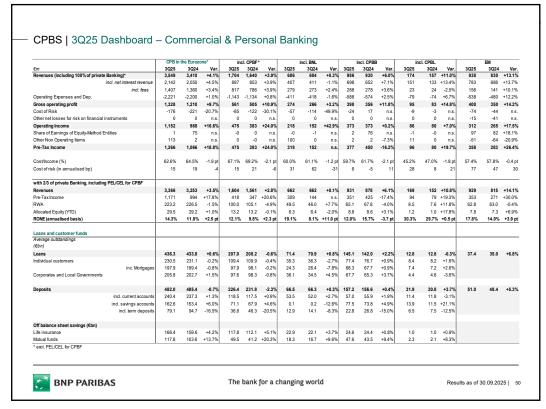
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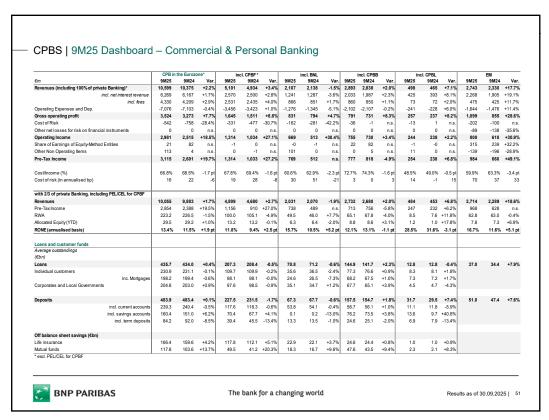
CIB | Securities Services - Solid performance in a context of falling interest rates and dollar weakness A very good quarter with a very positive jaws effect (+6.5 pts) 3Q25 3Q24 Var. €m Revenues: good performance driven by strong business momentum and a high level of transactions, partially offset by a Securities Services +5.0% Revenues 775 738 slowdown in net interest revenues due to falling rates and of the Operating Expenses and Dep. -543 -552 -1.5% dollar/euro depreciation **Gross Operating Income** 186 +24.4% Cost of Risk & others Operating expenses: down, reflecting exchange rates. Particularly low level this quarter Operating Income 187 +22.8% Share of Earnings of Equity-Method Entities n.s. Other Non Operating Items -2 n.s. · Cost-income ratio continues to improve and remains at a record 189 +21.3% Cost/Income 70.1% 74.8% -4.7 pt Organic growth driven by new mandates and a high level of activity Number of transactions up by +20% vs. 3Q24 • 10.6% increase of average AuC/AuA¹ driven by market performances and (in millions) UniCredit Group mandate: custody and settlement-delivery in Italy, Germany, and Luxembourg Allianz UK mandate: wide range of asset services in the United Kingdom 35 Partnership with Proximity to manage AGM proxy voting in the United Kingdom, Australia and New Zealand Participation as custodian bank and fund administrator for the launch of the first tokenised fund with real-time settlement for Azvalor (Spain), in collaboration 1Q23 2Q23 3Q23 4Q23 1Q24 2Q24 3Q24 4Q24 1Q25 2Q25 3Q25 BNP PARIBAS The bank for a changing world Results as of 30.09.2025 | 47

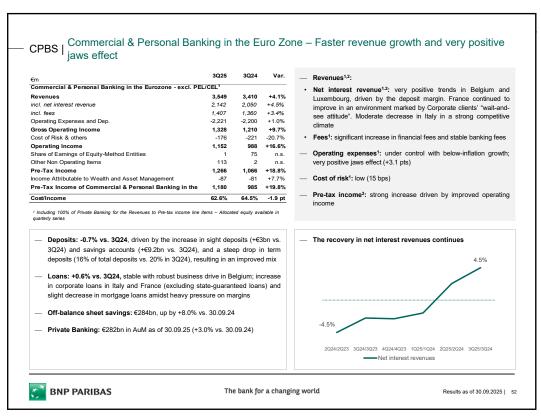
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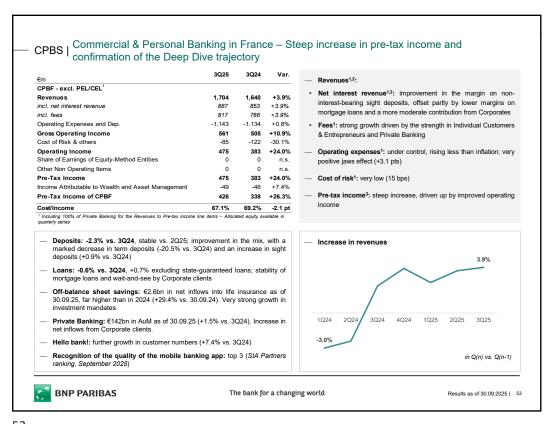


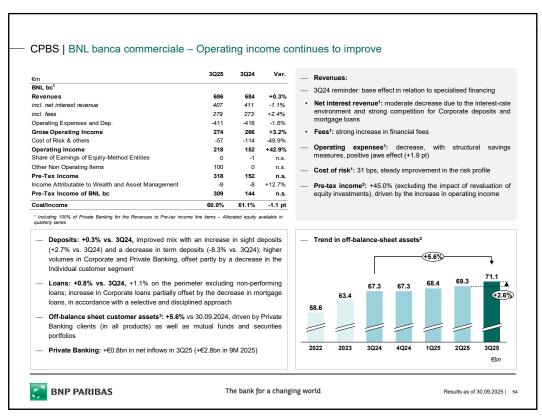


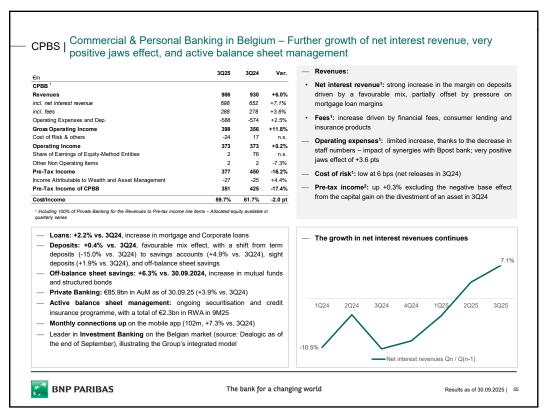


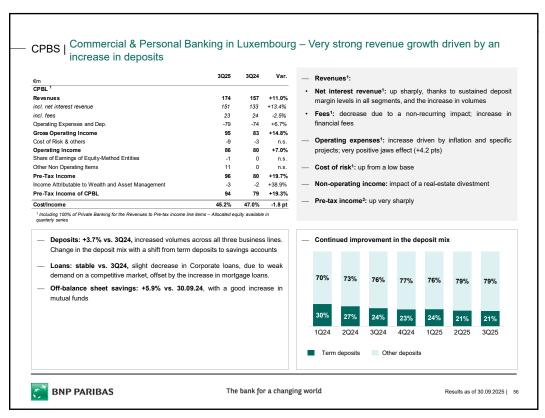


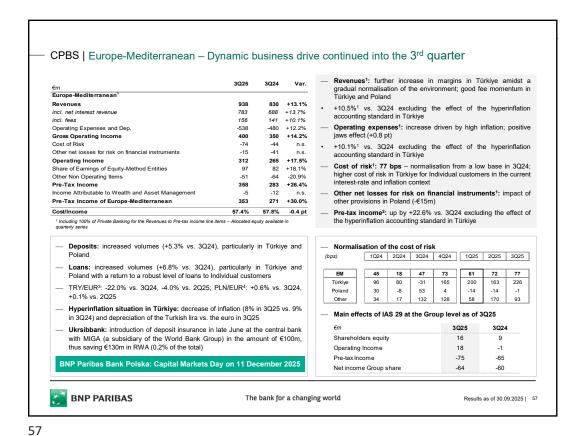












CPBS | 3Q25 Dashboard – Specialised Businesses

	Total Specialised Businesses		incl. Personal Finance			incl. Arval & Leasing Solutions			incl. New Digital Businesses & Personal Investors*			
€m	3Q25	3Q24	Var.	3Q25	3Q24	Var.	3Q25	3Q24	Var.	3Q25	3Q24	Var.
Revenues	2,326	2,355	-1.2%	1,290	1,229	+5.0%	771	861	-10.5%	265	265	+0.2%
Operating Expenses and Dep.	-1,195	-1,180	+1.3%	-621	-622	-0.2%	-403	-381	+5.9%	-171	-178	-3.6%
Gross operating profit	1,130	1,174	-3.7%	669	607	+10.3%	368	481	-23.5%	94	87	+7.8%
Cost of Risk and others	-451	-429	+5.1%	-374	-370	+1.0%	-47	-32	+46.7%	-30	-27	+11.9%
Operating Income	679	745	-8.8%	295	237	+24.9%	320	448	-28.6%	64	60	+6.0%
Share of Earnings of Equity-Method Entities	2	6	n.s.	4	8	n.s.	-0	0	n.s.	-1	-2	-10.8%
Other Non Operating Items	-29	-3	n.s.	-0	-0	n.s.	-29	-4	n.s.	-0	1	n.s.
Pre-Tax Income	652	748	-12.8%	299	245	+22.2%	291	445	-34.5%	62	59	+5.4%
Cost/Income (%)	51.4%	50.1%	+1.3 pt	48.1%	50.6%	-2.5 pt	52.3%	44.2%	+8.1 pt	64.7%	67.2%	-2.5 pt
Cost of risk (in annualised bp)				138	140	-2						
€bn												
RWA	148.0	150.0	-1.4%	82.5	84.2	-2.1%	60.5	59.9	+0.9%	5.1	5.9	-13.6%
Allocated Equity (YTD)	18.9	18.8	+1.0%	10.7	10.7	+0.5%	7.3	7.0	+4.3%	0.9	1.0	-17.0%
RONE (annualised basis)	13.7%	15.6%	-1.9 pt	11.0%	8.7%	+2.3 pt	15.9%	25.1%	-9.2 pt	27.0%	21.6%	+5.5 pt
Business indicators												
Loans outstanding (€bn)	176.3	170.2	+3.6%	107.0	104.2	+2.7%	67.7	64.2	+5.5%	1.6	1.9	-13.1%
Of which consolidated outstandings - Arval	43.6	39.9	+9.4%				43.6	39.9	+9.4%			
Of which consolidated outstandings - Leasing Solutions	24.1	24.3	-0.9%				24.1	24.3	-0.9%			
Deposits (€bn)	32.1	33.4	-3.8%							32.1	33.4	-3.8%
Arval fleet (k)	1,856	1,765	+5.1%				1,856	1,765	+5.1%			
Nickel accounts (m)	4.8	4.2	+14.6%							4.8	4.2	+14.6%
Nickel points of sale	12,330	11,479	+7.4%							12,330	11,479	+7.4%
AuM (Personal Investors, €bn)	160.2	186.0	-13.9%							160.2	186.0	-13.9%
European customer orders Personal Investors (m)	9.1	8.3	+9.8%							9.1	8.3	+9.8%
* Including 2/3 of private banking												

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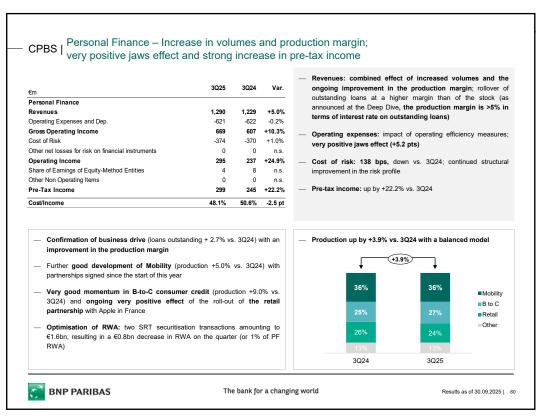
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CPBS | 9M25 Dashboard - Specialised Businesses incl. New Digital Businesses & Personal Investors* 9M25 9M24 V Total Specialised Rusinesses incl. Personal Finance incl. Arval & Leasing Solutions 7,010 7,301 -4.0% 3,818 3,696 +3.3% 2,402 2,813 -14.6% 791 792 -0.2% Operating Expenses and Dep -3 662 -3.626 +1.0% -1.946 -1.938 +0.4% -1.213 -1.153 +5.3% -6.0% 3,348 3,675 -8.9% 1,872 1,758 +6.5% -28.4% 287 +11.7% Gross operating profit 1,188 1,660 257 Cost of Risk and others 1.438 -1.332 +8.0% -1,205 -1.122 +7.4% -150 -137 +9.4% +14.7% -18.5% 667 -31.8% +10.5% 2,344 +4.8% 1,039 Operating Income 636 1,523 1,910 Share of Earnings of Equity-Method Entities 13 30 -7.3% Other Non Operating Items Pre-Tax Income 1.833 2.342 -21.7% 680 667 +1.9% 954 1.493 -36.1% 199 182 +9.5% 41.0% 67.5% Cost/Income (%) 52.2% 49.7% +2.6 pt 51.0% 52.4% -1.5 pt 50.5% +9.5 pt 63.7% -3.9 pt Cost of risk (in annualised bp) -13.6% 148.0 150.0 5.9 RWA 82.5 84.2 60.5 59.9 +0.9% Allocated Equity (YTD) 18.9 18.8 +1.0% 10.7 10.7 +0.5% 7.3 7.0 +4.3% 0.9 1.0 -17.0% 13.0% 16.8% 8.5% 8.5% 17.4% 28.4% -11.0 pt 23.3% +7.4 pt RONE (annualised basis) -3.8 pt +0.1 pt 30.6% Loans outstanding (€bn) Of which consolidated outstandings - Arval 175.3 167.9 +4.4% 106.6 103.5 +3.0% 67.1 62.6 +7.2% 1.6 1.8 -12.0% 43.0 +11.5% Of which consolidated outstandings - Leasing Solution 24.1 24.1 +0.3% 24.1 24.1 +0.3% 32.2 33.5 32.2 33.5 -4.1% Arval fleet (k) 1,831 1,745 +4.9% 1,831 1,745 +4.9% +14.6% 4.8 4.2 +14.6% 12.330 11.479 Nickel points of sale +7.4% 12.330 11.479 +7.4% AuM (Personal Investors, €bn) 160.2 -13.9% 160.2 186.0 -13.9% European customer orders Personal Investors (m) +11.2% +11.2% 29.0 26.1 26.1 29.0 * Including 2/3 of private banking BNP PARIBAS The bank for a changing world Results as of 30.09.2025 | 59

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CPBS | Arval & Leasing Solutions – Strong organic growth in revenues and last significant impact of the used-car revenue base effect at Arval; increase in Leasing Solutions revenues

€m	3Q25	3Q24	Var.
Arval & Leasing Solutions			
Revenues	771	861	-10.5%
Operating Expenses and Dep.	-403	-381	+5.9%
Gross Operating Income	368	481	-23.5%
Cost of Risk & others	-47	-32	+46.7%
Operating Income	320	448	-28.6%
Share of Earnings of Equity-Method Entities	0	0	n.s.
Other Non Operating Items	-29	-4	n.s.
Pre-Tax Income	291	445	-34.5%
Cost/Income	52.3%	44.2%	+8.1 pt

- Revenues
- Arval: increase in organic revenues (+9.3%) (financial margin and margin on services), driven by fleet expansion; base effect on used-car revenues vs. 2024, but decreasing (reminder of used-car revenue contributions: €263m in 1Q24, €265m in 2Q24, €147min 3Q24, €52m in 4Q24, €28m in 1Q25, €13m in 2Q25, and €9m in 3Q25)
- Leasing Solutions: increase in revenues (+2.0%) thanks mainly to improved margins
- Operating expenses: related to inflation and business development; positive jaws effect excluding the impact of used-car revenues (+0.8 pt)

— Arval

- Continued growth in the financed fleet (1.9m vehicles, +5.1%¹ vs. 3Q24) and in outstandings (+9.4% vs. 3Q24), particularly in Spain, Italy and Germany
- Strong growth in long-term leasing to Individual customers (+11.1% vs. 3Q24, ~12% of the vehicle fleet), thanks to successful new partnerships

Leasing Solutions

- Slight decrease in outstandings (-0.9% vs. 3Q24) and improved margins
- Good expansion of business in the Technology segment (+17.5% vs. 3Q24) and signing of a new partnership with EPSON





BNP PARIBAS

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Results as of 30.09.2025 | 61

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CPBS | New Digital Businesses and Personal Investors – 2025 target confirmed: revenues > €1bn

-2 62	-1 59	+10.9% +5.4%
	-1	+10.9%
• • •		
64	60	+5.5%
0	1	n.s
-1	-2	-10.89
65	61	+6.19
-30	-27	+11.99
95	88	+7.99
-174	-180	-3.49
269	268	+0.3%
3Q25	3Q24	Var
	-174 95 -30 65 -1	269 268 -174 -180 95 88 -30 -27 65 61 -1 -2 0 1

Including 100% of Private Banking for the Revenues to Pre-tax income line items – Allocated equity available in quarterly series

- Scope effect: divestment of an entity (2024 revenues of ~€100m; 2024 costs of ~-€70m)
- Revenues: strong increase in revenues (+13.3% at constant scope and exchange rates) with an increase in customer numbers and a good level of business
- Operating expenses up (+8.8% at constant scope and exchange rates) driven by business development; very positive jaws effect (+4.5 pts at constant scope and exchange rates)
- Pre-tax income: €62m (+27.9% at constant scope and exchange rates)

Nickel, a payment solution accessible to all

- Robust increase in deposits (+12.3% vs. 3Q24), driven by an increase in subscription numbers (+14.6% vs. 3Q24) both in France and internationally
- 4.8m accounts opened as of 30.09.25 and ~12,300 points of sale
- Floa, among the French leaders in "buy now, pay later"
- Fast growth in production of FLOA Pay internationally (+66% vs. 3Q24) and increase in total FLOA revenue
 BNP Paribas Personal Investors, digital bank and banking services in
- Germany
- Good business drive with an increase in transactions (+9.8% vs. 3Q24)
- Good level of customer acquisitions in a highly competitive environment (+9.7% vs. 30.09.24)

Personal Investors: increase in transactions

+9.8%

10.1 9.8

8.3 9.1

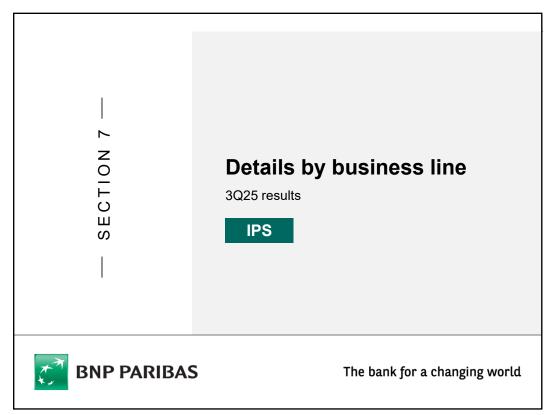
3024 4024 1025 2025 3025 millions

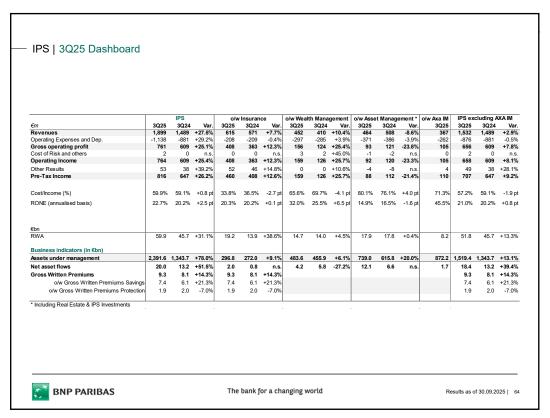
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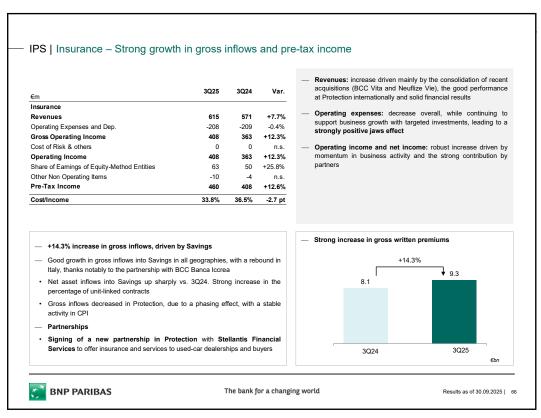
Results as of 30.09.2025 | 62

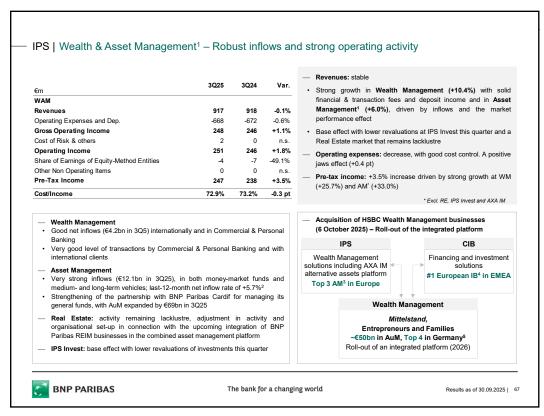


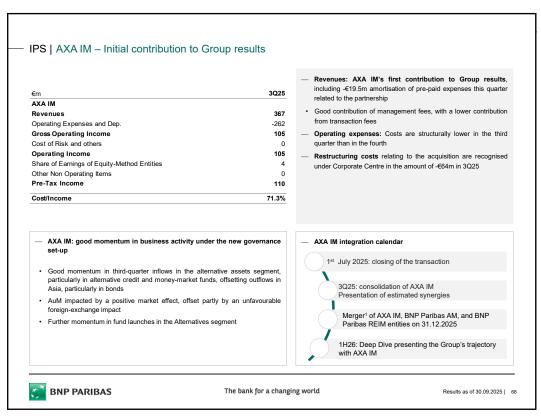


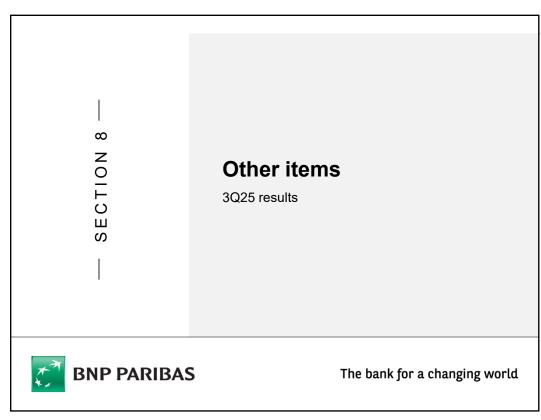
IPS | 9M25 Dashboard IPS excluding AXA IM 9M25 9M24 Var. 4,927 4,359 +13.0% -2,918 -2,643 +10.4% 2,009 1,716 +17.1% -3 -2 +45.5% 9M24 Var. 1,703 +6.7% 9M25 9M24 Var. 9M25 9M24 1,349 1,237 +9.1% 1,393 1,419 9M25 9M24 Var. 4,560 4,359 +4.6% Revenues Operating Expenses and Dep. Gross operating profit Cost of Risk and others Operating Income Other Results -2,643 +0.5% 1,716 +10.9% -2 +45.5% 1,714 +10.9% -614 **1,204** -618 -0.7% 1,085 +11.0% -885 +3.3% 351 +23.5% -1,127 **266** -1,140 **279** -262 **105** -2,656 **1,904** -2 +45.5% 1,714 +17.1% 121 n.s. 2,006 331 1,204 328 1,085 +11.0% 353 +23.8% Cost/Income (%) 59.2% 60.6% -1.4 pt 33.8% 36.3% -2.5 pt 67.8% 71.6% -3.8 pt 80.9% 80.3% +0.6 p 71.3% 58.3% 60.6% -2.4 pt RONE (annualised basis) 23.7% 19.9% +3.8 pt 23.2% 20.7% +2.5 pt 31.4% 25.3% +6.0 pt 15.8% 13.6% +2.2 pt 45.5% 23.2% 19.9% +3.2 pt €bn RWA 59.9 45.7 +31.1% 19.2 13.9 +38.6% 14.7 14.0 +4.5% 17.9 17.8 +0.4% 51.8 45.7 +13.3% 2,391.6 1,343.7 +78.0% 296.8 272.0 +9.1% 483.6 455.9 +6.1% 739.0 615.8 +20.0% 60.5 55.3 +9.5% 7.7 3.7 n.s. 20.2 26.7 -24.5% 31.0 24.9 +24.6% 1,519.4 1,343.7 +13.1% Assets under management 55.3 +9.5% 26.6 +18.0% 20.6 +22.8% Net asset flows Gross Written Premiums 60.5 31.4 58.9 31.4 55.3 +6.5% 26.6 +18.0% 26.6 +18.0% 31.4 o/w Gross Written Premiums Savings 25.3 25.3 20.6 +22.8% 25.3 20.6 +22.8% o/w Gross Written Premiums Protection 6.2 6.1 +1.8% 6.2 6.1 +1.8% 6.2 6.1 +1.8% * Including Real Estate & IPS Investments BNP PARIBAS The bank for a changing world Results as of 30.09.2025 | 65

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CORPORATE Restatements of volatility and attributable operating expenses related to insurance CENTRE | activities 3Q25 3024 Var. Corporate Center: restatement related to insurance activities of the volatility (IFRS9) and attributable costs (internal distributors) Revenues Revenues including TRAC +4.6% -262 +4.6% Revenus TRAC n.s. 14 -288 Restatement of the volatility (Insurance business) Restatement of attributable costs (Internal Distributors) -272 +6.1% Operating Expenses and Dep. Restatement of attributable costs (Internal Distributors) +6.1% 272 +6.1% Gross Operating Income Cost of Risk n.s. Other net losses for risk on financial instruments Operating Income +47.0% Share of Earnings of Equity-Method Entities Other Non Operating Items n.s. n.s. +47.0% Pre-Tax Income Since 01.01.23, Corporate Centre has included two restatements related to the application of IFRS 17, alongside the implementation of IFRS 9 for insurance activities. For a better readability, these restatements will be reported separately each quarter. Operating expenses deemed "attributable to insurance activities" are recognised in deduction of Revenues and no longer booked in operating expenses. The impact of these entries for internal distributors is presented in Corporate Centre. These entries have no impact on gross operating income. The impact of volatility generated by the fair value accounting of assets through profit and loss (IFRS 9) is presented in Corporate Centre and therefore has no impact on Insurance revenues; the increase in volatility is related to the financial markets this quarter BNP PARIBAS The bank for a changing world Results as of 30.09.2025 | 70

CORPORATE Excluding restatements related to insurance activities – 3Q25 CENTRE | 3Q25 3Q24 Var. €m Corporate Center excl. restatement related to insurance activities of the volatility (IFRS9) and attributable costs (internal distributors) n.s. +14.4% Revenues -135 Operating Expenses and Dep. -264 -302 Incl. Restructuring, IT Reinforcement and Adaptation Costs +5.9% **Gross Operating Income** -239

Other net losses for risk on financial instruments n.s. Operating Income -246 Share of Earnings of Equity-Method Entities 12 55 n.s. Other Non Operating Items Pre-Tax Income -389 -282 +37.6%

- Reminder: following the restating of quarterly series reported in March 2025, the non-core* perimeter of Personal Finance is now included in Corporate Centre.
- - Revaluation of proprietary credit risk included in derivatives (DVA): -€56m (+€52m in 3Q24)
 - Impact of the interest rate decline and the acquisition of Axa IM on the shareholders equity remuneration
- Operating expenses
- Restructuring and adaptation costs: -€89m (-€64m in 3Q24)

Cost of Risk

- Off which -€64m linked to AXA IM integration
- IT reinforcement costs: -€65m (-€81m in 3Q24)
- 3Q25 pre-tax income: -€389m

+48.3%

-6

-9



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NUMBER OF SHARES AND EARNINGS PER SHARE

Number of Shares		
In millions	30-Sep-25	30-Sep-24
Number of Shares (end of period)	1,131	1,131
Number of Shares excluding Treasury Shares (end of period)	1,115	1,128
Average number of Shares outstanding excluding Treasury Shares	1,122	1,135
Reminder: 14 025 014 shares have been renurchased under the 2025 Share Ruyhack Prod	ram. They have been cancelled on	1st October 2025

Earnings Per Share (EPS)		
n millions	30-Sep-25	30-Sep-24
Net income attributable to equity holders	9,253	9,366
Remuneration net of tax of Undated Super Subordinated Notes	-579	-571
Exchange rate effect on reimbursed Undated Super Subordinated Notes	66	-58
Net income attributable to equity holders, after remuneration and exchange rate effect on Undated Super Subordinated Notes	8,740	8,737
Average number of Shares outstanding excluding Treasury Shares	1,122	1,135
Net Earnings per Share (EPS) in euros	7.79	7.70

was paid on 30 September 2025.



The bank for a changing world

Results as of 30.09.2025 | 72

BOOK VALUE PER SHARE

in millions of euros	30-Sep-25	30-Sep-24	
Shareholders' Equity Group share	123,845	124,961	(1)
of which Changes in assets and liabilities recognised directly in equity (valuation reserve)	-4,687	-3,245	
of which Undated Super Subordinated Notes	10,589	12,138	(2)
of which Remuneration net of tax payable to holders of Undated Super Subordinated Notes	144	139	(3)
Net Book Value (a)	113,112	112,684	(1)-(2)-(3
Deduction of goodwill and intangibles	-11,502	-9,859	
Tangible Net Book Value (a)	101,610	102,825	
Number of Shares excluding Treasury Shares (end of period) in millions	1,115	1,128	
Book Value per Share (euros)	101.5	99.9	
of which book value per share excluding valuation reserve (euros)	105.7	102.7	
Net Tangible Book Value per Share (euros)	91.2	91.1	

BNP PARIBAS

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Results as of 30.09.2025 | 74

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RETURN ON EQUITY AND PERMANENT SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (1/2)

in millions of euros	30-Sep-25	30-Sep-24	
Net Book Value	113,112	112,684	(1)
of which changes in assets and liabilities recognised directly in equity (valuation reserve)	-4,687	-3,245	(2)
Inclusion of annualisation of restated result (a)	3,213	3,240	(3)
2024 dividend distribution project	-	-7,069	(4)
2025 dividend distribution project	-4,170	-	(5)
Restatement of remuneration of Undated Super Subordinated Notes for the annualised calculation	-185	-196	(6)
ermanent shareholders' equity, not revaluated, used for the calculation of ROE (b)	116,657	111,904	(1)-(2)+(3) +(4)+(5)+(6
eduction of goodwill and intangibles	-11,502	-9,859	
angible permanent shareholders' equity, not revaluated, used for the calculation of ROTE (b)	105,155	102,045	
verage permanent shareholders' equity, not revaluated, used for the ROE calculation (c)	114,214	109,341	
verage tangible permanent shareholders' equity, not revaluated, used for the ROTE calculation (d)	103,492	99,583	
(a) 1/3 of 9M Net Income Group share excluding exceptional items but including IT reinforcement, adaptation and restruct			
(b) Excluding Undated Super Subordinated Notes, remuneration net of tax payable to holders of Undated Super Subordin net income	nated Notes, and includi	ing the assumptio	ns of distribution
(c) Average Permanent shareholders' equity: average of beginning of the year and end of the period including in partie exceptional items and contribution to taxes not annualised (Permanent Shareholders' equity = Shareholders' equity a recognised directly in equity - Undated Super Subordinated Notes - remuneration net of tax payable to holders of assumption) (d) Average Tangible permanent shareholders' equity: average of beginning of the year and end of the period including in	ttributable to shareholde Undated Super Suboro	ers - changes in a dinated Notes - d net income as at 3	ssets and liabili ividend distribu

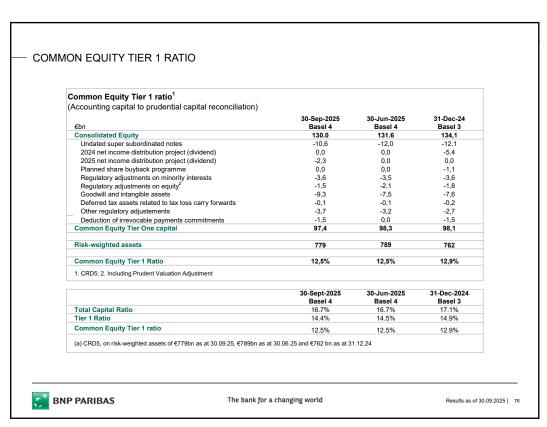
The bank for a changing world

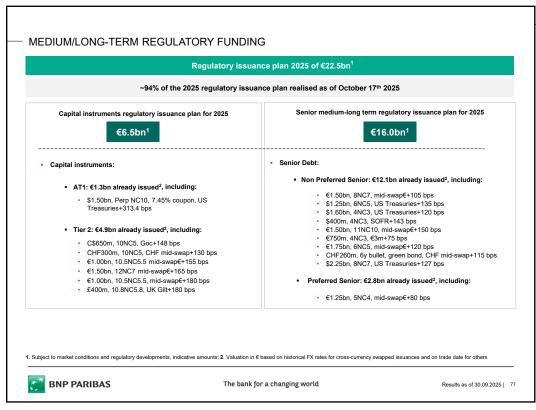
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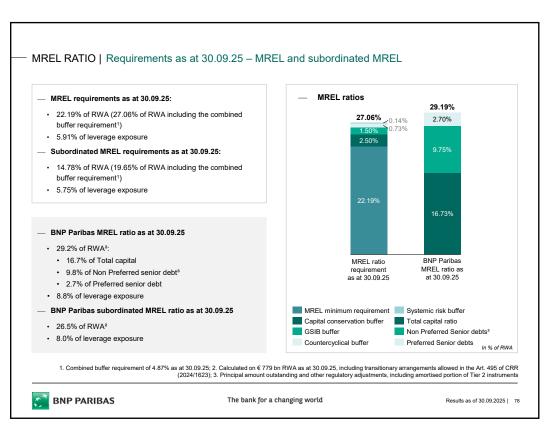
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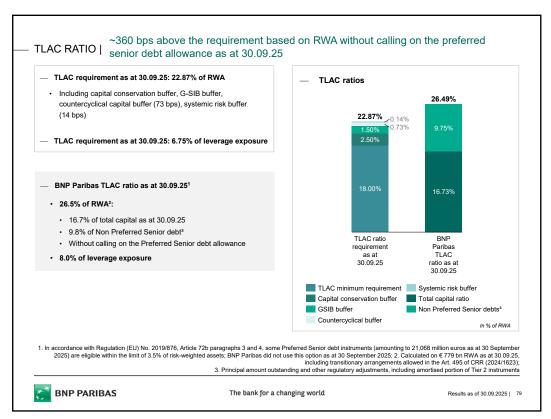
RETURN ON EQUITY AND PERMANENT SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (2/2) Calculation of Return on Equity 30-Sep-25 9,253 30-Sep-24 in millions of euros Net income Group share (1) 9,366 Exceptional items (after tax) (a) -35 42 (2) (3) (4) of which exceptional items (not annualised) 240 261 of which IT reinforcement and restructuring costs (annualised) Systemic levies after tax -625 -614 (5) Net income Group share, not revaluated (exceptional items and systemic levies not annualised) (b) 12,832 12,898 (6) Remuneration net of tax of Undated Super Subordinated Notes and exchange effect -698 -825 Impact of annualised IT reinforcement and restructuring costs -367 -292 Net income Group share used for the calculation of ROE / ROTE (c) 11,768 11,781 109,341 Average permanent shareholders' equity, not revaluated, used for the ROE calculation (d) 114,214 Return on Equity (ROE) 10.3% 10.8% Average tangible permanent shareholders' equity, not revaluated, used for the ROTE calculation (e) 103,492 99,583 Return on Tangible Equity (ROTE) 11.4% 11.8% See slide 41 Based on annualised reported Net Income, Group share as at 30 September 2025, (6)=4/3*[(1)-(2)-(5)]+(3)+(5) Based on annualised reported Net income, Group share as at 30 September 2025 Average Permanent shareholders' equity: average between beginning of the year and end of the period including in particular annualised reported Net Income as at 30 September 2025 with exceptional items and taxes not annualised (Permanent Shareholders' equity = Shareholders' equity attributable to shareholders - changes in assets and liabilities recognised directly in equity - Undated Super Subordinated Notes - remuneration net of tax payable to holders of Undated Super Subordinated Notes - dividend distribution assumption) Average Tangible permanent shareholders' equity: average between beginning of the year and end of the period including in particular annualised reported Net Income as at 30 September 2025 with exceptional items and taxes not annualised (Tangible permanent shareholders' equity = permanent shareholders' equity - intangible assets goodwill) BNP PARIBAS The bank for a changing world Results as of 30.09.2025 | 75

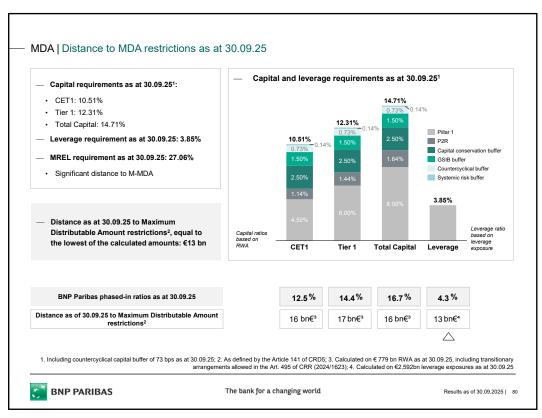
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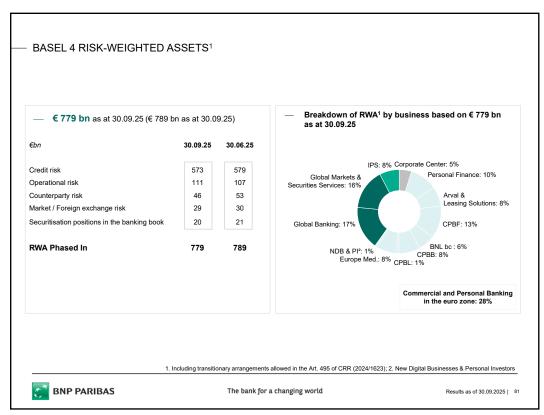


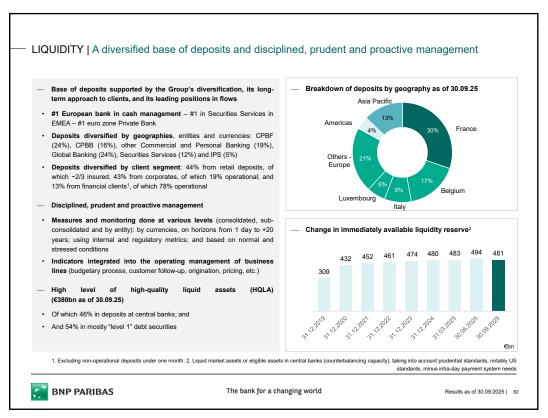












NOTES

1. Charges related to the risk of invalidation or non-enforceability of financial instruments granted

Slide 41

- 1. 60% ownership in Ukrsibbank, with the remaining 40% held by the European Bank for
- Reconstruction and Development

 Impact from the application of IAS 29 and recognition of the performance of inflation-linked hedging instruments in Türkiye (CPI Linkers)

Slide 45

- Dealogic.
 EMEA IB, DCM Euro, Global securitisation, EMEA Corporate IG in 9M25, ranking based on
- fees

 DCM Global, EMEA and Global securitisation, DCM in EMEA, Syndicated Loans in EMEA,
- DUM Global, EMEA and Global securitisation, DUM in EMEA, Syndicated Loans in EMEA, ECM in EMEA in BMES, ranking based on volumes
 2. Average historical AuM. A change of methodology occurred in 4Q24 whereby the total GB assets and liabilities reported now include only loans and deposits whereas securities and other asset/liabilities were previously included. Excluding this change, the historical growth rate would be -2.8% for loans and 2.5% for deposits.

Slide 46

1. Based on Coalition - Top100 Equity Wallet names in FY24

Slide 47

1. Assets under custody (AuC) and under administration (AuA)

Slide 48

1. VaR calculated to monitor market limits

Slide 52

- Including 100% of Private Banking
 Excluding PEL/CEL impact (revenues impact -€8.5m in 3Q25; €8.8 in 3Q24)
 With 2/3 of Private Banking

- Including 100% of Private Banking
 Excluding PEL/CEL impact (revenues impact -€8.5m in 3Q25; €8.8 in 3Q24)
 With 2/3 of Private Banking

- Including 100% of Private Banking
 With 2/3 of Private Banking
 Life insurance, Mutual Funds and Securities Accounts

Slide 55

- Including 100% of Private Banking
 With 2/3 of Private Banking

- Slide 56

- Including 100% of Private Banking
 With 2/3 of Private Banking

Slide 57

- Including 100% of Private Banking
 With 2/3 of Private Banking
- Find 2/3 or Finder ballking
 End-of-period exchange rate in application of IAS 29 to Türkiye
 Average exchange rates

Slide 61

1. End-of-period increase in the fleet

— Slide 67

- Asset Management, Wealth Management, Real Estate and IPS Investments, excluding AXA IM
 Net inflows on the last twelve months divided by the assets under management
- 2. Net inflows on the last tweive mortins divided by the assets under management of the beginning of the period
 3. Ranking based on the assets under management (AuM) as of 31.12.2024 published by the companies. Pro-forma combined AuM including the delegation of assets considered for BNP Paribas Cardiffs AuM
 4. Dealogic EMEA IB over 9M25, ranking based on commissions
 5. Assets published on 31.12.2024

- Slide 68

1. Merger of the main legal entities of BNPP AM, AXA IM and BNP Paribas REIM, subject to regulatory approvals and employee representatives



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2. Risks and capital adequacy - Pillar 3 (not audited)

KEY FIGURES

Regulation (EU) No 2024/1623 ("CRR3")(1) provides, as from 1 January 2025, new provisions for the calculation of capital requirements.

The main effects of this regulation are the introduction of new prudential requirements for European banks, with the extensive use of standardised risk weighting models, as opposed to internal models for which the scope of application has been limited and which are subject to the application of an input floor. This is also accompanied by the establishment of an output floor setting a lower limit to the capital requirements determined according to the banks' internal models.

This limit is set, in the future (in 2030), at 72.5% of the capital requirements that would apply on the basis of risk calculated according to standardised approaches, and thus represents a new minimum requirement for European banks. This limit is phased-in over a transitional period, with a floor set at 50% in 2025.

In general, these regulatory changes result in an increase in the amount of risk-weighted assets, in particular due to the operational risk, now subject to the application of a single standard method.

In the following document, references made to Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 ("CRR") include all subsequent amendments following its enforcement, and notably Regulation (EU) No 2019/876 ("CRR 2") and newly Regulation (EU) No 2024/1623 ("CRR 3"). Such references will be labelled as the "CRR Regulation".

The elements published are presented after the application of the transitional measures ("phased-in"), unless otherwise specified. For ease of use, a"[Phased-in]" mention is also indicated in the title of the corresponding sections.

In addition to determining the output floor, the transitional measures relating to the various calculation parameters correspond mainly to:

- The provisions of Article 495 of the CRR Regulation, namely:
 - The recognition of specific Loss Given Default (LGD) input floors for specialised lending exposures treated under the Internal Ratings-Based Approach;
 - The application of a 80% risk weight on specialised lending exposures for object financing;
 - The addition of a factor for determining the exposure at default of an unconditionally cancellable commitment:
- The provisions of Article 465 of the CRR Regulation, namely:
 - The application of a 65% risk weight to corporate exposures for which there is no credit assessment by a designated External Credit Assessment Institution (ECAI) and provided that the estimated probability of default (PD) of these debtors does not exceed 0.5%;
 - The application of a 10% risk weight to the part of the exposures secured by mortgages on residential property, up to 55% of the property value, and 45% to any remaining part of the exposures, up to 80% of the property value;
 - The application of a reduced "p" factor to securitisation positions weighted under the SEC-IRBA approach or the Internal Assessment Approach;
 - The replacement by 1 of the "alpha" factor in the calculation of the exposure at default under the SA-CCR(2) approach.

As a reminder, following the publication of the update to the Report on the monitoring of additional Tier 1 (AT1), Tier 2 and TLAC/MREL eligible liabilities instruments of EU institutions by the European Banking Authority (EBA) in June 2024, the Group has modified the valuation method for additional Tier 1 (AT1) and Tier 2 instruments to include the covered value change and accrued but unpaid interest from the second quarter of this year. The impact of this evolution on the numerators of the total capital ratio and the TLAC and MREL ratios as of 30 June 2025 is mostly -0.7 billion euros.

On the other hand, and as a reminder, the grandfathering clause introduced by Article 494 ter paragraph 2 of the CRR Regulation ended on June 28, 2025, and an amount of €0.9 billion of Tier 2 capital is therefore no longer eligible for prudential capital as of June 30, 2025, corresponding to English law securities without a bail-in clause. The Single Resolution Board (SRB) having resumed the same principles regarding the grandfathering clause, amounts of €1.4 billion of amortisation of Tier 2 instruments and €2.3 billion of senior preferred debt are also no longer included in the debts eligible for TLAC and MREL ratios.

⁽f) Regulation (EU) 2024/1623 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 May 2024 - transposition into European law of the finalisation of Basel 3 (Basel 4) - amending Regulation (EU) 575/2013, published in the Official Journal of the European Union on 19 June 2024

(2) Standardised Approach for Counterparty Credit Risk

The Group announced on May 19, 2025, the launch of the share buyback program planned for 2025 for a maximum amount of €1,084 million and for which authorisation was obtained from the European Central Bank. By 9 June 2025, the programme had been fully executed, and the repurchased actions were cancelled at the beginning of October.

In chapter 5, the figures shown may not appear to add up in certain columns and rows due to rounding.

Update of the 2024 Universal registration document, table 1 page 336

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 2024/3172, the publication of the KM1 table evolves according to the EBA's implementing technical standards (EBA/ITS/2024/06). This now includes the new requirements of the CRR Regulation, according to the inclusion of capital ratios calculated with or without taking into account the impact of the output floor.

► TABLE 1: KEY INDICATORS (EU KM1) [Phased-in]

	а	b	С	d	е
	30 September			31 December	30 September
In millions of euros	2025	30 June 2025	31 March 2025	2024	2024
Available own funds					
1 Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital	97,383	98,281	98,255	98,128	96,255
2 Tier 1 capital ⁽¹⁾	112,519	114,745	113,743	113,768	111,853
3 Total capital ⁽¹⁾	130,395	131,936	132,624	130,581	126,867
Risk-weighted assets					
4 Total risk-weighted assets (« floored »)	779,177	788,850	783,440	762,247	759,445
4a Total risk-weighted assets pre-floor (« un-floored »)	779,177	788,850	783,440		
Capital ratios (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets) (%)					
5 CET1 ratio (« floored »)	12.50%	12.46%	12.54%	12.87%	12.67%
5b CET1 ratio considering unfloored total risk exposure amounts (« u floored »)	in- 12.50%	12.46%	12.54%		
6 Tier 1 ratio (« floored »)	14.44%	14.55%	14.52%	14.93%	14.73%
6b Tier 1 ratio considering unfloored total risk exposure amounts (« to floored »)	in- 14.44%	14.55%	14.52%		
7 Total capital ratio (« floored »)	16.73%	16.73%	16.93%	17.13%	16.71%
7b Total capital ratio considering unfloored total risk exposure amour (« un-floored »)	nts 16.73%	16.73%	16.93%		
Additional own funds requirements in relation to on SREP (Pillar 2 re	quirement as a perc	entage of risk-w	eighted assets) (%)	
EU 7d Total Pillar 2 requirements	1.84%	1.84%	1.84%	1.77%	1.77%
EU 7e Of which Additional CET1 SREP requirements	1.14%	1.14%	1.14%	1.11%	1.11%
EU 7f Of which Additional Tier 1 SREP requirements	1.44%	1.44%	1.44%	1.40%	1.40%
EU 7g Total SREP own funds requirements	9.84%	9.84%	9.84%	9.77%	9.77%
Combined buffer requirement (as a percentage of risk-weighted asse	ts) (%)				
8 Capital conservation buffer EU 8a Conservation buffer due to macro-prudential or systemic risk identified at the level of a Member State (%)	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
9 Countercyclical capital buffer	0.73%	0.70%	0.69%	0.67%	0.65%
EU 9a Systemic risk buffer ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	0.14%	0.13%	0.09%	0.04%	0.00%
10 Global Systemically Important Institution buffer (G-SII)	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
EU 10a Other Systemically Important Institution buffer (O-SII)	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
11 Combined buffer requirement (4)	4.87%	4.84%	4.78%	4.72%	4.65%
EU 11a Total overall capital requirements (5)	14.71%	14.68%	14.62%	14.49%	14.42%
12 CET1 available after meeting the total SREP own funds requirements	6.86%	6.82%	6.90%	7.26%	6.94%
Leverage ratio					
13 Leverage ratio total exposure measure	2,592,106	2,604,850	2,601,004	2 464 334	2,532,529
14 Leverage ratio (%)	4.34%	4.41%	4.37%	4.62%	4.42%
Additional own funds requirements to address risks of excessive lev	erage (as a percent	age of leverage r	atio total exposu	re measure)(%)	
EU 14a Additional requirements to address risk of excessive leverage	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%
EU 14b Of which Additional CET1 leverage ratio requirements	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
EU 14c Total SREP leverage ratio requirements	3.10%	3.10%	3.10%	3.10%	3.10%
Buffer and total leverage ratio requirement (as a percentage of leverage	ge ratio total expos	ure measure) (%	.)		
EU 14d Applicable leverage buffer	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
EU 14e Overall leverage ratio requirements	3.85%	3.85%	3.85%	3.85%	3.85%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio					
15 Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) (Weighted value - average	398,114	394,695	385,146	380,615	382,064
EU 16a Cash outflows - Total weighted value	583,130	572,494	560,293	544,168	528,616
EU 16b Cash inflows - Total weighted value	284,079	269,841	263,786	253,015	241,052
16 Total net cash outflows (adjusted value)	299,052	302,652	296,507	291,153	287,565
17 Liquidity coverage ratio (%)	133.28%	130.44%	129.93%	130.80%	132.96%
Net Stable Funding Ratio					
18 Total available stable funding	1,051,863	1,043,581	1,046,161	1,041,153	1,023,548
19 Total required stable funding	960,929	953,422	950,417	931,639	920,796
20 Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)	109.46%	109.46%	110.07%	111.75%	111.16%

⁽f) Following the publication of the update to the Report on the monitoring of additional Tier 1 (AT1), Tier 2 and TLAC/MREL eligible liabilities instruments of EU institutions by the European Banking Authority (EBA) in June 2024, the Group has modified the valuation method for additional Tier 1 (AT1) and Tier 2 instruments to include the covered value change and accrued but unpaid interest from the second quarter of 2025.

(2) In accordance with the reciprocity measure adopted by the HCFS on 10 February 2025, the sectoral systemic risk buffer (SyRB) on mortgage portfolios in Belgium

is applicable at BNP Paribas Group consolidated level.

(3) Evolution of the systemic risk buffer rate in Italy, from 0.5% of credit and counterparty RWA as of December 31, 2024, to 1% as of June 30, 2025, in accordance with the decision adopted in 2024.

(4) The buffer requirements take into account the highest buffer between G-SII and O-SII.

(5) Excluding non-public Pillar 2 guidance (P2G)

As at 30 September 2025, CET1 capita requirement for LCR and NSFR ratios is 10	I requirement 00%.	stood at	10.51%	of risk-weighted	assets.	The	minimum

Regulatory capital and capital ratios as at 31 March 2025, 30 June 2025 and 30 September 2025 take into account a 60% of net income assumption for 2025, adjusted for the remuneration on the undated super subordinated notes.

Update of the 2024 Universal registration document, table 2 page 337.

► TABLE 2: MREL & TLAC RATIOS (EU KM2) [Phased-in]

		а		b	С	d	е	f
		MREL			TLAC			
In millio	ns of euros	30 September 2025	30 June 2025	30 September 2025	30 June 2025		31 December 2024	30 September 2024
Own fu	ınds and eligible liabilities, ratios and components							
1	Total capital and other eligible liabilities	227,435	227,657	206,366	206,989	212,021	208,042	203,377
EU-1a	of which own funds and subordinated liabilities	206,366	206,989					
2	Risk-weighted assets	779,177	788,850	779,177	788,850	783,440	762,247	759,445
3	Own funds and eligible liabilities ratio, in percentage of risk-weighted assets	29.19%	28.86%	26.49%	26.24%	27.06%	27.29%	26.78%
EU-3a	of which own funds and subordinated liabilities	26,49%	26.24%					
4	Leverage ratio total exposure measure	2,592,106	2,604,850	2,592,106	2,604,850	2,601,004	2,464,334	2,532,529
5	Own funds and eligible liabilities ratio, in percentage of leverage ratio total exposure measure	8.77%	8.74%	7.96%	7.95%	8.15%	8.44%	8.03%
EU-5a	of which own funds or subordinated liabilities	7.96%	7.95%					
6a	Application of the exemption provided by Article 72b(4) of CRR Regulation			Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
6b	In case of application of Article 72b, paragraph 3 of CRR Regulation : total amount of preferred senior debt eligible to TLAC ratio ⁽¹⁾			Not applied	Not applied	Not applied	Not applied	Not applied
6c	In case of application of Article 72b, paragraph 3 of CRR Regulation : proportion of preferred senior debt used in the calculation of the TLAC ratio ⁽¹⁾			Not applied	Not applied	Not applied	Not applied	Not applied
EU-7	Requirement in percentage of risk-weighted assets	22.19%	22.19%	18.00%	18,00%	18,00%	18.00%	18.00%
EU-8	of which to be met with own funds or subordinated liabilities	14.78%	14.78%					
	Requirement in percentage of risk-weighted assets, including combined buffer requirement	27.06%	27.03%	22.87%	22.84%	22.78%	22.72%	22.65%
	of which to be met with own funds or subordinated liabilities	19.65%	19.62%					
EU-9	Requirement in percentage of leverage ratio total exposure measure	5.91%	5.91%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%
EU-10	of which to be met with own funds or subordinated liabilities	5.75%	5.75%					

⁽f) In accordance with paragraphs 3 and 4 of Article 72 ter of the CRR Regulation, certain senior preferred debts (the amount of which reaches 21,068 million euros as of September 30, 2025) may be eligible up to 3.5% of risk-weighted assets. The Group does not use this option as of September 30, 2025.

REGULATORY CAPITAL

Update of the 2024 Universal registration document, table 13 page 374.

► TABLE 13: REGULATORY CAPITAL [Phased-in]

In millions of euros	30 September 2025	31 December 202
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital: instruments and reserves		
Capital instruments and the related share premium accounts ⁽¹⁾	20,178	20,202
of which ordinary shares	20,178	20,202
Retained earnings ⁽²⁾	93,119	91,859
Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves, to include unrealised gains and losses under the applicable accounting standards)	(4,459)	(2,277)
Minority interests (amount allowed in consolidated CET1)	2,523	2,448
Independently reviewed interim profits net of any foreseeable charge or distribution ⁽³⁾	3,505	
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 (CET1) CAPITAL BEFORE REGULATORY ADJUSTMENTS	114,867	112,231
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital: regulatory adjustments	(17,484)	(14,103)
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 (CET1) CAPITAL	97,383	98,128
Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital: instruments	15,626	16,124
Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital: regulatory adjustments	(489)	(484)
ADDITIONAL TIER 1 (AT1) CAPITAL	15,136	15,640
TIER 1 CAPITAL (T1 = CET1 + AT1)	112,519	113,768
Tier 2 (T2) capital: instruments and provisions	21,786	20,683
Tier 2 (T2) capital: regulatory adjustments	(3,910)	(3,870)
TIER 2 (T2) CAPITAL	17,876	16,813
TOTAL CAPITAL (TC = T1 + T2)	130,395	130,581
(0)		

⁽¹⁾ Including as at 31 December 2024, -EUR 1,055 million in capital reduction related to the cancellation at 6 May 2024 of shares acquired in connection with the

Excluding third quarter results, CET1 capital amounted to EUR 96,237 million, Tier 1 capital to EUR 111,374 million and total capital to EUR 129,249 million as at 30 September 2025.

[&]quot;Including as at 31 December 2024, FEDR 1,035 million in capital reduction related to the cancellation at 6 May 2024 of shares acquired in connection with the implementation of the 2024 share buyback programme carried out in full in 2024.

(2) Taking into account an anticipated distribution of 60% (of which -EUR 1,084 million in the form of share buybacks) in respect of 2024 income after taking into account the compensation cost of undated super subordinated notes.

(3) Taking into account a 60% proposed distribution of result subject to usual conditions. As at 30 September 2025, part of this result had already been paid as a dividend advance amounting to 2,891 million euros.

Update of the 2024 Universal registration document, table 16 page 377.

► TABLE 16: EFFECT OF THE APPLICATION OF TEMPORARY PROVISIONS RELATING TO SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES (Art. 468 of the CRR Regulation) [Phased-in]

		20 Cantombox 2025	24 Danambar 201
	nillions of euros nilable capital	30 September 2025	31 December 202
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital	97,383	98.12
2	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital as if the temporary provisions relating to sovereign exposures (Art. 468 of the CRR Regulation) had not been applied	96,881	98,12
3	Tier 1 capital	112,519	113,768
4	Tier 1 capital as if the temporary provisions relating to sovereign exposures (Art. 468 of the CRR Regulation) had not been applied	112,017	113,768
5	Total capital	130,395	130,58
6	Total capital as if the temporary provisions relating to sovereign exposures (Art. 468 of the CRR Regulation) had not been applied	129,893	130,58
Ris	k-weighted assets		
7	Risk-weighted assets	779,177	762,247
8	Risk-weighted assets as if the temporary provisions relating to sovereign exposures (Art. 468 of the CRR Regulation) had not been applied	779,429	762,24
Ca	pital ratios		
9	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital	12.50%	12.87%
10	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital as if the temporary provisions relating to sovereign exposures (Art. 468 of the CRR Regulation)	12.43%	12.87%
11	Tier 1 capital	14.44%	14.93%
12	Tier 1 capital as if the temporary provisions relating to sovereign exposures (Art. 468 of the CRR Regulation) had not been applied	14.37%	14.93%
13	Total capital	16.73%	17.13%
14	Total capital as if the temporary provisions relating to sovereign exposures (Art. 468 of the CRR Regulation) had not been applied	16.67%	17.13%
Le۱	verage ratios		
15	Leverage ratio total exposure measure	2,592,106	2,464,334
16	Leverage ratio	4.34%	4.62%
17	Leverage ratio as if the temporary provisions relating to sovereign exposures (Art. 468 of the CRR Regulation) had not been applied	4.32%	4.62%

CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND RISK-WEIGHTED ASSETS

Update of the 2024 Universal registration document, table 17 page 378.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 2024/3172, the publication of the OV1 table evolves without the EBA's implementing technical standards (EBA/ITS/2024/06). This now includes the new requirements of the CRR Regulation, according to the inclusion of total risk-weighted assets before and after application of the output floor (if applicable).

▶ TABLE 17: OVERVIEW OF RISK WEIGHTED EXPOSURE AMOUNTS (EU OV1) [Phased-in]

		а	b	С
			RWAs	Capital requirements
	s of euros	30 September 2025	31 December 2024	30 September 2025
1	Credit risk	572,665	579,602	45,813
2	Of which the standardised approach	286,563	227,092	22,925
3	Of which the foundation IRB (F-IRB) approach	115,028		9,202
4	Of which slotting approach			
EU 4a	Of which equities under the simple weighting approach		38,949	
5	Of which the advanced IRB (A-IRB) approach	157,254	311,061	12,580
6	Counterparty credit risk	41,437	48,097	3,315
7	Of which SACCR (Derivatives)	3,570	3,158	286
8	Of which internal model method (IMM)	29,632	31,554	2,371
EU 8a	Of which exposures to CCP related to clearing activities	7,831	8,827	626
	Of which CVA		4,084	
9	Of which other CCR	405	474	32
10	Credit valuation adjustments risk - CVA risk	4,942		395
EU 10a	Of which the standardised approach (SA)	1,727		138
EU 10b	Of which the basic approach (F-BA and R-BA)	3,215		257
EU 10c	Of which simplified approach			
15	Settlement risk	16	40	1
16	Securitisation exposures in the banking book	20,489	20,697	1,639
17	Of which internal ratings-based approach (SEC-IRBA)	11,588	11,308	927
18	Of which external ratings-based approach (SEC-ERBA)	1,426	1,565	114
19	Of which standardised approach (SEC-SA)	7,475	7,824	598
EU 19a	Of which exposures weighted at 1,250% ⁽¹⁾			
20	Market risk	28,598	28,123	2 288
21	Of which the Alternative standardised approach (A-SA)			
EU 21a	Of which the Simplified standardised approach (S-SA)			
	Of which standardised approach	8,620	7,968	690
22	Of which the Alternative internal model approach (A-IMA)			
	Of which internal model approach (IMA)	19,979	20,155	1,598
24	Operational risk	111,030	64,964	8,882
	Of which basic indicator approach		9,137	
	Of which standardised approach		11,094	
	Of which advanced measurement approach		44,733	
25	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight) ⁽²⁾	21,918	20,724	1,753
26	Output floor applied (%)	-		
27	Floor adjustment (before application of transitional cap)	-		
28	Floor adjustment (after application of transitional cap)	-		
29	TOTAL	779,177	762,247	62,334

⁽f) The Group opted for the deductive approach rather than a weighting of 1,250%. The amount of securitisation exposures in the banking book deducted from own funds stands at EUR 326 million at 30 September 2025 (402 million at 31 December 2024)

⁽²⁾ Starting from 2025, risk-weighted assets with amounts below the thresholds for deduction are now included in the credit risk, and these amounts are also included in the line "Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)". This new presentation does not impact the total amount of risk-weighted assets. The data as at 31 December 2024 are consistent with those published in the Universal registration document

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 2024/3172, the Table EU CMS1 has been introduced, presenting risk-weighted exposure amounts according to the different risk categories and according to different approaches.

The amounts of risk-weighted assets calculated according to the standard approach without application of the transitional provisions of Article 495 (column d) or in order to determine the base on which the output floor would apply (column EU d), are presented in accordance with the applicable implementing technical standards, and is based on a static balance sheet assumption and without considering the dynamic management of this balance sheet or any mitigation measures, nor any possible deferrals in the application of certain of these provisions.

Furthermore, figures presented in column d "Risk-Weighted Exposure Amounts calculated using full standardised approach" exclude any application of the transitional provisions set out in Article 465 of the CRR Regulation. However, these transitional provisions are taken into account in the EU d column "Risk-Weighted Exposure Amounts that is the base of the output floor". In both cases, the transitional provisions of Article 495 of the CRR Regulation are applied.

In addition, market risk-weighted exposure amounts calculated using the alternative standardised approach ("A-SA") and presented in the table below are included in the total exposure amounts using the standardised approach ("S-TREA") only for the calculation of the output floor. With a view to applying the standards of the fundamental review of the trading book ("FRTB"), BNP Paribas Group plans to maintain the use of the alternative approach based on internal models ("A-IMA") in determining its risk-weighted exposure amounts for the broadest possible range of exposures, in determining its capital requirements for market risk. FRTB is not currently applicable in view of the European Commission's delegated regulation postponing its date of application, with the exception of the calculation of the output floor. A number of amendments to the FRTB standards are currently under consideration by the European Commission, and no potential changes resulting from these consultations are included in the elements presented below.

► COMPARISON OF MODELLED AND STANDARDISED RISK WEIGHTED EXPOSURE AMOUNTS AT RISK LEVEL (EU CMS1)

CWIST)							
			b	С	d	EU d	
		Risk-weighted exposure amounts (RWEA) as at 30 Septe					
In m	illions of euros	RWEAs for modelled approaches that banks have supervisory approval to use	RWEAs for portfolios where standardised approaches are used	Total actual RWEAs	RWEAs calculated using full standardised approach (1)	RWEAs that is the base of the output floor	
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	272,282	300,383	572,665	766,475	728,096	
2	Counterparty credit risk	32,259	9,178	41,437	206,897	148,855	
3	Credit valuation adjustment		4,942	4,942	4,942	4,942	
4	Securitisation exposures in the banking book	11,588	8,901	20,489	47,032	27,685	
5	Market risk	19,979	8,620	28,598	71,189	71,189	
6	Operational risk		111,030	111,030	111,030	111,030	
7	Other risk weighted exposure amounts		16	16	16	16	
8	Total	336,107	443,069	779,177	1,207,580	1,091,812	

⁽¹⁾ Corresponds to the amount of risk-weighted exposure that would be used at the end of the transitional period for the application of the capital floor to compare the total determined risk-weighted assets using standardised methods (without applying the transitional provisions set out in Article 465 of CRR Regulation) and the total of risk-weighted assets calculated using internal models approaches, in accordance with Article 92 points (5) and (6) of CRR Regulation.

CREDIT RISK

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 2024/3172, the EU CMS2 table has been introduced and provides a presentation of credit risk exposures according to the different approaches.

The amounts of risk-weighted assets calculated according to the standard approach without application of the transitional provisions of Article 495 (column d) or in order to determine the base on which the output floor would apply (column EU d), are presented in accordance with the applicable implementing technical standards, and is based on a static balance sheet assumption and without considering the dynamic management of this balance sheet or any mitigation measures, nor any possible deferrals in the application of certain of these provisions.

Furthermore, figures presented in column d "Risk-Weighted Exposure Amounts calculated using full standardised approach" exclude any application of the transitional provisions set out in Article 465 of the CRR Regulation. However, these transitional provisions are taken into account in the EU d column "Risk-Weighted Exposure Amounts that is the base of the output floor". In both cases, the transitional provisions of Article 495 of the CRR Regulation are applied.

► COMPARISON OF MODELLED AND STANDARDISED RISK WEIGHTED EXPOSURE AMOUNTS FOR CREDIT RISK AT ASSET CLASS LEVEL (EU CMS2)

		а	b	С	d	EU d
			Risk	weighted exposure	amounts (RWEAs) as a	at 30 September 2025
In millions	of euros	RWEAs for modelled approaches that institutions have supervisory approval to use	RWEAs for column (a) if re-computed using the standardised approach	Total actual RWEAs	RWEAs calculated using full standardised approach ⁽¹⁾	RWEAs that is the base of the output floor
1	Central governments and central banks	4.078	4,251	15,940	16,113	16,113
EU 1a	Regional governments or local authorities	741	692	1,326	1,276	1,276
EU 1b	Public sector entities	1,285	1,561	2,681	2,958	2,958
EU 1c	Categorised as Multilateral Development Banks in SA	4	3	4	3	3
EU 1d	Categorised as International organisations in SA	1		2	1	1
2	Institutions	6,417	7,163	13,763	14,509	14,509
3	Equity			50,391	50,391	50,391
5	Corporates	168,745	246,029	251,666	367,329	328,950
5.1	of which: F-IRB is applied	98,094	158,340	98,094	186,006	158,332
5.2	of which: A-IRB is applied	70,651	87,689	70,651	98,361	87,689
EU 5a	of which: Corporates - General	151,785	213,923	234,107	334,624	296,244
EU 5b	of which: Corporates - Specialised lending	16,960	32,107	17,559	32,705	32,705
EU 5c	of which: Corporates - Purchased receivables	6,490	9,923	14,489	20,295	17,923
6	Retail	25,625	36,534	87,456	98,365	98,365
6.1	of which: Retail - Qualifying revolving	2,227	1,793	8,545	8,111	8,111
EU 6.1a	of which: Retail - Purchased receivables	304	304	756	756	756
EU 6.1b	of which: Retail - Other	23,094	34,437	78,155	89,498	89,498
6.2	Retail - Secured by residential real estate	23,777	60,697	31,530	68,451	68,451
EU 7a	Categorised as secured by immovable properties and ADC exposures in SA	54,980	119,348	72,770	137,139	137,139
EU 7b	Collective investment undertakings (CIU)			14,299	14,299	14,299
EU 7c	Categorised as exposures in default in SA	9,347	10,478	14,639	15,770	15,770
EU 7d	Categorised as subordinated debt exposures in SA	595	1,136	1,236	1,777	1,777
EU 7e	Categorised as covered bonds in SA	464	517	464	517	517
EU 7f	Categorised as claims on institutions and corporates with a short-term credit assessment in SA					
8	Others			46,027	46,027	46,027
9	Total	272,282	427,713	572,665	766,475	728,096

⁽f) Corresponds to the RWEAs which would be used at the end of the output floor transitional period for the purpose of comparing the full standardised risk-weighted assets for credit risk (S-RWEA) without applying transitional provisions of Article 465 of CRR Regulation, against the corresponding modelled RWEA for credit risk, calculated in accordance with Article 92 (5) and (6) of CRR Regulation.

Update of the 2024 Universal registration document, table 31 page 419.

► TABLE 31: CREDIT RISK-WEIGHTED ASSETS MOVEMENTS BY KEY DRIVER (EU CR8) [Phased-in]

► 3rd quarter 2025

		а		
		RWAs		Capital Requirements
In millions of euros	Total	of which IRB approach	Total	of which IRB approach
1 30 June 2025	578,920	281,924	46,314	22,554
2 Asset size	28	1,774	2	142
3 Asset quality	(4,060)	(2,885)	(325)	(231)
4 Model update	(7,544)	(7,577)	(603)	(606)
5 Methodology and policy	(4,210)		(337)	
6 Acquisitions and disposals	3,644	(1,939)	291	(155)
7 Currency	(564)	(49)	(45)	(4)
8 Others ⁽¹⁾	6,452	1,034	516	83
9 30 September 2025	572,665	272,282	45,813	21,783

⁽f) Starting from 2025, risk-weighted assets with amounts below the thresholds for deduction are now included in the credit risk. This new presentation does not impact the total amount of risk-weighted assets

► As at 30 September 2025

24,885 579,602 311,061 46,368 31 December 2024 2,917 (3,566)233 (285) Asset size (555) (876) (10,952)(6,936)Asset quality (1,858) (3,741) (149) (299) Model update Methodology and policy (13,146)(20,232)(1,052) (1,619) 5 4,299 344 Acquisitions and disposals (705) (15, 185)(8,818) (1,215)Currency 26,988 4,514 2,159 361 Others(1) 30 September 2025 572,665 272,282 45,813 21,783

⁽¹⁾ Starting from 2025, risk-weighted assets with amounts below the thresholds for deduction are now included in the credit risk. This new presentation does not impact the total amount of risk-weighted assets. The data as at 31 December 2024 are consistent with those published in the Universal Registration Document.

COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK

The EU CVA4 table, newly introduced following the latest amendment to the CRR Regulation, provides a representation of the evolution of risk-weighted assets related to the credit valuation adjustment.

▶ EU CVA4 – RWEA FLOW STATEMENTS OF CREDIT VALUATION ADJUSTMENT RISK UNDER THE STANDARDISED APPROACH (SA)

In m	Illions of euros	Risk weighted exposure amount
1	Risk weighted exposure amount as at the end of the previous reporting period (30 June 2025)	2,207
2	Risk weighted exposure amount as at the end of the current reporting period (30 September 2025)	1,727

The quarterly evolution of credit valuation adjustment risk-weighted exposure amounts is in line with the evolution of the activity.

Update of the 2024 Universal registration document, table 79 page 513.

► TABLE 79: COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RWA MOVEMENTS BY KEY DRIVER (EU CCR7) [Phased-in]

▶ 3rd quarter 2025

	a					
				nents - Counterparty		
	RWAs - Cou	unterparty credit risk		credit risk		
	of which internal			of which internal		
		model method		model method		
In millions of euros	Total	(IMM) ⁽¹⁾	Total	(IMM) ⁽¹⁾		
1 30 June 2025	52,624	33,419	4,210	2,674		
2 Asset size	(1,312)	(701)	(105)	(56)		
3 Asset quality	(372)	(183)	(30)	(15)		
4 Model update	(4,319)	(3,649)	(346)	(292)		
5 Methodology and policy						
6 Acquisitions and disposals						
7 Currency	(116)		(9)			
8 Other	(126)	747	(10)	60		
9 30 September 2025	46,379	29,632	3,710	2,371		

⁽¹⁾ Internal model method related to bilateral counterparty model (excluded CCP clearing)

► As at 30 September 2025

	a					
	RWAs - Co	RWAs - Counterparty credit risk		nents - Counterparty credit risk		
In millions of euros	of which internal model method (IMM) Total		Tota l	of which internal model method (IMM) ⁽¹⁾		
1 31 December 2024	48,097	31,554	3,848	2,524		
2 Asset size	(1,927)	2,108	(154)	169		
3 Asset quality	(2,427)	(2,011)	(194)	(161)		
4 Model update	(3,603)	(2,933)	(288)	(235)		
5 Methodology and policy	7,752	734	620	59		
6 Acquisitions and disposals						
7 Currency	(644)	(78)	(52)	(6)		
8 Other	(869)	258	(70)	21		
9 30 September 2025	46,379	29,632	3,710	2,371		

⁽¹⁾ Internal model method related to bilateral counterparty model (excluded CCP clearing)

MARKET RISK

Update of the 2024 Universal registration document, table 83 page 516.

► TABLE 83: MARKET RISK-WEIGHTED ASSETS MOVEMENTS BY KEY DRIVER (EU MR2-B) [Phased-in]

▶ 3rd quarter 2025

		а	b	С	d	е	f	g
In mil	llions of euros	VaR	SVaR	IRC ⁽¹⁾	CRM ⁽²⁾	Standardised approach	Total RWAs	Total capital requirements
1 :	30 June 2025	5,170	10,346	5,453	833	8,158	29,960	2,397
2 /	Asset size and quality	62	(420)	(1,568)	103	(96)	(1,919)	(154)
3 1	Model update							
4 [Methodology and policy							
5 /	Acquisitions and disposals					243	243	19
6 (Currency							
7 (Other					315	315	25
	30 September 2025	5,233	9,927	3,884	935	8,620	28,598	2,288

⁽¹⁾ Incremental Risk Charge (2) Comprehensive Risk Measure

► As at 30 September 2025

		a	b	С	d	е	f	g
In	millions of euros	VaR	SVaR	IRC ⁽¹⁾	CRM ⁽²⁾	Standardised approach	Total RWAs	Total capital requirements
1	31 December 2024	4,675	10,214	4,410	856	7,968	28,123	2,250
2	Asset size and quality	557	(290)	(526)	79	(291)	(471)	(38)
3	Model update							
4	Methodology and policy					(442)	(442)	(35)
5	Acquisitions and disposals					243	243	19
6	Currency							
7	Other	1	2			1,142	1,145	92
8	30 September 2025	5,233	9,927	3,884	935	8,620	28,598	2,288

⁽¹⁾ Incremental Risk Charge (2) Comprehensive Risk Measure

LIQUIDITY RISK

Update of the 2024 Universal registration document, table 98 p. 539.

► TABLE 98: SHORT-TERM LIQUIDITY RATIO (LCR)⁽¹⁾ - ITEMISED (EU LIQ1)

		а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h
				Unv	veighted value			ν	/eighted value
In mill	ions of euros	30 September 2025	30 June 2025	31 March 2025	31 December 2024	30 September 2025	30 June 2025	31 March 2025	31 December 2024
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Number of data points used in the calculation of averages	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
	HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA)								
1	TOTAL HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA)					398,114	394,695	385,146	380,615
	CASH OUTFLOWS								
2	Retail deposits (including small businesses)	433,067	433,045	431,720	429,378	30,770	30,759	30,686	30,570
3	Of which stable deposits	247,454	245,613	243,464	242,499	12,373	12,281	12,173	12,125
4	Of which less stable deposits	154,489	156,451	157,855	157,758	18,397	18,478	18,507	18,425
5	Unsecured non-retail funding	521,650	513,720	500,502	487,792	248,076	242,981	232,919	223,291
6	Of which operational deposits	167,356	165,913	164,386	163,779	41,213	40,871	40,499	40,341
7	Of which non-operational deposits	328,600	322,842	313,300	304,030	181,170	177,145	169,605	162,968
8	Of which unsecured debt	25,693	24,966	22,815	19,983	25,693	24,966	22,815	19,983
9	Secured non-retail funding (of which repos)					129,289	125,756	122,938	115,623
10	Additional requirements	392,506	389,242	388,268	386,288	96,018	97,703	100,137	101,840
11	Of which outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	43,440	45,425	47,109	48,018	41,421	43,475	45,136	46,070
12	Of which outflows on secured debt			1,464	3,536			1,464	3,536
13	Of which credit and liquidity facilities	349,066	343,817	339,695	334,734	54, 597	54,228	53,537	52,234
14	Other contractual funding obligations	64,846	62,395	61,345	62,134	64,846	62,395	61,345	62,134
15	Other contingent funding obligations	161,399	158,420	157,119	153,308	14,132	12,900	12,268	10,709
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS					583,130	572,494	560,293	544,168
	CASH INFLOWS								
17	Secured lending (of which reverse repos)	540,817	522,888	518,832	505,686	136,678	127,203	123,088	114,827
18	Inflows from fully performing exposures	89,120	89,511	88,973	88,261	71,136	71,324	70,763	70,046
19	Other cash inflows	87,800	83,496	81,833	80,388	76,265	71,314	69,934	68,142
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	717,737	695,895	689,638	674,335	284,079	269,841	263,786	253,015
EU- 20c	Inflows subject to 75% cap	532,154	512,349	504,080	493,284	284,079	269,841	263,786	253,015
21	LIQUIDITY BUFFER					398,114	394,695	385,146	380,615
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS					299,052	302,652	296,507	291,153
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)					133.28%	130.44%	129.93%	130.80%

⁽¹⁾ The data presented in this table are calculated as the rolling average over the twelve latest month-end values.

Qualitative information on LCR (EU LIQ-B)

The Group's rolling month-end average LCR over the last 12 months stands at 133%, which corresponds to a liquidity surplus of EUR 99 billion compared with the regulatory requirement. The Group ratio averaged between 130% and 133%.

After application of the regulatory haircuts (weighted values), the Group's rolling month-end average liquid assets over the last 12 months amount to EUR 398 billion, and at the end of September, mainly consist of central bank deposits (46%) and government and sovereign bonds (54%).

Rolling month-end average cash outflows over the last 12 months under the thirty-day liquidity stress scenario amount to EUR 299 billion, a large part of which corresponds to thirty-day deposit outflow assumptions of EUR 253 billion. Reciprocally, cash inflows on loans under the thirty-day liquidity regulatory stress scenario amount to EUR 71 billion.

Cash flows on financing transactions and collateralised loans, representing repurchase agreements and securities exchanges, record net rolling month-end average inflows over the last 12 months of EUR 7 billion, given the regulatory haircuts applied to collaterals. Flows linked to derivative instruments and regulatory stress tests record net outflows of EUR 8 billion after netting of cash outflows (EUR 41 billion) and inflows (EUR 33 billion).

Lastly, the rolling month-end average drawdown assumptions on financing commitments over the last 12 months amount to EUR 55 billion.

There is no excessive imbalance on any significant currency.

G-SIB buffer

The measurement approach of the global systemic importance is indicator-based. The selected indicators reflect the size of banks, their interconnectedness, the use of banking information systems for the services they provide, their global cross-jurisdictional activity and their complexity. The methodology is described in a document published in July 2013 by the Basel Committee, entitled Global systemically important banks: updated assessment methodology and the higher loss absorbency requirement (BCBS 255).

The Group received notification from the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution (ACPR), dated 27 November 2024, that it was on the 2024 list of global systemically important financial institutions in sub-category 2, corresponding to its score in the database at end 2023. As a result, the G-SIB buffer requirement for the Group, applicable from 1st January 2025 remains unchanged at 1.5% of the total exposure amount.

The Group's G-SIB indicators at 31 December 2024 have been initially published in April 2025.

Update of the 2024 Universal registration document, appendix 3 p.616.

► G-SIB INDICATORS (GSIB1)

In millions of euros	31 December 2024
Cross-jurisdictional activity	
1 Cross-jurisdictional claims	1,453,238
2 Cross-jurisdictional liabilities	1,262,393
Size	
3 Total exposures	2,753,841
Interconnectedness	
4 Intra-financial system assets	430,259
5 Intra-financial system liabilities	281,898
6 Securities outstanding	416,980
Substitutability	
7 Assets under custody	6,983,498
Trading volume fixed income	1,886,771
Trading volume equities and other securities	4,412,795
Financial institution infrastructure	
8 Payment activity	56,366,834
Underwritten transactions in debt and equity markets	
9 Underwritten transactions in a debt and equity markets	289,431
Complexity	
10 Notional amount of over-the-counter (OTC) derivatives	33,544,000
11 Level 3 assets	33,815
12 Trading and available for sale (AFS) securities	124,113

3. Long-term and short-term ratings

	Long-term and short- term ratings as at 24 April 2025	Long-term and short- term ratings as at 1 st August 2025	Outlook	Date of last review
Standard & Poor's	A+/A-1	A+/A-1	Stable	17 April 2025
Fitch	AA-/F1+	AA-/F1+	Stable	4 June 2025
Moody's	A1/Prime-1	A1/Prime-1	Stable	17 December 2024
DBRS	AA (low)/R-1 (middle)	AA (low)/R-1 (middle)	Stable	17 June 2025

4. Recent events

In chapter 3.6, the section « Recent Events » is completed with the following press release:



BNP PARIBAS SETS ROTE AMBITION AT 13% IN 2028

CET1 ratio expected at 12.5% by end-2027

PRESS RELEASE

Paris, 16 September 2025,

The Group's solid operational performance in Q2 and the strong growth momentum initiated in 2025 have enabled BNP Paribas to confirm its net income¹ target in excess of €12.2 billion in 2025 and its growth trajectory, with a ROTE of 12% in 2026, marking the conclusion of the 2022–2026 strategic plan.

Following this, the new medium-term plan for 2027–2030 will be announced in early 2027, as BNP Paribas' acceleration and progress will continue. Notably, the Group is already targeting a ROTE of 13% in 2028, halfway through the new plan. Driven by the Group's ability to generate capital, the CET1 phased-in ratio is expected to reach 12.5% by the end of 2027, post-FRTB implementation.

This trajectory is supported by the resilience of the Group's diversified and integrated model, as well as growth drivers already in place thanks to prior investments:

CIB, built on its "originate and distribute" approach, is a high-value-added platform and a powerful growth engine. The division continues to gain market share, supported by a diversified client franchise, a low risk profile, and optimized capital.

Within CPBS, a new strategic plan for CPBF² and the extension of Personal Finance's plan up to 2028 aim to bring the profitability of these activities in line with the Group's overall level. This is expected to contribute +1% to the Group's ROTE by 2028, including +0.5% by 2026. Commercial banking revenues are already benefiting from the new rate environment.

IPS is accelerating, driven by strong organic growth across its three businesses—Insurance, Asset Management, and Wealth Management—and the execution of external growth operations (AXA IM, Wealth Management, Life Insurance). Further details on the AXA IM acquisition will be provided with the Q3 2025 results.

In addition to these activated growth drivers, BNP Paribas continues to implement operational efficiency measures across all businesses and functions.

"Thanks to the commitment of our teams and the strength of our platforms, we are accelerating ahead of our next strategic plan for 2027–2030, which will be presented in early 2027. With our diversified and integrated model, we are perfectly positioned to continue supporting the financing needs of the economy," said Jean-Laurent Bonnafé, Director and Chief Executive Officer of BNP Paribas

¹ Net Income, Group share

² Submitted to personnel representative bodies for information and consultation

About BNP Paribas

Leader in banking and financial services in Europe, BNP Paribas operates in 64 countries and has nearly 178,000 employees, including more than 144,000 in Europe. The Group has key positions in its three main fields of activity: Commercial, Personal Banking & Services for the Group's commercial & personal banking and several specialised businesses including BNP Paribas Personal Finance and Arval; Investment & Protection Services for savings, investment and protection solutions; and Corporate & Institutional Banking, focused on corporate and institutional clients. Based on its strong diversified and integrated model, the Group helps all its clients (individuals, community associations, entrepreneurs, SMEs, corporates and institutional clients) to realise their projects through solutions spanning financing, investment, savings and protection insurance. In Europe, BNP Paribas has four domestic markets: Belgium, France, Italy and Luxembourg. The Group is rolling out its integrated commercial & personal banking model across several Mediterranean countries, Türkiye, and Eastern Europe. As a key player in international banking, the Group has leading platforms and business lines in Europe, a strong presence in the Americas as well as a solid and fast-growing business in Asia-Pacific. BNP Paribas has implemented a Corporate Social Responsibility approach in all its activities, enabling it to contribute to the construction of a sustainable future, while ensuring the Group's performance and stability.

Disclaimer

This press release includes forward-looking statements based on current beliefs and expectations about future events. Forward-looking statements include financial projections and estimates and their underlying assumptions, statements regarding plans, objectives and expectations with respect to future events, operations, products and services, and statements regarding future performance and synergies. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to inherent risks, uncertainties and assumptions about BNP Paribas and its subsidiaries and investments, developments of BNP Paribas and its subsidiaries, banking industry trends, future capital expenditures and acquisitions, changes in economic conditions globally, or in BNP Paribas' principal local markets, the competitive market and regulatory factors. Those events are uncertain; their outcome may differ from current expectations which may in turn significantly affect expected results. Any forward-looking statement contained in this press release speaks as of the date of this press release. BNP Paribas undertakes no obligation to publicly revise or update any forward-looking statements in light of new information or future events.

Press contact

Marie Clouard – marie.clouard@bnpparibas.com – +33 6 98 37 45 70 Hacina Habchi – hacina.habchi@bnpparibas.com – +33 7 61 97 65 20

5. General Information

5.1 Documents on display

This document is available on the BNP Paribas website, https://invest.bnpparibas/en/, and the Autorité des Marchés Financiers (AMF) website, https://invest.bnpparibas/en/, and the Autorité des Marchés Financiers (AMF) website, https://invest.bnpparibas/en/, and the Autorité des Marchés Financiers (AMF) website, https://www.amf-france.org/en.

Any person wishing to receive additional information about the BNP Paribas Group can request documents, without commitment, as follows:

by writing to:

BNP Paribas – Finance & Strategy
Investor Relations and Financial Information
Palais du Hanovre
16 rue de Hanovre – CAT03B2
75002 Paris

by calling: +33 (0)140146358

BNP Paribas' regulatory information can be viewed at:

https://invest.bnpparibas/en/search/reports/documents/regulated-information

5.2 Significant changes

Except for the items mentioned in the Amendment to the Universal registration document 2024, no material change in the Group's financial or business situation has occurred since 30 September 2025, no material adverse change in the prospects of the Issuer and no significant changes in the Group's financial situation or financial performance since the end of the last financial period for which financial statements were published, and in particular since the signature of the Statutory Auditors' report on the interim consolidated financial statements on 1 August 2025.

As far as BNP Paribas is aware, there have been no recent events that are significantly relevant to the assessment of BNP Paribas' solvency since 30 September 2025.

5.3 Contingent liabilities

BNP Paribas (the "Bank") is party as a defendant in various claims, disputes and legal proceedings (including investigations by judicial or supervisory authorities) in a number of jurisdictions arising in the ordinary course of its business, including *inter alia* in connection with its activities as market counterparty, lender, employer, investor and taxpayer.

The related risks have been assessed by the Bank and are subject, where appropriate, to provisions disclosed in notes 4.k *Provisions for contingencies and charges* and 4.d *Financial assets at amortised cost*; of the consolidated Financial Statements at 30 June 2025; a provision is recognised when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle an obligation arising from a past event and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The main contingent liabilities related to pending legal, governmental, or arbitral proceedings as of 30 September 2025 are described below. The Bank currently considers that none of these proceedings is likely to have a material adverse effect on its financial position or profitability; however, the outcome of legal or governmental proceedings is by definition unpredictable.

The Bank and certain of its subsidiaries are defendants in several actions pending before the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York brought by the Trustee appointed for the liquidation of Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC ("BLMIS"). These actions, known generally as "clawback claims", are similar to those brought by the BLMIS Trustee under the US Bankruptcy Code and New York state law against numerous institutions, and seek recovery of amounts allegedly received by BNP Paribas entities from BLMIS or indirectly through BLMIS-related "feeder funds" in which BNP Paribas entities held interests.

As a result of certain decisions of the Bankruptcy Court and the United States District Court between 2016 and 2018, the majority of the BLMIS Trustee's actions were either dismissed or substantially narrowed. However, those decisions were either reversed or effectively overruled by subsequent decisions of the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit issued on 25 February 2019 and 30 August 2021. As a result, the BLMIS Trustee refiled certain of these actions and, as of end May 2023, had asserted claims amounting in the aggregate to approximately USD 1.2 billion. Since March 2025, following the dismissal of certain of the BLMIS Trustee's actions or claims, the aggregate amount of the claims stood at approximately USD 1.1 billion. BNP Paribas has substantial and credible defences to these actions and is defending against them vigorously.

Litigation was brought in Belgium by minority shareholders of the previous Fortis Group against the Société Fédérale de Participations et d'Investissement, Ageas and BNP Paribas seeking (amongst other things) damages from BNP Paribas as restitution for part of the BNP Paribas Fortis shares that were contributed to BNP Paribas in 2009, on the ground that the transfer of these shares was null and void. On 29 April 2016, the Brussels Commercial court decided to stay the proceedings until the resolution of the pending Fortis criminal proceeding in Belgium. The criminal proceeding, in which the Public Prosecutor had requested a dismissal, is definitively closed, as the Council Chamber of the Brussels Court of first instance issued on 4 September 2020 a ruling (which since became final) that the charges were time-barred. Certain minority shareholders continued the civil proceedings against BNP Paribas and the Société Fédérale de Participations et d'Investissement before the Brussels Commercial court. By a judgment dated 3 April, 2025, the court dismissed all of the claims made by these shareholders on the grounds that they are inadmissible, time-barred or without merit.

On 26 February 2020, the Paris Criminal Court found BNP Paribas Personal Finance guilty of misleading commercial practice and concealment of this practice. BNP Paribas Personal Finance was ordered to pay a fine of EUR 187,500 and damages and legal fees to the civil plaintiffs. On 28 November 2023, the Paris Court of Appeals upheld the Paris Criminal Court's decision relating to misleading commercial practice and the concealment of those practices. As for the damages owed to the civil plaintiffs, though the Paris Court of Appeals adjusted the calculation methodology, the majority of the damages had already been paid by provisional enforcement of the Paris Criminal Court's judgment. An agreement was also entered into with the Consommation Logement Cadre de Vie association to settle the case with customers wishing to do so.

The Bank and one of its US subsidiaries are defendants in a civil class action and related individual actions seeking money damages pending before the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York brought by former Sudanese citizens, now US citizens and legal residents, claiming they were injured by the government of Sudan between 1997 and 2011. Plaintiffs base their claims on the historical facts set forth in the Bank's 30 June 2014 settlement agreements with US authorities concerning the processing of financial transactions for entities in certain countries subject to US economic sanctions. In early 2024, both the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve in the United States and the Secrétariat Général of the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution in France announced the end of BNP Paribas's probationary period and the termination of the Cease-and-Desist Order entered into in 2014, marking the completion of BNP Paribas Group's US sanctions remediation as set forth under this Cease-and-Desist Order. Plaintiffs allege that the transactions processed by the Bank, predominately through its Swiss-based subsidiary (now a branch of the Bank), with Sudanese entities subject to US sanctions make the Bank and its US subsidiary liable for injuries perpetrated to plaintiffs by the government of Sudan. On 9 May 2024, the District Court granted plaintiffs' motion to proceed as a class of all refugees or asylees admitted by the United States who formerly lived in Sudan or South Sudan between November 1997 and December 2011. The District Court subsequently set 8 September 2025 as the date for the trial of the claims of three of the named individual plaintiffs in the action. On October 6, 2025, the District Court found in favor of the Bank's US subsidiary by dismissing the plaintiffs' claim against it. On October 17, 2025, the jury rendered a verdict against BNP Paribas S.A. awarding \$20.75 million in total to the three individual plaintiffs. BNP Paribas has stated that it will seek an appeal of this verdict. BNP Paribas continues to have substantial and credible defences, including the absence of liability and causation under Swiss law which governs these actions. The Bank will continue to defend against them vigorously and strongly believes this result should be overturned on appeal.

BNP Paribas Bank Polska holds mortgage loan portfolios in Swiss franc or indexed to the Swiss franc. The Swiss franc loan agreements, a majority of which were concluded in 2006-2008, were entered into in accordance with industry practices at the time of entry. Like many other financial institutions in Poland, BNP Paribas Bank Polska is a defendant in civil proceedings with retail customers who took out these

Swiss franc mortgage loans. BNP Paribas Bank Polska is not a party to any class action proceeding in relation to such mortgage loan agreements.

As at 31 December 2024, BNP Paribas Bank Polska was a defendant in 6,596 individual pending court proceedings, in which plaintiffs are demanding either a declaration of invalidity or a declaration of non-enforceability of the mortgage loan agreement and the reimbursement of the payments made thereunder to date. The significant number of claims against banks in relation to these mortgage loans is believed to have been impacted by changes in exchange rates since 2009, and developments in EU and Polish court rulings since 2019. In particular, Polish courts to date have, in the vast majority of cases, ruled that such mortgage loan agreements were invalid or non-enforceable.

Since December 2021, BNP Paribas Bank Polska has been conducting individual negotiations with clients with whom it remains in dispute or with whom there is a reasonable risk of entering into a dispute.

Like many other financial institutions in the banking, investment, mutual funds and brokerage sectors, the Bank has received or may receive requests for information from, or be subject to investigations by supervisory, governmental or self-regulatory agencies. The Bank responds to such requests and cooperates with the relevant authorities and regulators and seeks to address and remedy any issues that may arise.

In 2023, BNP Paribas premises (along with those of other financial institutions) were searched by the French financial prosecutor's office; BNP Paribas was informed that the office had opened a preliminary investigation relating to French securities transactions.

There are no other legal, governmental or arbitral proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened) that could have, or during the last twelve months have had, significant effects on the Bank's financial condition or profitability.

6. Statutory auditors

Deloitte & Associés 6, place de la Pyramide 92908 Paris-La Défense Cedex Ernst & Young et Autres Tour First TSA 14 444 92037 Paris-La Défense cedex

- Deloitte & Associés was re-appointed as Statutory Auditor at the Annual General Meeting of 14 May 2024 for a six-year period expiring at the close of the Annual General Meeting called in 2030 to approve the financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2029. It was first appointed at the Annual General Meeting of 23 May 2006.
 - Deloitte & Associés is represented by Damien Leurent and Jean-Vincent Coustel.
- Ernst & Young et Autres was appointed as Statutory Auditor at the Annual General Meeting of 14 May 2024 for a six-year period expiring at the close of the Annual General Meeting called in 2030 to approve the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2029.
 - Ernst & Young et Autres is represented by Olivier Drion.

Deloitte & Associés and Ernst & Young et Autres are registered as Statutory Auditors with the Versailles and Centre Regional Association of Statutory Auditors and placed under the "Haute autorité de l'audit".

7. Person responsible for the Universal registration document

PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THE UNIVERSAL REGISTRATION DOCUMENT AND THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

M. Jean-Laurent BONNAFÉ, Chief Executive Officer of BNP Paribas.

STATEMENT BY THE PERSON RESPONSIBLE

I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this amendment is in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.

Paris, 28 October 2025 Chief Executive Officer Jean-Laurent BONNAFÉ

8. Tables of concordance

In order to assist readers of the Universal registration document, the following table of concordance cross-references the main headings required by the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980 (Annex I), supplementing European Regulation 2017/1129 known as "Prospectus" and refers to the pages of this Universal registration document on which information relating to each of the headings is mentioned.

		D (1)			
Dele	dings as listed by Annex I of egated Regulation (EU) 2019/980	Page of the Universal registration document	Page of the first amendment	Page of the second amendment	Page of the third amendment
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1.1.	Person responsible for the Universal registration document	939	95	329	98
1.2.	Statement of the person responsible for the Universal registration document	939	95	329	98
1.3.	Statement or report attributed to a person as an expert				
1.4.	Information from a third party				
1.5.	Approval from a competent authority	1	1	1	1
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8.3.	Borrowing requirements and funding structure	170 ; 534-551	11;37;45	8;39;67	9;42;69
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8.5.	Anticipated sources of funds	N/A			
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10.	TREND INFORMATION	168-169 ; 911			
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10.2	Trends likely to have a material impact on the issuer's outlook	168-169 ; 911	91	325	94
11.	PROFIT FORECASTS OR ESTIMATES				
11.1	Published earnings forecasts and estimates	N/A			
11.2	Statement on the main forecast assumptions	N/A			
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12.	ADMINISTRATIVE, MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISORY BODIES, AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT				
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40.0	A durain intentity a new discourage and and				
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13.	REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS				
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Ноза	dings as listed by Annex I of	Page of the	Page of the	Page of the	Page of the
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