## SECOND QUARTER 2013 RESULTS

PRESS RELEASE
Paris, 31 July 2013

NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF €1.8BN IN A STILL CHALLENGING ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT IN EUROPE

REVENUE RESILIENCE THANKS TO A DIVERSIFIED BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHIC MIX

REVENUES OF THE OPERATING DIVISIONS
STABLE VS. 2Q12
ONGOING COST REDUCTION WITH THE INITIAL EFFECTS OF SIMPLE \& EFFICIENT

OPERATING EXPENSES OF THE OPERATING DIVISIONS: -1.0\% VS. 2Q12

MODERATE COST OF RISK DESPITE THE ECONOMY
COST OF RISK
€1,109M (68 bp)

## A ROCK-SOLID BALANCE SHEET

- VERY HIGH SOLVENCY

FULLY LOADED BASEL 3 CET1 RATIO: 10.4\%

- IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE LIQUIDITY RESERVE €236BN AS AT 30.06.13
- SUSTAINED GATHERING OF DEPOSITS ACROSS ALL THE RETAIL NETWORKS

RETAIL BANKING DEPOSITS: +6.4\% VS. $\mathbf{2 Q 1 2}$

The Board of Directors of BNP Paribas met on 30 July 2013. The meeting was chaired by Baudouin Prot and the Board examined the Group's results for the second quarter 2013 and endorsed the interim financial statements for the first half of the year.

## NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF 1.8 BILLION EUROS IN A STILL CHALLENGING ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT IN EUROPE

BNP Paribas had solid performances in the second quarter 2013 in a lacklustre environment in Europe.

Revenues totalled 9,917 million euros, down $1.8 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012. It includes this quarter two one-off items with a net total of 150 million euros: the 218 million euro impact of the sale of Royal Park Investments' assets and the -68 million euro own credit adjustment and Debit Value Adjustment (DVA). Thanks to the diversity of the business and geographic mix, revenues from the operating divisions were resilient, with Retail Banking ${ }^{1}\left(+1.0 \%^{2}\right)$ and Investment Solutions $\left(+3.1 \%^{2}\right)$ up and CIB $\left(-0.4 \%^{3}\right)$ down slightly.

Thanks to ongoing cost control and the initial effect of Simple \& Efficient, operating expenses, at 6,291 million euros, were down $0.7 \%$. They include a one-off 74 million euro impact of transformation costs of Simple \& Efficient. Operating expenses were down $0.5 \%{ }^{4}$ at Retail Banking ${ }^{1}$, slightly increasing by $0.2 \%^{2}$ at Investment Solutions and $1.8 \%{ }^{2}$ at CIB.

Gross operating income was down during the period by $3.6 \%$, at 3,626 million euros. It grew however by $1.7 \%$ for the operating divisions.

The Group's cost of risk remained moderate despite the economic environment, at 1,109 million euros, or 68 basis points of outstanding customer loans. It was, however, up 18 basis points compared to the second quarter 2012 when there were considerable write-backs at CIB. It rose by 8 basis points compared to the first quarter 2013 due in particular to a one-off at CIB's Advisory and Capital Markets ( +4 basis points).

Non-operating items totalled 183 million euros. They were 77 million euros in the second quarter 2012. This quarter, they include the one-off 81 million euro impact from the sale of BNP Paribas Egypt.

The Group's pre-tax income came to 2,700 million euros, down $9.6 \%$ compared to the same quarter a year earlier. One-off items totalled +157 million euros compared to +271 million euros in the second quarter 2012. For its part, the operating divisions' pre-tax income was down $3.2 \%$.

BNP Paribas posted 1,763 million euros in net income attributable to equity holders, down $4.7 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012.

The Group's balance sheet is rock-solid. Solvency was very high with a Basel 3 fully loaded common equity Tier 1 ratio (fully loaded ${ }^{5}$ ) of $10.4 \%$; the Basel 3 fully loaded leverage ratio ${ }^{5}$, calculated on the sole basis of common equity Tier 1, was $3.4 \%^{6}$, above the regulatory threshold of $3 \%$ starting on 1st January 2018. The Group's immediately available liquidity reserve was 236 billion euros.

[^0]Net book value per share ${ }^{1}$ was 61.6 euros, with a compounded annual growth rate of $6.0 \%$ since 31 December 2008, demonstrating BNP Paribas' capacity to continue to grow the net book value per share throughout the cycle.

Lastly, Simple \& Efficient, the ambitious programme to simplify the Group's way of functioning and improve operating efficiency, confirmed its rapid start with 330 million euros in recurring savings generated in the first half of the year, thanks to quick wins and projects anticipated at the end of 2012. More than a thousand programmes consisting of over two thousand projects have been identified throughout the Group. Close to $86 \%$ of them are already under way, each with a manager identified and a clearly defined budget and timetable.

For the whole first half of the year, the Group had solid results despite a challenging environment. Revenues totalled 19,972 million euros, down slightly by $0.1 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012. They include this semester +299 million euros in one-off items compared to -788 million euros during the first half of last year. The operating divisions' revenues contracted $3.1 \%$.

Operating expenses edged down $2.8 \%$, to 12,805 million euros, such that gross operating income came to 7,167 million euros, up $5.3 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012 . It declined by $2.0 \%$ for the operating divisions.

At 2,087 million euros, the cost of risk was up $16.1 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012, which included considerable write-backs at CIB.

Operating income was stable at 5,080 million euros (+1.5\%).
Non-operating items totalled 235 million euros compared to 1,921 million euros in the first half of 2012, which included in particular 1,790 million euros in one-off income booked after the Group sold a $28.7 \%$ stake in Klépierre SA.

The Group thus posted 5,315 million euros in pre-tax income in the first half of the year, down $23.3 \%$ compared to the same period a year earlier. One-off items totalled +151 million euros compared to +918 million euros in the first half of 2012.

BNP Paribas posted 3,347 million euros in net income attributable to equity holders in the first half of the year, down $29.1 \%$ compared to the same period a year earlier when the sale of a stake in Klépierre S.A. was booked.

## RETAIL BANKING

## DOMESTIC MARKETS

The business activity of Domestic Markets reflected this quarter a $6.1 \%$ rise in deposits compared to the second quarter 2012, whilst maintaining a growth drive in all the networks. Outstanding loans were down $1.7 \%$, due to the continued slowdown in demand. Domestic Markets has rallied

[^1]support for the launch of the new European digital bank Hello bank! in Belgium, Germany and France.

Revenues ${ }^{1}$, which totalled 3,973 million euros, were up slightly ( $+0.3 \%$ ) compared to the second quarter 2012 due to the pickup of financial fees and a good contribution from Arval, despite a persistently low interest rate environment and the deceleration in loan volumes. Against this backdrop, Domestic Markets continued to adapt its operating expenses ${ }^{1}$ which came to 2,477 million euros, down $1.3 \%^{2}$ compared to the same quarter a year earlier. The cost/income ratio thereby improved in France, in Belgium, and in Italy, and came to $61.9 \%{ }^{2}$ for Domestic Markets.

Gross operating income ${ }^{1}$ thus came to 1,496 million euros, up $2.0 \%$ compared to the same quarter a year earlier.

Given the higher cost of risk in Italy, and after allocating one-third of Private Banking's net income from Domestic Markets to the Investment Solutions division, pre-tax income ${ }^{3}$ totalled 988 million euros, down $5.3 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012. Domestic Markets thus posted an overall good performance thanks to the ongoing adaptation of costs in the face of a challenging economic environment.

## French Retail Banking (FRB)

The business activity of FRB again reflected this quarter a good drive in deposits (up 5.9\% compared to the second quarter 2012), in particular thanks to strong growth in savings accounts (+6.9\%). Outstanding loans were down $2.7 \%$ due to lower demand. The support of SMEs, illustrated by the fact that the target for the "€5bn and 40,000 projects" operation launched in July 2012 was surpassed ( 6.7 billion euros for 61,466 projects as at the end of June 2013) and the creation of 10 SME Innovation Hubs, did however lead to a rise in outstanding loans on this client segment $\left(+1.8 \%{ }^{4}\right)$.

Revenues ${ }^{5}$ totalled 1,742 million euros, down $1.6 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012. Net interest income was down $3.0 \%$ in line with a persistently low interest rate environment and the decline in loan volumes. For their part, fees were up $0.6 \%$.

Thanks to the ongoing improvement of the operating efficiency, operating expenses ${ }^{5}$ were $1.9 \%$ lower compared to the second quarter 2012.

Gross operating income ${ }^{5}$ totalled 655 million euros, down $1.1 \%$ compared to the same quarter a year earlier.

The cost of risk ${ }^{5}$ was stable compared to the second quarter 2012 and was still at a low level, at 24 basis points of outstanding customer loans.

Thus, after allocating one-third of French Private Banking's net income to the Investment Solutions division, FRB posted 536 million euros in pre-tax income ${ }^{6}$, down only $2.2 \%$ compared to the same quarter a year earlier, thereby showing its resilient and recurring results.

[^2]For the whole first half of the year, revenues ${ }^{1}$ were down $1.8 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012 due to the $2.3 \%$ decline in net interest income in line with the persistently low interest rate environment and the contraction of loan volumes, as well as the $1.1 \%$ decline in fees. Given the $1.9 \%$ decrease in operating expenses ${ }^{1}$, thanks to the ongoing improvement of the operating efficiency, gross operating income ${ }^{1}$ edged down $1.7 \%$ and the cost/income ratio ${ }^{1}$ improved slightly at $61.6 \%$. The cost of risk ${ }^{1}$ remained at a low level helped FRB post, after allocating one-third of French Private Banking's net income to the Investment Solutions division, 1,118 million euros in pre-tax income ${ }^{2}$, down $2.2 \%$ compared to the same period last year.

## BNL banca commerciale (BNL bc)

The business activity of BNL bc reflected very good performance in deposits (+9.5\% compared to the second quarter 2012), with a rise in the individual and corporate client segments. Outstanding loans were down on average $3.4 \%$, due to a slowdown on the corporate and small business client segments. The business activity reflected greater marketing activity with large corporates together with CIB.

Revenues ${ }^{3}$ edged up $0.4 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012, at 816 million euros. Net interest income was down $3.6 \%$, due to lower loan volumes and despite the fact that margins held up well. Fees were up $9.2 \%$ thanks to the good performance of off balance sheet savings, in particular in Private Banking.

As a result of operating efficiency efforts, operating expenses ${ }^{3}$ moved down $1.6 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012, at 441 million euros.

Gross operating income ${ }^{3}$ was 375 million euros, up $2.7 \%$ compared to the same quarter a year earlier.

The cost of risk ${ }^{3}$ was up $28.3 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012, at 146 basis points of outstanding customer loans, but stable compared to the first quarter 2013 ( $-0.3 \%$ ).

BNL bc therefore continued ongoing efforts to adapt the business model in a still challenging environment and, after allocating one-third of Italian Private Banking's net income to the Investment Solutions division, posted 75 million euros in pre-tax income, down 41.4\% compared to the same quarter a year earlier.

For the whole first half of the year, revenues ${ }^{3}$ were up $0.6 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012, the $2.0 \%$ decline in net interest income, as a result, in particular, of lower loan volumes, being more than offset by the $6.2 \%$ rise in fees in line notably with good performance in the corporate client segment and off balance sheet savings. Operating expenses ${ }^{3}$ were down $1.6 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012 producing a positive 2.2 point jaws effect, which further improved the cost/income ratio ${ }^{3}$ at $53.6 \%$. Given, however, the $31.6 \%$ rise in the cost of risk ${ }^{3}$ compared to the same period a year earlier, pre-tax income, at 159 million euros after allocating one-third of Italian Private Banking's net income to the Investment Solutions division, was down $42.2 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012. BNL bc continued to improve its operating efficiency in a still challenging environment.

[^3]
## Belgian Retail Banking

BRB posted a sustained performance this quarter. The business activity reflected a $4.0 \%$ increase in deposits compared to the second quarter 2012 due, in particular, to good growth in current and savings accounts. Loans rose by $1.7 \%^{1}$ during the period, due in particular to the rise in loans to individuals and the resilience of loans to SMEs. In support of small businesses and SMEs, a campaign geared to this client segment was launched, earmarking 1 billion in new loans.

Revenues ${ }^{2}$ were stable ${ }^{1}$ compared to the second quarter 2012, at 844 million euros. Net interest income was down moderately, in line with a persistently low interest rate environment, and fees up due to the pickup in financial fees and the growth of off balance sheet savings.

Because of the positive impact of the operating efficiency measures, operating expenses ${ }^{2}$ were down $0.6 \%^{1}$ compared to the second quarter 2012, at 621 million euros, helping BRB generate gross operating income ${ }^{2}$ up $1.6 \%{ }^{1}$.

The cost of risk ${ }^{2}$ was stable compared to the second quarter 2012 and still at a low level: 20 basis points of outstanding customer loans. Thus, after allocating one-third of Belgian Private Banking's net income to the Investment Solutions division, and given lower non-operating items this quarter, BRB posted 161 million euros in pre-tax income, down $2.4 \%$ compared to the same quarter a year earlier.

For the whole first half of the year, revenues ${ }^{2}$ edged up slightly $0.2 \%$, the decline in net interest income due to a persistently low interest rate environment being offset by higher fees from the good performance of off balance sheet savings. Thanks to the positive impact of operating efficiency measures, operating expenses decreased by $0.5 \%{ }^{2}$ helping produce a positive 0.7 point jaws effect and improve the cost/income ratio ${ }^{2}$ at $72.5 \%$. Thus, gross operating income ${ }^{2}$ rose by $2.2 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012 . With a $17.9 \%$ decrease in the cost of risk ${ }^{2}$, which was particularly low in the first half of 2013, pre-tax income, after allocating one-third of Belgian Private Banking's net income to the Investment Solutions division, was 366 million euros, up $2.8 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012.

Luxembourg Retail Banking: outstanding loans grew this quarter by $1.4 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012, thanks to good mortgage growth. There was also strong growth in deposits (+6.0\%), due in particular to good asset inflows in the corporate client segment. Revenues were up slightly compared to the same quarter a year earlier and the cost/income ratio rose by 1.9 points given the rise in operating expenses.

Personal Investors: assets under management rose by 9.9\% compared to compared to their level as at 30 June 2012, due to the good sales and marketing drive. Deposits rose sharply (+20.5\% compared to the second quarter 2012) thanks to a good level of new customers and the launch of Hello bank! in Germany. Revenues were up compared to the same quarter a year earlier due to the rise in volumes in brokerage and deposits. Lower operating expenses helped generate a sharp rise in gross operating income this quarter.

Arval: consolidated outstandings were up slightly this quarter ( $+0.4 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012). Revenues, driven by the rise in used vehicle prices, grew sharply compared to the same quarter a year earlier. With a slight decline in operating expenses, the gross operating income was up sharply compared to the second quarter 2012.

[^4]Leasing Solutions: outstandings declined $7.0 \%^{1}$ compared to the same quarter a year earlier, in line with the plan to adapt the non-core portfolio. The impact on revenues was more limited due to a selective policy in terms of profitability of transactions. The cost/income ratio improved this quarter due to good cost control.

On the whole, the contribution by these four business units to Domestic Markets' pre-tax income, after allocating one-third of Luxembourg Private Banking's net income to the Investment Solutions division, was up $6.9 \%$ compared to last year, at 216 million euros.

For the first half of the year as a whole, after allocating one-third of domestic Luxembourg Private Banking's net income to the Investment Solutions division, these four business units contributed in aggregate 434 million euros to Domestic Markets' pre-tax income, up $3.8 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012.

## Europe-Mediterranean

Europe-Mediterranean had a strong sales and marketing drive. Deposits grew by $13.5 \%^{1}$ compared to the second quarter 2012 and were up in most countries, especially in Turkey $\left(+26.4 \%^{1}\right)$. Loans grew by $8.9 \%^{1}$, driven in particular by good performances in Turkey ( $+26.5 \%{ }^{1}$ ). The sales and marketing drive was also reflected by the good growth in cross-selling with CIB and Investment Solutions in Turkey, as well as by the bolstering of the cash management offering.

At 482 million euros, revenues grew by $11.4 \%^{1}$ compared to the second quarter 2012, driven in particular by strong revenue growth in Turkey $\left(+27.1 \%^{1}\right)$.

Operating expenses grew by $3.0 \%{ }^{1}$ compared to the same quarter a year earlier at 330 million euros due to a $13.3 \%{ }^{1}$ increase in Turkey as a result of the opening of 25 branches during the period, and despite a $7.6 \%{ }^{1}$ reduction in Eastern Europe as a result of operating efficiency measures implemented in Poland and Ukraine.

The cost of risk, which was 53 million euros, at 83 basis points of outstanding customer loans, was up 8 million euros compared to the second quarter 2012 and down 18 million euros compared to the preceding quarter. Europe-Mediterranean thus posted 237 million euros in pre-tax income this quarter, a sharp increase $\left(+54.5 \%^{1}\right.$ excluding 107 million euros ${ }^{2}$ in capital gains from the sale of BNP Paribas Egypt).

For the whole first half of the year, revenues grew by $13.6 \%{ }^{1}$, due to the very good performance in Turkey ( $+31.6 \%^{1}$ ). Operating expenses rose by $3.4 \%^{1}$, up $14.4 \%^{1}$ in Turkey, but down in Eastern Europe as a result of operating efficiency measures in Poland and Ukraine. The cost/income ratio thus declined by 6.8 points ${ }^{1}$ compared to the first half of 2012, at $68.7 \%$. Given the $5.4 \%^{1}$ decrease in the cost of risk and the 107 million euro ${ }^{2}$ capital gain from the sale of Egypt, pre-tax income increased sharply compared to the first half of last year, at 333 million euros.

[^5]
## BancWest

The good business performance of BancWest was reflected this quarter in a $4.4 \%^{1}$ rise in deposits compared to the second quarter 2012, with good growth in current and savings accounts. Loans rose by $3.5 \%^{1}$ due to strong growth in loans to corporates ( $+10.1 \%{ }^{1}$ ), thanks to business investments in the corporate and SME segment. This good business performance was also reflected in the revving up of the Private Banking expansion with 6 billion US dollars of assets under management as at 30 June 2013 (+32\% compared to 30 June 2012), as well as the growth of Mobile Banking services now with 187,000 users, or a one-third increase compared to the number as at 31 March 2013.

Revenues, at 557 million euros, were however down by $4.6 \%{ }^{1}$ compared to the second quarter 2012, given the effect of the decrease in interest rates that was greater than that of the rise in volumes, and lesser capital gains from loan sales compared to the same quarter a year earlier.

Operating expenses, which were 346 million euros, rose by $3.0 \%{ }^{1}$ compared to the second quarter 2012 as a result of the strengthening of the corporate and small business as well as Private Banking set up.

The cost of risk was particularly low this quarter at 11 basis points of outstanding customer loans (-20 million euros compared to the second quarter 2012).

BancWest posted 200 million euros in pre-tax income, down $7.9 \%{ }^{1}$ compared to the second quarter 2012.

For the whole first half of the year, revenues contracted by $3.8 \%{ }^{1}$ as a result of the persistently low interest rate environment. Operating expenses rose by $2.7 \%^{1}$ due to investments in the Private Banking organisation as well as in small businesses and corporates. The cost/income ratio was thus up 3.9 points ${ }^{1}$, to $62.0 \%$. With a significant decline in the cost of risk $\left(-51.0 \%^{1}\right)$, pre-tax income stood at 390 million euros, down $5.2 \%^{1}$ compared to the first half of 2012.

## Personal Finance

Outstanding loans at Personal Finance decreased by $3.3 \%^{1}$ compared to the second quarter 2012, at 86.1 billion euros ${ }^{1}$. Outstanding consumer loans were down only slightly by $0.9 \%^{1}$ but mortgage loan outstandings declined by $6.4 \%^{1}$ due to the Basel 3 adaptation plan. Among the highlights this quarter, Personal Finance was rated as socially responsible in France by Vigeo (independent social responsibility ratings agency) for Cetelem's new revolving credit and, in China, it entered into a partnership with the Bank of Nanjing to develop consumer lending.

Revenues were down by $0.7 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012, to 1,235 million euros, with a contraction in mortgage loan outstandings, revenues from consumer loans being adversely affected by regulations in France on margins and volumes but there was a good drive in Belgium, Central Europe, Germany and Brazil.

Operating expenses were down $6.4 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012, at 557 million euros, thanks to the effects of the adaptation plan, and despite investments in partnerships.

[^6]The cost of risk was stable at 378 million euros ( +4 million euros compared to the second quarter 2012), or 174 basis points of outstanding customer loans.

Thus, the pre-tax income of Personal Finance was 312 million euros ( $+3.0 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012), illustrating the business unit's good profit-generation capacity.

For the whole first half of the year, revenues were down $2.5 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012 as a result, in particular, of the continued decline in mortgage loan outstandings as part of the adaptation plan, consumer lending being adversely affected by regulations in France but with a good drive in Belgium, Germany and Central Europe. Operating expenses were down 11.0\% thanks to the effects of the adaptation plan, and the cost/income ratio was $45.8 \%$. With the $7.7 \%$ rise in the cost of risk compared to the first half of 2012, which saw one-off write-backs, pre-tax income came to 584 million euros, down $0.3 \%$.

## INVESTMENT SOLUTIONS

Investment Solutions' business development reached a new phase with the signing of a jointventure agreement in early July between BNP Paribas Cardif and the Bank of Beijing in life insurance in China.

Assets under management ${ }^{1}$ totalled 869 billion euros as at 30 June 2013, down slightly by $2.2 \%$ compared to 31 December 2012 but stable compared to the level as at 30 June 2012. The performance effect ( -2.5 billion euros) was penalised in the first half of the year by the rise in interest rates and the decline in equity markets towards the end of the period. The foreign exchange effect ( -2.1 billion euros) was unfavourable due to the appreciation of the euro.

There were net asset outflows in this first half of the year ( -12.3 billion euros) with asset outflows in Asset Management due, in particular, to money market funds. Wealth Management did, however, have good asset inflows, in particular in Asia and in the domestic markets as well as in Insurance which reported good performance in France, in Italy and in Asia.

As at 30 June 2013, assets under management ${ }^{1}$ of Investment Solutions broke down as follows: Asset Management: 375 billion euros; Wealth Management: 272 billion euros; Insurance: 173 billion euros; Personal Investors: 37 billion euros; Real Estate Services: 13 billion euros.

Investment Solutions' revenues, which totalled 1,598 million euros, were up $2.0 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012. Revenues from Insurance grew by 7.4\% thanks to the good growth of protection insurance in Asia and Latin America. Revenues from Wealth and Asset Management were down $1.1 \%$ due to a decrease in average outstandings at Asset Management and despite a good growth drive at Wealth Management. Revenues from Securities Services rose by $1.3 \%$ due to a rise in the number of transactions and despite persistently low interest rates.

At 1,064 million euros, Investment Solutions' operating expenses were down $0.5 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012, with a $5.8 \%$ rise in Insurance generated by growth in the business, a $2.8 \%$ decline for Wealth and Asset Management due in particular to the effects of the adaptation

[^7]plan at Asset Management, and a 1.3\% decrease at Securities Services thanks to the impact of operating efficiency measures: there was a general improvement of the cost/income ratio.

The division's gross operating income, at 534 million euros, was up $7.4 \%$ compared to the same period a year earlier.

Pre-tax income, after receiving one-third of the net income of Private Banking of the domestic markets, showed good growth: $+6.4 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012, at 564 million euros.

For the whole first half of the year, Investment Solutions' revenues grew by $2.4 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012, driven by a $10.3 \%$ rise in revenues from Insurance and despite a $0.8 \%$ decrease in Wealth and Asset Management, in line with the decline of average outstandings at Asset Management, and $1.7 \%$ decline at Securities Services. Operating expenses rose by only $0.1 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012, the $7.8 \%$ growth at Insurance, due to the growth in the business, being offset by a $2.7 \%$ decrease at Wealth and Asset Management thanks to the effects of the adaptation plan at Asset Management, and a $1.0 \%$ decrease at Securities Services thanks to the impact of operating efficiency measures. The cost/income ratio thereby decreased 1.5 points, at $67.0 \%$. Given the rise in income from associated companies in Insurance, pre-tax income was 1,105 million euros, up $9.4 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012.

## CORPORATE AND INVESTMENT BANKING (CIB)

CIB's revenues, at 2,104 million euros, were down $2.4 \%^{1}$ compared to the second quarter 2012.
Thanks to the growth in client business activity, and despite renewed tensions in the markets (Fed announcements, etc.) at the end of the quarter, the revenues from Advisory and Capital Markets, at 1,257 million euros, were up $4.1 \%$.

Revenues from Fixed Income, at 802 million euros, were down by $4.3 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012. The Rates business was affected by the considerable volatility at the closing of the quarter, whilst the Credit and Forex businesses had good performances. Business was good in bond issues where the business unit confirmed its strong global position, ranking number 8 for all international issues and maintaining its number 1 position for all corporate bonds in euros.

At 455 million euros, the revenues from the Equities and Advisory business unit, rebounded 23.3\% compared to the second quarter 2012 due in particular to the rise in transaction volumes and the good performance of structured products, especially in Europe and in Asia. The business unit also confirmed its leading position in equity-linked issues, ranking number 1 Bookrunner in Europe by number of transactions and number 4 by volume.

Revenues from Corporate Banking were still affected this quarter by the 2012 adaptation plan and declined by $10.7 \%^{1}$, to 847 million euros, compared to the same quarter a year earlier, in line with the decline in outstandings ( $-12.6 \%$ compared to 30 June 2012). Fees were up sharply ( $+22.1 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012). The business unit had limited demand in Europe but its revenues grew in Asia and there was a significant upswing in the Americas.

[^8]The business unit enjoyed sustained business performance, ranking as the lead bookrunner in syndicated financing in Europe with leading positions in the main market segments. It continued to develop transactions that use the Originate to Distribute approach, transacting a number of major deals of this kind. Corporate Banking obtained new pan-European mandates in cash management where the business unit is pursuing its growth.

At 1,405 million euros, CIB's operating expenses were overall down by $0.1 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012, the business development investments (in particular in Asia, North America and in cash management) being offset by the effects of Simple and Efficient.

CIB's cost of risk, at 206 million euros, was up compared to the second quarter 2012 when it was only 19 million euros, an amount that was not significant given substantial write-backs. It also included this quarter a 65 million euro one-off at Advisory and Capital Markets. The cost of risk was at a moderate level at Corporate Banking, at 48 basis points of outstanding customer loans.

CIB's pre-tax income was 497 million euros, down $38.7 \%$ compared to the second quarter 2012 which had also benefited from the positive impact of disposals as part of the 2012 adaptation plan.

For the whole first half of the year, revenues from CIB were down $14.7 \%$ compared to the same period in 2012, at 4,565 million euros. Revenues from Advisory and Capital Markets were down $15.0 \%$, as a result of the effect, at Fixed Income, of renewed periods of tension in the markets during the first half of the year, and revenues from Corporate Banking were down $14.2 \%$, in line with the decline in loans as a part of the adaptation plan. Operating expenses declined $9.5 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012 thanks to the effects of Simple and Efficient and despite the impact of business development investments in particular in Asia, North America and in cash management. CIB's cost/income ratio was thus 65.6\%. At 286 million euros, the cost of risk was up compared to the first half of 2012 when it was 97 million euros, a very low level given the substantial write-backs of provisions. Pre-tax income was 1,303 million euros, down $33.8 \%$ compared to the first half of 2012.

## CORPORATE CENTRE

The Corporate Centre reported 39 million euros in revenues compared to 218 million euros in the second quarter 2012. The revenues reflect this quarter a -68 million euro own credit adjustment and Debit Value Adjustment (DVA) (compared to +286 million in the second quarter 2012), and the +218 million euro gains from the sale of Royal Park Investments' assets. The impact of the surplus deposits placed with Central Banks was partly offset this quarter by dividends from investments.

Operating expenses totalled 172 million euros compared to 152 million euros in the second quarter 2012. They include transformation costs related to the Simple \& Efficient programme.

The cost of risk was up significant at 18 million euros (2 million euros in the second quarter 2012).
Non-operating items totalled -28 million euros, due in particular to the -30 million euro exchange difference due to the sale of BNP Paribas Egypt. They were -17 million euros in the second quarter 2012 due in particular to the - 27 million euro impairment of the goodwill on Laser Netherlands.

Corporate Centre's pre-tax income was -143 million euros compared to +51 million euros during the same period a year earlier.

For the first half of the year as a whole, the Corporate Centre's revenues totalled -24 million euros compared to -653 million euros in the first half of 2012 . This includes a +81 million euro own credit adjustment and Debit Value Adjustment (DVA) ( -557 million euros in the first half of 2012), the 218 million euros gains from the sale of Royal Park Investments' assets, and the impact of the surplus deposits placed with Central Banks. The Corporate Centre's revenues in the first half of 2012 also included +325 million euro amortisation of the fair value adjustment of Cardif Vita and of Fortis' banking book and -232 million euros in losses from sales of sovereign bonds.

The Corporate Centre's operating expenses rose to 445 million euros compared to 332 million euros in the first half of 2012 and they included 229 million euros in transformation costs associated with the Simple \& Efficient programme. Operating expenses from the first half of 2012 included 169 million euros in restructuring costs.

The cost of risk translated into a net write-back of 22 million euros, compared to a net provision of -27 million euros in the first half of 2012, which included the residual impact of the exchange of Greek debt.

Non-operating items amounted to -84 million euros compared to 1,735 million euros in the first half of 2012 which included in particular 1,790 million euros in capital gains from the sale of a $28.7 \%$ stake in Klépierre S.A.

Pre-tax income was -531 million euros compared to +723 million euros during the same period a year earlier.

## FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

The Group has a rock-solid balance sheet.
As at 30 June 2013, the fully loaded Basel 3 common equity Tier 1 ratio ${ }^{1}$ was $10.4 \%$, up 40 basis points compared to 31 March 2013 due to the second quarter's net income after the conventional ${ }^{2}$ dividend pay-out assumption (+20 basis points) and the decrease in risk-weighted assets (+20 basis points). It illustrates the Group's very high solvency under the new regulations.

The fully loaded Basel 3 leverage ratio ${ }^{1}$ calculated on the sole basis of the common equity Tier 1, was $3.4 \%$ as at 30 June 2013, already above the $3.0 \%$ regulatory threshold applicable as from $1^{\text {st }}$ January 2018 , which is calculated with Tier 1 capital ${ }^{3}$.

The Group's immediately available liquidity reserve was 236 billion euros (compared to 231 billion euros as at 31 March 2013), amounting to $145 \%$ of short-term wholesale market funding, or a margin for manoeuvre of over a year.

[^9]
## THE GROUP'S ACTION PLAN

The Group is in the process of preparing its 2014-2016 business development plan with a goal of unveiling a comprehensive presentation early in 2014.

The first part of this plan, Simple \& Efficient, the ambitious initiative to simplify the Group's way of functioning and improve operating efficiency, is already under way along with two of the specific business development plans (Asia Pacific and Hello bank!).

The preparation is progressing satisfactorily, with the announcement this quarter of two new business development plans: Asset Management and Germany.

## Asset Management: a strategic business for the Group

Asset Management is a strategic business for the Group for three basic reasons: 1) it is a key business for institutional clients, 2) it is responsible for managing our clients' assets and 3) it delivers substantial return on equity.

With 3,200 people working in 40 countries, the business unit has a global reach. Its assets under management total 375 billion euros as at 30 June 2013.

The business unit is already a major player in the institutional client segment where it ranks number 7 in Europe. Its investment management is recognised by leading consultants and industry reviews in various capabilities such as European equities or Fixed Income in Asia.

It has strong positions in the individual client segment and in Private Banking with distribution across the networks of the four domestic markets (where its products are offered to a 15 million strong client base) and access to leading global distributors.

Lastly, Asset Management has a solid organisation in emerging markets with a presence in 17 countries and 50 billion euros in distributed assets, and a bolstered presence through local partnerships, in particular with Shinhan in Korea and HFT in China.

The business unit has three priority areas for development.
For the institutional clientele, the objective is to strengthen recognition of the best Group expertise by leading international consultants and increase assets under management by winning new mandates. The Group will develop new areas of expertise, in particular in loans and CLOs, accelerate the development of the European Equities offering, launch solutions adapted to the needs of insurers and pension funds and make selected investments to guarantee the best possible service for these demanding clients.

In Asia Pacific and emerging markets, the Group plans to increase the volume of assets under management in growth markets and increase cross-selling worldwide. The Group will consolidate positions in key markets (China, Brazil, South Korea, Indonesia), strengthen regional and local expertise and forge local partnerships to gain access to retail clients.

With respect to the retail and private banking clientele, the objective is to create one of the 3 biggest distribution platforms in continental Europe, by forging partnerships with banking or
distribution networks, bolstering the solution offering for individuals and industrialising business processes.

The Group's objective is by 2016 to grow revenues in this highly profitable core business by $10 \%$ and increase the assets under management. The Group plans to jump-start asset inflows with a target of 40 billion euros in net asset inflows by 2016 in the value added segments, primarily in the institutional segment, in Asia Pacific and in emerging markets. To this end, the Group will make selective investments, in particular the institutional segment.

## Germany: a target market for our development in Europe

In Germany, the Group has strong positions to build future development, the existing organisation with 12 businesses and approximately 3,500 employees covering all client segments.

In Retail Banking, the Group has robust specialised retail franchises: Cortal Consors is the leader in online investment advisory services; Personal Finance ranks number 3 in point of sale consumer lending and Leasing Solutions ranks number 1 in farm equipment and has leading positions in vendor programmes. In Corporate \& Investment Banking, BNP Paribas has leading positions with large corporate and institutional clients and has a network of 6 regional business centres which is part of the "One bank for Corporates" approach developed by the Group. Lastly, Investment Solutions has prominent positions, Securities Services is the number 1 depositary bank, Real Estate Services ranks number 1 in commercial real estate transactions (BtoB) and Cardif is a key player in credit protection insurance.

The business development plan in Germany is a comprehensive growth initiative fostering crossselling across all the segments.

The Group's objective is to significantly increase individuals' deposits via Hello bank!, transforming Cortal Consors into a digital bank in order to reach about 1.1 million clients and $1 \%$ market share of individuals' deposits by 2017.

The Group will at the same time grow outstanding loans and consolidate its positioning on the corporate segment to reach top 5 position with large corporates and midcaps by 2018. By leveraging its global reach and diversified expertise, the Group will deepen relationships with large corporates and extend its clientele to large exporting midcaps. It will also expand the customer base in Leasing (target of 3 billion in outstandings by 2016, or $+50 \%$ compared with the level in 2012) and Factoring (target of 6\% market share by 2016, or roughly double what it was in 2012).

The Group will step up the pace of developing strong positions in specialised businesses. It will strengthen leading positions in Real Estate Services and Securities Services (see the acquisition of Commerzbank's depositary businesse announced on 25 July 2013). It will develop diversified distribution channels in order to grow BNP Paribas Cardif's market position and develop partnerships with Personal Finance, notably in retail and automotive sectors.

The Group's objective is to grow revenues in Germany 1.5 billion euros by 2016, or a compounded annualised growth rate on the order of $8 \%$ whilst growing revenues with large German corporates outside Germany ${ }^{1}$.

To that end, the Group plans to bolster its organisation by growing the workforce by over 500 staff in 3 years and enhancing its commercial efficiency and visibility, creating for example, BNP

[^10]Paribas Houses. The Group also expects a sharp rise in commitments as it grows the business and the customer base.

The objective is thereby to build a long-term franchise in a market that is a target for the Group's growth in Europe.

Commenting on these results, Chief Executive Officer Jean-Laurent Bonnafé stated:
"BNP Paribas Group generated 1.8 billion euros in net income this quarter.
This result was achieved thanks to resilient revenues in Europe and their good drive in fastgrowing markets, the ongoing improvement of operating efficiency with the initial effects of Simple \& Efficient and a cost of risk at a moderate level despite the economy.

BNP Paribas has a rock-solid balance sheet, combining very high solvency and considerable liquidity reserves.

The preparation of the 2014-2016 business development plan is making good progress and the BNP Paribas Group remains dedicated all over the world to serving its customers."

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

|  | 2Q13 | 2Q12 | 2Q13 / | 1Q13 | 2Q13/ | 1H13 | 1H12 | 1H13 / |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $€ m$ |  |  | 2Q12 |  | 1Q13 |  |  | 1H12 |
| Revenues | 9,917 | 10,098 | -1.8\% | 10,055 | -1.4\% | 19,972 | 19,984 | -0.1\% |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -6,291 | -6,335 | -0.7\% | -6,514 | -3.4\% | -12,805 | -13,180 | -2.8\% |
| Gross Operating Income | 3,626 | 3,763 | -3.6\% | 3,541 | +2.4\% | 7,167 | 6,804 | +5.3\% |
| Cost of Risk | -1,109 | -853 | +30.0\% | -978 | +13.4\% | -2,087 | -1,798 | +16.1\% |
| Operating Income | 2,517 | 2,910 | -13.5\% | 2,563 | -1.8\% | 5,080 | 5,006 | +1.5\% |
| Share of Earnings of Associates | 71 | 119 | -40.3\% | 35 | n.s. | 106 | 273 | -61.2\% |
| Other Non Operating Items | 112 | -42 | n.s. | 17 | n.s. | 129 | 1,648 | -92.2\% |
| Non Operating Items | 183 | 77 | n.s. | 52 | n.s. | 235 | 1,921 | -87.8\% |
| Pre-Tax Income | 2,700 | 2,987 | -9.6\% | 2,615 | +3.3\% | 5,315 | 6,927 | -23.3\% |
| Corporate Income Tax | -771 | -915 | -15.7\% | -821 | -6.1\% | -1,592 | -1,843 | -13.6\% |
| Net Income Attributable to Minority Interests | -166 | -222 | -25.2\% | -210 | -21.0\% | -376 | -365 | +3.0\% |
| Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders | 1,763 | 1,850 | -4.7\% | 1,584 | +11.3\% | 3,347 | 4,719 | -29.1\% |
| Cost/Income | 63.4\% | 62.7\% | +0.7 pt | 64.8\% | -1.4 pt | 64.1\% | 66.0\% | -1.9 pt |

BNP Paribas' financial disclosures for the second quarter 2013 are contained in this press release and in the presentation attached herewith.

All legally required disclosures, including the Registration document, are available online at http:/linvest.bnpparibas.com in the "Results" section and are made public by BNP Paribas pursuant to the requirements under Article L.451-1-2 of the French Monetary and Financial Code and Articles 222-1 et seq. of the Autorité des Marchés Financiers' general rules.

## 2 Q13 - RESULTS BY CORE BUSINESSES



## 1H13 - RESULTS BY CORE BUSINESSES

|  | Retail Banking | Investment Solutions | CIB | Operating Divisions | Other Activities | Group |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| €m |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 12,270 | 3,161 | 4,565 | 19,996 | -24 | 19,972 |
| \%Change/ 1 H12 | +0.6\% | +2.4\% | -14.7\% | -3.1\% | -96.3\% | -0.1\% |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -7,247 | -2,118 | -2,995 | -12,360 | -445 | -12,805 |
| \%Change/1H12 | -2.4\% | +0.1\% | -9.5\% | -3.8\% | +34.0\% | -2.8\% |
| Gross Operating Income | 5,023 | 1,043 | 1,570 | 7,636 | -469 | 7,167 |
| \%Change/1H12 | +5.2\% | +7.3\% | -23.2\% | -2.0\% | -52.4\% | +5.3\% |
| Cost of Risk | -1,802 | -21 | -286 | -2,109 | 22 | -2,087 |
| \%Change/1H12 | +8.6\% | +50.0\% | n.s. | +19.1\% | n.s. | +16.1\% |
| Operating Income | 3,221 | 1,022 | 1,284 | 5,527 | -447 | 5,080 |
| \%Change/1H12 | +3.4\% | +6.7\% | -34.0\% | -8.2\% | -55.8\% | +15\% |
| Share of Earnings of Associates | 104 | 71 | 18 | 193 | -87 | 106 |
| Other Non Operating Items | 113 | 12 | 1 | 126 | 3 | 129 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 3,438 | 1,105 | 1,303 | 5,846 | -531 | 5,315 |
| \%Change/1H12 | +6.6\% | +9.4\% | -33.8\% | -5.8\% | n.s. | -23.3\% |
| Corporate Income Tax |  |  |  |  |  | -1,592 |
| Net Income Attributable to Minority Interests |  |  |  |  |  | -376 |
| Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders |  |  |  |  |  | 3,347 |

## QUARTERLY SERIES

| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GROUP |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 9,917 | 10,055 | 9,395 | 9,693 | 10,098 | 9,886 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -6,291 | -6,514 | -6,801 | -6,562 | -6,335 | -6,845 |
| Gross Operating Income | 3,626 | 3,541 | 2,594 | 3,131 | 3,763 | 3,041 |
| Cost of Risk | -1,109 | -978 | -1,199 | -944 | -853 | -945 |
| Operating Income | 2,517 | 2,563 | 1,395 | 2,187 | 2,910 | 2,096 |
| Share of Earnings of Associates | 71 | 35 | 128 | 88 | 119 | 154 |
| Other Non Operating Items | 112 | 17 | -377 | 31 | -42 | 1,690 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 2,700 | 2,615 | 1,146 | 2,306 | 2,987 | 3,940 |
| Corporate Income Tax | -771 | -821 | -481 | -737 | -915 | -928 |
| Net Income Atributable to Minority Interests | -166 | -210 | -146 | -243 | -222 | -143 |
| Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders | 1,763 | 1,584 | 519 | 1,326 | 1,850 | 2,869 |
| Cost/Income | 63.4\% | 64.8\% | 72.4\% | 67.7\% | 62.7\% | 69.2\% |


| € $m$ | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RET AIL BANKING (including 100\% of Private Banking in France, Italy, Belgium and Luxembourg)* Excluding PEL/CEL Effects |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 6,247 | 6,200 | 6,154 | 6,212 | 6,246 | 6,248 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -3,710 | -3,653 | -3,865 | -3,801 | -3,763 | -3,772 |
| Gross Operating Income | 2,537 | 2,547 | 2,289 | 2,411 | 2,483 | 2,476 |
| Cost of Risk | -908 | -897 | -1,024 | -822 | -832 | -827 |
| Operating Income | 1,629 | 1,650 | 1,265 | 1,589 | 1,651 | 1,649 |
| Non Operating Items | 163 | 54 | 103 | 76 | 51 | 60 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 1,792 | 1,704 | 1,368 | 1,665 | 1,702 | 1,709 |
| Income Attributable to Investment Solutions | -55 | -57 | -51 | -48 | -53 | -56 |
| Pre-Tax Income of Retail Banking | 1,737 | 1,647 | 1,317 | 1,617 | 1,649 | 1,653 |
| Allocated Equity (€bn, year to date) | 33.2 | 33.1 | 33.7 | 33.7 | 33.7 | 34.0 |
| €m | 2 Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| RETAIL BANKING (including 2/3 of Private Banking in France, Italy, Belgium and Luxembourg) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 6,176 | 6,094 | 6,160 | 6,162 | 6,084 | 6,115 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -3,650 | -3,597 | -3,807 | -3,746 | -3,707 | -3,718 |
| Gross Operating Income | 2,526 | 2,497 | 2,353 | 2,416 | 2,377 | 2,397 |
| Cost of Risk | -907 | -895 | -1,025 | -820 | -833 | -827 |
| Operating Income | 1,619 | 1,602 | 1,328 | 1,596 | 1,544 | 1,570 |
| Non Operating Items | 163 | 54 | 102 | 76 | 51 | 60 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 1,782 | 1,656 | 1,430 | 1,672 | 1,595 | 1,630 |
| Allocated Equity (€bn, year to date) | 33.2 | 33.1 | 33.7 | 33.7 | 33.7 | 34.0 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| DOMESTIC MARKETS (including 100\% of Private Banking in France, Italy, Belgium and Luxembourg)* Excluding PEL/CEL Effects |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 3,973 | 3,989 | 3,845 | 3,901 | 3,961 | 4,023 |
| Operaing Expenses and Dep. | -2,477 | -2,433 | -2,593 | -2,532 | -2,494 | -2,468 |
| Gross Operating Income | 1,496 | 1,556 | 1,252 | 1,369 | 1,467 | 1,555 |
| Cost of Risk | -465 | -423 | -470 | -358 | -381 | -364 |
| Operating Income | 1,031 | 1,133 | 782 | 1,011 | 1,086 | 1,191 |
| Associated Companies | 14 | 12 | 8 | 11 | 10 | 11 |
| Other Non Operating Items | -2 | 1 | -5 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 1,043 | 1,146 | 785 | 1,023 | 1,096 | 1,205 |
| Income Attributable to Investment Solutions | -55 | -57 | -51 | -48 | -53 | -56 |
| Pre-Tax Income of Domestic Markets | 988 | 1,089 | 734 | 975 | 1,043 | 1,149 |
| Allocated Equity (Ebn, year to date) | 20.5 | 20.6 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 21.3 | 21.5 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| DOMESTIC MARKETS (including 2/3 of Private Banking in France, Italy, Belgium and Luxembourg) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 3,902 | 3,883 | 3,851 | 3,851 | 3,799 | 3,890 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -2,417 | -2,377 | -2,535 | -2,477 | -2,438 | -2,414 |
| Gross Operating Income | 1,485 | 1,506 | 1,316 | 1,374 | 1,361 | 1,476 |
| Cost of Risk | -464 | -421 | -471 | -356 | -382 | -364 |
| Operating Income | 1,021 | 1,085 | 845 | 1,018 | 979 | 1,112 |
| Associated Companies | 14 | 12 | 7 | 11 | 10 | 11 |
| Other Non Operating Items | -2 | 1 | -5 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 1,033 | 1,098 | 847 | 1,030 | 989 | 1,126 |
| Allocated Equity (€bn, year to date) | 20.5 | 20.6 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 21.3 | 21.5 |

[^11]| €m | 2 Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2 Q12 | 1 Q12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FRENCH RETAIL BANKING (including 100\% of Private Banking in France)* |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 1,787 | 1,785 | 1,757 | 1,767 | 1,716 | 1,790 |
| Incl. Net Interest Income | 1,087 | 1,085 | 1,065 | 1,063 | 1,020 | 1,071 |
| Incl. Commissions | 700 | 700 | 692 | 704 | 696 | 719 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | $-1,087$ | $-1,081$ | -1,170 | -1,158 | -1,108 | -1,101 |
| Gross Operating Income | 700 | 704 | 587 | 609 | 608 | 689 |
| Cost of Risk | -88 | -80 | -80 | -66 | -85 | -84 |
| Operating Income | 612 | 624 | 507 | 543 | 523 | 605 |
| Non Operating Items | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 613 | 626 | 509 | 544 | 524 | 605 |
| Income Attributable to Investment Solutions | -32 | -35 | -29 | -29 | -30 | -33 |
| Pre-Tax Income of French Retail Banking | 581 | 591 | 480 | 515 | 494 | 572 |
| Allocated Equity (Ebn, year to date) | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.9 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| FRENCH RET AIL BANKING (including 100\% of Private Banking in France)* Excluding PEL/CEL Effects |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 1,742 | 1,776 | 1,644 | 1,712 | 1,770 | 1,813 |
| Incl. Net Interest Income | 1,042 | 1,076 | 952 | 1,008 | 1,074 | 1,094 |
| Incl. Commissions | 700 | 700 | 692 | 704 | 696 | 719 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -1,087 | -1,081 | -1,170 | -1,158 | -1,108 | -1,101 |
| Gross Operating Income | 655 | 695 | 474 | 554 | 662 | 712 |
| Cost of Risk | -88 | -80 | -80 | -66 | -85 | -84 |
| Operating Income | 567 | 615 | 394 | 488 | 577 | 628 |
| Non Operating Items | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 568 | 617 | 396 | 489 | 578 | 628 |
| Income Attributable to Investment Solutions | -32 | -35 | -29 | -29 | -30 | -33 |
| Pre-Tax Income of French Retail Banking | 536 | 582 | 367 | 460 | 548 | 595 |
| Allocated Equity (€bn, year to date) | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.9 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2 Q12 | 1 Q12 |
| FRENCH RETAIL BANKING (including 2/3 of Private Banking in France) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 1,725 | 1,721 | 1,700 | 1,709 | 1,658 | 1,730 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -1,057 | -1,053 | -1,141 | -1,130 | -1,079 | -1,074 |
| Gross Operating Income | 668 | 668 | 559 | 579 | 579 | 656 |
| Cost of Risk | -88 | -79 | -80 | -65 | -86 | -84 |
| Operating Income | 580 | 589 | 479 | 514 | 493 | 572 |
| Non Operating Items | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 581 | 591 | 480 | 515 | 494 | 572 |
| Allocated Equity (€bn, year to date) | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.9 |

* Including 100\% of Private Banking for Revenues down to Pre-tax income line items

| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BNL banca commerciale (Including 100\% of Private Banking in Italy)* |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 816 | 823 | 834 | 810 | 813 | 816 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -441 | -438 | -485 | -440 | -448 | -445 |
| Gross Operating Income | 375 | 385 | 349 | 370 | 365 | 371 |
| Cost of Risk | -295 | -296 | -283 | -229 | -230 | -219 |
| Operating Income | 80 | 89 | 66 | 141 | 135 | 152 |
| Non Operating Items | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 80 | 89 | 67 | 141 | 135 | 152 |
| Income Attributable to Investment Solutions | -5 | -5 | -3 | -3 | -7 | -5 |
| Pre-Tax Income of BNL bc | 75 | 84 | 64 | 138 | 128 | 147 |
| Allocated Equity (€bn, year to date) | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.4 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2 Q12 | 1Q12 |
| BNL banca commerciale (Including 2/3 of Private Banking in Italy) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 804 | 811 | 824 | 800 | 801 | 805 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -434 | -431 | -478 | -433 | -443 | -439 |
| Gross Operating Income | 370 | 380 | 346 | 367 | 358 | 366 |
| Cost of Risk | -295 | -296 | -283 | -229 | -230 | -219 |
| Operating Income | 75 | 84 | 63 | 138 | 128 | 147 |
| Non Operating Items | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 75 | 84 | 64 | 138 | 128 | 147 |
| Allocated Equity (€bn, year to date) | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.4 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| BELGIAN RET AIL BANKING (Including 100\% of Private Banking in Belgium)* |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 844 | 838 | 817 | 833 | 837 | 841 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -621 | -598 | -613 | -612 | -621 | -604 |
| Gross Operating Income | 223 | 240 | 204 | 221 | 216 | 237 |
| Cost of Risk | -43 | -21 | -51 | -28 | -41 | -37 |
| Operating Income | 180 | 219 | 153 | 193 | 175 | 200 |
| Associated Companies | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Other Non Operating Items | -3 | 1 | -5 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 178 | 221 | 152 | 198 | 181 | 208 |
| Income Attributable to Investment Solutions | -17 | -16 | -18 | -15 | -16 | -17 |
| Pre-Tax Income of Belgian Retail Banking | 161 | 205 | 134 | 183 | 165 | 191 |
| Allocated Equity (€bn, year to date) | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2 Q12 | 1Q12 |
| BELGIAN RET AIL BANKING (Including 2/3 of Private Banking in Belgium) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 804 | 802 | 780 | 798 | 801 | 804 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -599 | -579 | -593 | -593 | -601 | -584 |
| Gross Operating Income | 205 | 223 | 187 | 205 | 200 | 220 |
| Cost of Risk | -42 | -20 | -52 | -27 | -41 | -37 |
| Operating Income | 163 | 203 | 135 | 178 | 159 | 183 |
| Associated Companies | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Other Non Operating Items | -3 | 1 | -5 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 161 | 205 | 134 | 183 | 165 | 191 |
| Allocated Equity (€bn, year to date) | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 |

* Including 100\% of Private Banking for Revenues down to Pre-tax income line items

| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PERSONAL FINANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 1,235 | 1,178 | 1,267 | 1,240 | 1,244 | 1,231 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -557 | -547 | -571 | -589 | -595 | -645 |
| Gross Operating Income | 678 | 631 | 696 | 651 | 649 | 586 |
| Cost of Risk | -378 | -377 | -432 | -364 | -374 | -327 |
| Operating Income | 300 | 254 | 264 | 287 | 275 | 259 |
| Associated Companies | 12 | 17 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 24 |
| Other Non Operating Items | 0 | 1 | 67 | 24 | 4 | 0 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 312 | 272 | 349 | 332 | 303 | 283 |
| Allocated Equity (Ebn, year to date) | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.1 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| EUROPE-MEDITERRANEAN |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 482 | 474 | 481 | 454 | 448 | 413 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -330 | -327 | -345 | -323 | -333 | -318 |
| Gross Operating Income | 152 | 147 | 136 | 131 | 115 | 95 |
| Cost of Risk | -53 | -71 | -89 | -66 | -45 | -90 |
| Operating Income | 99 | 76 | 47 | 65 | 70 | 5 |
| Associated Companies | 28 | 21 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 20 |
| Other Non Operating Items | 110 | -1 | 1 | 1 | -1 | 1 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 237 | 96 | 65 | 81 | 82 | 26 |
| Allocated Equity (Ebn, year to date) | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| BANCWEST |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 557 | 559 | 561 | 617 | 593 | 581 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -346 | -346 | -356 | -357 | -341 | -341 |
| Gross Operating Income | 211 | 213 | 205 | 260 | 252 | 240 |
| Cost of Risk | -12 | -26 | -33 | -34 | -32 | -46 |
| Operating Income | 199 | 187 | 172 | 226 | 220 | 194 |
| Non Operating Items | 1 | 3 | -3 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 200 | 190 | 169 | 229 | 221 | 195 |
| Allocated Equity (€bn, year to date) | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 |


| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INVESTMENT SOLUTIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 1,598 | 1,563 | 1,601 | 1,516 | 1,566 | 1,521 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -1,064 | -1,054 | -1,136 | -1,077 | -1,069 | -1,046 |
| Gross Operating Income | 534 | 509 | 465 | 439 | 497 | 475 |
| Cost of Risk | -14 | -7 | 64 | 4 | -3 | -11 |
| Operating Income | 520 | 502 | 529 | 443 | 494 | 464 |
| Associated Companies | 36 | 35 | 51 | 41 | 35 | 9 |
| Other Non Operating Items | 8 | 4 | 1 | 14 | 1 | 7 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 564 | 541 | 581 | 498 | 530 | 480 |
| Allocated Equity ( $£$ bn, year to date) | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.9 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| WEALTH AND ASSET MANAGEMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 702 | 702 | 738 | 682 | 710 | 706 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -514 | -509 | -561 | -523 | -529 | -522 |
| Gross Operating Income | 188 | 193 | 177 | 159 | 181 | 184 |
| Cost of Risk | -14 | -3 | 54 | 3 | 1 | -6 |
| Operating Income | 174 | 190 | 231 | 162 | 182 | 178 |
| Associated Companies | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 12 | 7 |
| Other Non Operating Items | 6 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 5 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 188 | 197 | 238 | 178 | 195 | 190 |
| Allocated Equity ( $£$ bn, year to date) | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| INSURANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 510 | 538 | 525 | 495 | 475 | 475 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -255 | -257 | -274 | -253 | -241 | -234 |
| Gross Operating Income | 255 | 281 | 251 | 242 | 234 | 241 |
| Cost of Risk | 0 | -4 | 2 | 1 | -4 | -5 |
| Operating Income | 255 | 277 | 253 | 243 | 230 | 236 |
| Associated Companies | 29 | 28 | 41 | 35 | 23 | 1 |
| Other Non Operating Items | 2 | 4 | 0 | -2 | 1 | 1 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 286 | 309 | 294 | 276 | 254 | 238 |
| Allocated Equity ( $£$ bn, year to date) | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.5 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2 Q12 | 1Q12 |
| SECURITIES SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 386 | 323 | 338 | 339 | 381 | 340 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -295 | -288 | -301 | -301 | -299 | -290 |
| Gross Operating Income | 91 | 35 | 37 | 38 | 82 | 50 |
| Cost of Risk | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Operating Income | 91 | 35 | 45 | 38 | 82 | 50 |
| Non Operating Items | -1 | 0 | 4 | 6 | -1 | 2 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 90 | 35 | 49 | 44 | 81 | 52 |
| Allocated Equity ( $£$ bn, year to date) | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 |


| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CORPORATE AND INVESTMENT BANKING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 2,104 | 2,461 | 1,983 | 2,381 | 2,230 | 3,121 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -1,405 | -1,590 | -1,525 | -1,476 | -1,407 | -1,901 |
| Gross Operating Income | 699 | 871 | 458 | 905 | 823 | 1,220 |
| Cost of Risk | -206 | -80 | -206 | -190 | -19 | -78 |
| Operating Income | 493 | 791 | 252 | 715 | 804 | 1,142 |
| Associated Companies | 3 | 15 | 4 | 15 | 6 | 14 |
| Other Non Operating Items | 1 | 0 | 1 | -7 | 1 | 2 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 497 | 806 | 257 | 723 | 811 | 1,158 |
| Allocated Equity (€bn, year to date) | 14.8 | 14.6 | 16.3 | 16.7 | 17.2 | 18.1 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| ADVISORY AND CAPITAL MARKETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 1,257 | 1,682 | 1,150 | 1,576 | 1,207 | 2,249 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -946 | -1,179 | -1,083 | -1,068 | -962 | -1,474 |
| Gross Operating Income | 311 | 503 | 67 | 508 | 245 | 775 |
| Cost of Risk | -83 | -14 | 13 | -17 | -94 | 37 |
| Operating Income | 228 | 489 | 80 | 491 | 151 | 812 |
| Associated Companies | -2 | 9 | -1 | 2 | 2 | 9 |
| Other Non Operating Items | 1 | 0 | -2 | -7 | 1 | 2 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 227 | 498 | 77 | 486 | 154 | 823 |
| Allocated Equity (€bn, year to date) | 7.3 | 7.0 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 8.8 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| CORPORATE BANKING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 847 | 779 | 833 | 805 | 1,023 | 872 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -459 | -411 | -442 | -408 | -445 | -427 |
| Gross Operating Income | 388 | 368 | 391 | 397 | 578 | 445 |
| Cost of Risk | -123 | -66 | -219 | -173 | 75 | -115 |
| Operating Income | 265 | 302 | 172 | 224 | 653 | 330 |
| Non Operating Items | 5 | 6 | 8 | 13 | 4 | 5 |
| Pre-Tax Income | 270 | 308 | 180 | 237 | 657 | 335 |
| Allocated Equity (Ebn, year to date) | 7.6 | 7.6 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 9.3 |
| €m | 2Q13 | 1Q13 | 4Q12 | 3Q12 | 2Q12 | 1Q12 |
| CORPORATE CENTRE (Including Klépierre) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 39 | -63 | -349 | -366 | 218 | -871 |
| Operating Expenses and Dep. | -172 | -273 | -333 | -263 | -152 | -180 |
| Incl. Restructuring and Transformation Costs | -74 | -155 | -174 | -66 | -104 | -65 |
| Gross Operating Income | -133 | -336 | -682 | -629 | 66 | -1,051 |
| Cost of Risk | 18 | 4 | -32 | 62 | 2 | -29 |
| Operating Income | -115 | -332 | -714 | -567 | 68 | -1,080 |
| Associated Companies | -22 | -65 | 31 | -15 | 31 | 76 |
| Other Non Operating Items | -6 | 9 | -439 | -5 | -48 | 1,676 |
| Pre-Tax Income | -143 | -388 | -1,122 | -587 | 51 | 672 |

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Figures inc/uded in this presentation are unaudited. On 18 April 2013, BNP Paribas issued a restatement of its quarterly results for 2012 reflecting, in particular, (i) the amendment to IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" which has the effect of increasing the Group's 2012 pre-tax income by $€ 7 m$; this adjustment has been re-allocated to the relevant division and business line operating expenses (ii) the allocation between the divisions and business lines of items which had temporarily been allocated to the Corporate Centre. In these restated results, data pertaining to 2012 has been represented as though the transactions had occurred on 1st January 2012. This presentation is based on the restated 2012 quarterly data.
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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Including 100\% of Private Banking of the domestic markets in France, excluding PEL/CEL effects
    ${ }^{2}$ At constant scope and exchange rates
    ${ }^{3}$ At constant scope and exchange rates, excluding net gains from disposals in 2Q12
    ${ }^{4}$ At constant scope and exchange rates, net of Hello bank! launching costs
    ${ }^{5}$ Fully loaded ratio taking into account all the CRD4 rules with no transitory provision, and as applied by BNP Paribas
    ${ }^{6}$ The Group's Basel 3 fully loaded leverage ratio calculated on the basis of Tier 1 capital was $3.8 \%$

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Not reevaluated

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Including 100\% of Private Banking in France (excluding PEL/CEL effects), Italy, Belgium and Luxembourg
    ${ }^{2}$ Net of Hello bank! launching costs ( 16 million euros)
    ${ }^{3}$ Excluding PEL/CEL effects
    ${ }^{4}$ Source: Banque de France (independent SMEs), on a sliding annual basis
    ${ }^{5}$ Excluding PEL/CEL effects, with $100 \%$ of Private Banking in France
    ${ }^{6}$ Excluding PEL/CEL effects

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excluding PEL/CEL effects, with $100 \%$ of Private Banking in France
    ${ }^{2}$ Excluding PEL/CEL effects
    ${ }^{3}$ With $100 \%$ of Private Banking in Italy

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ At constant scope
    ${ }^{2}$ With $100 \%$ of Private Banking in Belgium

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ At constant scope and exchange rates
    ${ }^{2}$ Does not include in particular - 30 million euros in exchange differences booked in the Corporate Centre

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ At constant scope and exchange rates

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Including assets under advisory on behalf of external clients, distributed assets and Personal Investors

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excluding the $+€ 75$ million euro net impact from disposals in 2Q12

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ Taking into account all the CRD4 rules with no transitory provisions, as applied by BNP Paribas, some directives remaining subject to interpretation
    ${ }^{2}$ Pay-out ratio assumed to be stable compared to 2012 at 29.7\%
    ${ }^{3}$ The Group's leverage ratio was $3.8 \%$ when calculated on the basis of Tier 1 capital

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Revenues not included in the 1.5 billion euro target

[^11]:    * Including 100\% of Private Banking for Revenues down to Pre-tax income line items

