

BNP PARIBAS

Registered office: 16, boulevard des Italiens – 75009 PARIS
No. 662 042 449 RCS PARIS

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Updated as at 12 May 2026

This English translation is for the convenience of English-speaking readers. However, only the French text has any legal value. Consequently, the translation may not be relied upon to bring any legal claim, nor should it be used as the basis of any legal opinion. BNP PARIBAS expressly disclaims all liability for any inaccuracy herein.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

SECTION I

FORM – CORPORATE NAME – REGISTERED OFFICE – CORPORATE PURPOSE

Article 1

BNP PARIBAS is a French Public Limited Company (*société anonyme*) licensed to conduct banking operations under the French Monetary and Financial Code, Book V, Section 1 (*Code Monétaire et Financier, Livre V, Titre 1^{er}*) governing banking sector institutions.

The Company was founded pursuant to a decree dated 26 May 1966. Its legal life has been extended to 99 years with effect from 17 September 1993.

Apart from the specific rules relating to its status as an establishment in the banking sector (Book V, Section 1 of the French Monetary and Financial Code - *Code Monétaire et Financier, Livre V, Titre 1^{er}*), BNP PARIBAS shall be governed by the provisions of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*) concerning commercial companies, as well as by these Articles of Association.

Article 2

The registered office of BNP PARIBAS shall be located in PARIS (*9th arrondissement*), at 16, Boulevard des Italiens (France).

Article 3

The purpose of BNP PARIBAS shall be to provide and carry out the following services with any individual or legal entity, in France and abroad, subject to compliance with the French laws and regulations applicable to credit institutions licensed by the Credit Institutions and Investment Firms Committee (*Comité des Etablissements de Crédit et des Entreprises d'Investissement*):

- any and all investment services,
- any and all services related to investment services,
- any and all banking transactions,
- any and all services related to banking transactions,
- any and all equity investments,

as defined in the French Monetary and Financial Code Book III – Section 1 (*Code Monétaire et Financier, Livre III, Titre 1^{er}*) governing banking transactions and Section II (*Titre II*) governing investment services and related services.

On a regular basis, BNP PARIBAS may also conduct any and all other activities and any and all transactions in addition to those listed above, in particular any and all arbitrage, brokerage and commission transactions, subject to compliance with the regulations applicable to banks.

In general, BNP PARIBAS may, on its own behalf, and on behalf of third parties or jointly therewith, perform any and all financial, commercial, industrial or agricultural, personal property or real estate transactions directly or indirectly related to the activities set out above or which further the accomplishment thereof.

SECTION II

SHARE CAPITAL - SHARES

Article 4

The share capital of BNP PARIBAS shall stand at 2 203 201 214 euros divided into 1 101 600 607 fully paid-up shares with a nominal value of 2 euros each.

Article 5

The fully paid-up shares shall be held in registered or bearer form at the shareholder's discretion, subject to the French laws and regulations in force.

The shares shall be registered in an account in accordance with the terms and conditions set out in the applicable French laws and regulations in force. They shall be assigned by transfer from one account to another.

The Company may request disclosure of information concerning the ownership of its shares in accordance with the provisions of article L. 228-2 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*).

Without prejudice to the legal thresholds set in article L. 233-7, paragraph 1 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*), any shareholder, whether acting alone or in concert, who comes to directly or indirectly hold at least 0.5% of the share capital or voting rights of BNP PARIBAS, or any multiple of that percentage less than 5%, shall be required to notify BNP PARIBAS by registered letter with return receipt within the timeframe set out in article L. 233-7 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*).

Above 5%, the disclosure obligation provided for in the previous paragraph shall apply to 1% increments of the share capital or voting rights.

The disclosures described in the previous two paragraphs shall also apply when the shareholding falls below the above-mentioned thresholds.

Failure to report either legal or statutory thresholds shall result in the loss of voting rights as provided for by article L. 233-14 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*) at the request of one or more shareholders jointly holding at least 2% of the Company's share capital or voting rights.

Article 6

Each share shall grant a right to a part of ownership of the Company's assets and any liquidation surplus that is equal to the proportion of share capital that it represents.

In cases where it is necessary to hold several shares in order to exercise certain rights, and in particular where shares are exchanged, combined or allocated, or following an increase or reduction in share capital, regardless of the terms and conditions thereof, or subsequent to a merger or any other transaction, it shall be the responsibility of those shareholders owning less than the number of shares required to exercise those rights to combine their shares or, if necessary, to purchase or sell the number of shares or voting rights leading to ownership of the required percentage of shares.

SECTION III

GOVERNANCE

Article 7

The Company shall be governed by a Board of Directors composed of:

1/ Directors appointed by the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting

There shall be at least nine and no more than eighteen Directors. Directors representing employees as well as Directors representing employee shareholders shall not be included when calculating the minimum and maximum number of Directors.

They shall be appointed for a three-year term.

When a Director is appointed to replace another Director, in accordance with applicable French laws and regulations in force, the new Director's term of office shall be limited to the remainder of the predecessor's term.

A Director's term of office shall end at the close of the Annual Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting convened to deliberate on the financial statements for the previous financial year and held in the year during which the Director's term of office expires.

Directors may be re-appointed, subject to the provisions of French law, in particular with regard to their age.

Each Director, excluding Directors representing employees and Directors representing employee shareholders, must own at least 10 Company shares.

2/ Directors elected by BNP PARIBAS SA employees

The status of these Directors and the related election procedures shall be governed by articles L. 225-27 to L. 225-34 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*) as well as by the provisions of these Articles of Association.

There shall be two such Directors – one representing executive staff and the other representing non-executive staff.

They shall be elected by BNP PARIBAS SA employees.

They shall be elected for a three-year term.

Elections shall be organised by the Executive Management. The timetable and terms and conditions for elections shall be drawn up by the Executive Management in consultation with the national trade union representatives within the Company such that the second round of elections shall be held no later than fifteen days before the end of the term of office of the outgoing Directors.

Each candidate shall be elected on a majority basis after two rounds held in each of the electoral colleges.

Each application submitted during the first round of elections shall include both the candidate's name and the name of a substitute, if any.

Applications may not be amended during the second round of elections.

The candidates shall belong to the electoral college where they stand for election.

Applications other than those presented by a trade union representative within the Company must be submitted together with a document including the names and signatures of one hundred electors belonging to the electoral college where the candidate is running for election.

3/ Director representing employee shareholders

Where the report presented by the Board of Directors at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting, in accordance with article L. 225-102 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*) establishes that shares held by the Company's employees as well as by the employees of related companies within the meaning of article L. 225-180 of said Code, represent over 3% of the Company's share capital, a Director representing the employee shareholders is appointed in accordance with the procedures set out in regulations in force as well as by these Articles of Association.

Candidates for election to the office of Director representing employee shareholders are designated on the following conditions:

- When the voting right attached to the shares held by the employees and former employees referred to in article L. 225-102 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*) is exercised by the Supervisory Board(s), of one or several company mutual fund(s) ("FCPE"), the Supervisory Board(s) of the FCPE(s), jointly designate(s) no more than two candidates;
- When the voting right attached to the shares held by the employees and, as the case may be, the former employees referred to in article L. 225-102 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*), directly or through a FCPE, is exercised directly by them, no more than two candidates are designated. Each employee shareholder will then have a number of votes equal to the number of shares he holds, directly or indirectly.

Only the employees shareholders or employees who are members of the Supervisory Board of a FCPE holding Company's shares may be candidates.

In order to comply with the obligations, set out in the first paragraph of the article L. 225-18-1 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*) relating to balanced representation of women and men within the Board of Directors:

- Each of the aforementioned colleges aims to designate a candidate of each sex;
- Each candidate shall run with a substitute of the same sex, who must fulfil the same eligibility conditions as the primary candidate.

The Board of Directors presents the candidates to the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting through separate resolutions and, where applicable, approves the resolution relating to its preferred candidate. The Annual Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting decides, under the conditions of quorum and majority applicable to any appointment of a member of the Board of Directors, on the appointment of the Director representing the employee shareholders. The candidate, among those referred to above, who receives the highest number of votes cast by the shareholders present or represented at the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting, or if necessary on the day of said Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting his substitute, shall be appointed as Director representing employee shareholders.

The term of office of this Director and the conditions for the exercise of his mandate are identical to those of the Directors appointed by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting.

In the event of loss of the status of employee of the Company or of a company related to it within the meaning of the applicable regulations, the mandate of the Director representing employee shareholders shall terminate automatically.

In the event of a vacancy in the seat of the Director representing employee shareholders, and provided that the Company is still required to appoint a Director representing employee shareholders:

- The Board of Directors may co-opt his substitute. If the co-optation of the latter does not allow compliance with the provisions of article L. 225-18-1 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*) or if he no longer meets the eligibility requirements, the Board of Directors may co-opt a person from among the primary candidates and substitutes designated at the beginning of the process. The ratification of the co-optation will be submitted to the next Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting. The Director shall be appointed for the remainder of the term of office of his predecessor. During the same period, in the event of a new vacancy, the procedures laid down in this paragraph shall also apply; or
- The Board of Directors may decide that a new designation process of candidates shall be followed to appoint a new Director representing employee shareholders, under the conditions described in this article, for a new term of three years.

Under the different circumstances mentioned above, the Board of Directors may meet and validly deliberate until the date of replacement or new appointment.

The provisions of the first paragraph of 3/ shall cease to apply when, at the close of a financial year, the percentage of capital owned by Company employees and employees of related companies under the aforementioned article L. 225-102, represents less than 3% of the share capital, it being specified that the mandate of any Director appointed pursuant to this article will expire at its term.

The procedures describing in detail the organization and conduct of the vote by all the shareholders referred to in the aforementioned article L. 225-102, particularly relating to the timetable for designating the candidates, are determined by the Executive Management, directly or by delegation.

Article 8

The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be appointed from among the members of the Board of Directors.

Upon proposal from the Chairman, the Board of Directors may appoint one or more Vice-Chairmen.

Article 9

The Board of Directors shall meet as often as necessary in the best interests of the Company. Board meetings shall be convened by the Chairman. Where requested by at least one-third of the Directors, the Chairman may convene a Board meeting with respect to a specific agenda, even if the last Board meeting was held less than two months before. The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) may also request that the Chairman convene a Board meeting to discuss a specific agenda.

Board meetings shall be held either at the Company's registered office, or at any other location specified in the notice of meeting.

Notices of meetings may be communicated by any means, including verbally.

The Board of Directors may meet and make valid decisions at any time, even if no notice of meeting has been communicated, provided all its members are present or represented.

Article 10

Board meetings shall be chaired by the Chairman, by a Director recommended by the Chairman for such purpose or, failing this, by the oldest Director present.

Any Director may attend a Board meeting and take part in its deliberations by means of telecommunication subject to compliance with the conditions set out in applicable legislation at the time of its use.

Decisions of the Board of Directors may be taken by means of written consultation, including by electronic means. A proposal for a decision along with the background information necessary to understand the subject will be sent by the Chairman to all the Directors in writing, including electronically. Said proposal is aimed for the Directors to be able to respond with “in favour”, “against”, to abstain or to assert any observations. The deadline of the Directors’ answer should not exceed 3 business days or any other deadline made by the Chairman if the context and the nature of the decision require it. The absence of any response corresponds to a non-participation. Any Director may object to this method of reaching a decision within the indicated period in the above-mentioned proposal.

Any Director who is unable to attend a Board meeting may ask to be represented by a fellow Director, by granting a written proxy, valid for only one specific meeting of the Board. Each Director may represent only one other Director.

At least half of the Board members must be present for decisions taken at Board meetings to be valid.

Should one or both of the offices of Director elected by employees remain vacant, for whatever reason, without the possibility of a replacement as provided for in article L. 225-34 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*), the Board of Directors shall be validly composed of the members elected by the General Shareholders’ Meeting and may validly meet and vote.

Members of the Company’s Executive Management may, at the request of the Chairman, attend Board meetings in an advisory capacity.

A permanent member of the Company’s Central Social and Economic Committee, appointed by said Committee, shall attend Board meetings in an advisory capacity, subject to compliance with the provisions of French laws in force.

Decisions shall be made by a majority of Directors present or represented. In the event of a split decision, the Chairman of the meeting shall have the casting vote, except as regards the proposed appointment of the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors' deliberations shall be recorded in minutes entered in a special register prepared in accordance with French laws in force and signed by the Chairman of the meeting and one of the Directors who attended the meeting.

The Chairman of the meeting shall appoint the Secretary to the Board, who may be chosen from outside the Board's members.

Copies or excerpts of Board minutes may be signed by the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Operating Officers (COOs) or any representative specifically authorised for such purpose.

Article 11

The Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting may grant Directors' remuneration under the conditions provided for by French law.

The Board of Directors shall split this remuneration among its members as it deems appropriate.

The Board of Directors may grant exceptional compensation for specific assignments or duties performed by the Directors under the conditions applicable to agreements subject to approval, in accordance with the provisions of articles L. 225-38 to L. 225-43 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*). The Board may also authorise the reimbursement of travel and business expenses and any other expenses incurred by the Directors in the interests of the Company.

SECTION IV

DUTIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, THE CHAIRMAN, THE EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT AND THE NON-VOTING DIRECTORS (*CENSEURS*)

Article 12

The Board of Directors shall determine the business strategy of BNP PARIBAS and supervise the implementation thereof. Subject to the powers expressly conferred on the Shareholders' Meetings and within the limit of the corporate purpose, the Board shall handle any issue concerning the smooth running of BNP PARIBAS and settle matters concerning the Company pursuant to its deliberations. The Board of Directors shall receive from the Chairman or the Chief Executive Officer all of the documents and information required to fulfil its duties.

The Board of Directors' decisions shall be carried out either by the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer or the Chief Operating Officers, or by any special representative appointed by the Board.

Upon proposal from the Chairman, the Board of Directors may decide to set up committees responsible for performing specific tasks.

Article 13

The Chairman shall organise and manage the work of the Board of Directors and report thereon to the General Shareholders' Meeting. The Chairman shall also oversee the smooth running of BNP PARIBAS's management bodies and ensure, in particular, that the Directors are in a position to fulfil their duties.

The remuneration of the Chairman of the Board shall be freely determined by the Board of Directors.

Article 14

The Board of Directors shall decide how to organise the Executive Management of the Company: the Executive Management of the Company shall be conducted, under his responsibility, either by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or by another individual appointed by the Board of Directors and who shall have the title of Chief Executive Officer.

Shareholders and third parties shall be informed of this choice in accordance with the regulatory provisions in force.

The Board of Directors shall have the right to decide that this choice be for a fixed term.

Once the Board of Directors has decided to dissociate the functions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, the Chairman shall be deemed to have automatically resigned at the close of the General Shareholders' Meeting held to approve the financial statements for the year in which he reaches 78 years of age. However, the Board may decide to extend the term of office of the Chairman of the Board until the close of the General Shareholders' Meeting held to approve the financial statements for the year in which he reaches 79 years of age. The Chief Executive Officer shall be deemed to have automatically resigned at the close of the General Shareholders' Meeting held to approve the financial statements for the year in which he reaches 68 years of age. However, the Board may decide to extend the term of office of the Chief Executive Officer until the close of the General Shareholders' Meeting held to approve the financial statements for the year in which he reaches 69 years of age.

In the event that the Board of Directors decides that the Executive Management shall be conducted by the Chairman of the Board, the provisions of these Articles of Association concerning the Chief Executive Officer shall apply to the Chairman of the Board of Directors who will in such case have the title of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. He shall be deemed to have automatically resigned at the close of the General Shareholders' Meeting held to approve the financial statements for the year in which he reaches 68 years of age.

Article 15

The Chief Executive Officer shall be vested with the broadest powers to act in all circumstances in the name of BNP PARIBAS. He shall exercise these powers within the limit of the corporate purpose and subject to those powers expressly granted by French law to Shareholders' Meetings and the Board of Directors.

He shall represent BNP PARIBAS in its dealings with third parties. BNP PARIBAS shall be bound by the actions of the Chief Executive Officer even if such actions are outside the scope of the corporate purpose, unless BNP PARIBAS can prove that the third party knew that the relevant action was outside the scope of the corporate purpose or had constructive knowledge thereof in view of the circumstances. The publication of the Company's Articles of Association alone shall not constitute such proof.

The Chief Executive Officer shall be responsible for the organisation and procedures of internal control and for all information required by French law regarding the internal control report.

The Board of Directors may limit the powers of the Chief Executive Officer, but such limits shall not be binding as against third parties.

The Chief Executive Officer may delegate partial powers, on a temporary or permanent basis, to as many persons as he sees fit, with or without the option of redelegation.

The remuneration of the Chief Executive Officer shall be freely determined by the Board of Directors.

The Chief Executive Officer may be removed from office by the Board of Directors at any time. Damages may be payable to the Chief Executive Officer if he is removed from office without a valid reason, except where the Chief Executive Officer is also the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

In the event that the Chief Executive Officer is a Director, the term of his office as Chief Executive Officer shall not exceed that of his term of office as a Director.

Article 16

Upon proposal from the Chief Executive Officer, the Board of Directors may, within the limits of French law, appoint one or more individuals, who shall have the title of Chief Operating Officer, responsible for assisting the Chief Executive Officer.

In agreement with the Chief Executive Officer, the Board of Directors shall determine the scope and term of the powers granted to the Chief Operating Officers. However, as far as third parties are concerned, the Chief Operating Officers shall have the same powers as the Chief Executive Officer.

When the Chief Executive Officer ceases to perform his duties or is prevented from doing so, the Chief Operating Officers shall, unless the Board of Directors decides otherwise, retain their functions and responsibilities until a new Chief Executive Officer is appointed.

The remuneration of the Chief Operating Officers shall be freely determined by the Board of Directors, at the proposal of the Chief Executive Officer.

The Chief Operating Officers may be removed from office by the Board of Directors at any time, at the proposal of the Chief Executive Officer. Damages may be payable to the Chief Operating Officers if they are removed from office without a valid reason.

Where a Chief Operating Officer is a Director, the term of his office as Chief Operating Officer may not exceed that of his term of office as a Director.

The term of office of the Chief Operating Officers shall expire at the latest at the close of the General Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the financial statements for the year in which the Chief Operating Officers reach 66 years of age. However, the Board may decide to extend the term of office of the Chief Operating Officers until the close of the General Shareholders' Meeting held to approve the financial statements for the year in which they reach 67 years of age.

Article 17

Upon proposal from the Chairman, the Board of Directors may appoint one or two non-voting Directors (*censeurs*).

Non-voting Directors shall be convened to and take part in Board meetings in an advisory capacity.

They shall be appointed for six years and may be reappointed for further terms. They may also be removed at any time under similar conditions.

They shall be selected from among the Company's shareholders and may receive a remuneration determined by the Board of Directors.

SECTION V

SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

Article 18

General Shareholders' Meetings shall be composed of all shareholders.

General Shareholders' Meetings shall be convened and deliberate subject to compliance with the provisions of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*).

As an exception to the last paragraph of article L. 225-123 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*), each share carries one voting right, and no double voting rights are conferred.

They shall be held either at the registered office or at any other location specified in the notice of meeting.

They shall be chaired by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, or, in his absence, by a Director appointed for this purpose by the Shareholders' Meeting.

Any shareholder may, subject to providing proof of identity, attend a General Shareholders' Meeting, either in person, or by returning a postal vote or by designating a proxy.

Taking part in the meeting is subject to the shares having been entered either in the BNP PARIBAS' registered share accounts in the name of the shareholder, or in the bearer share accounts held by the authorised intermediary, within the timeframes and under the conditions provided for by the French regulations in force. In the case of bearer shares, the authorised intermediary shall provide a certificate of participation for the shareholders concerned.

The deadline for returning postal votes shall be determined by the Board of Directors and stated in the notice of meeting published in the French Bulletin of Compulsory Legal Announcements (*Bulletin des Annonces Légales Obligatoires – BALO*).

At all General Shareholders' Meetings, the voting right attached to the shares bearing beneficial rights shall be exercised by the beneficial owner.

In accordance with the applicable legal provisions, any shareholder may also, if the Board of Directors so decides at the time of convening the General Shareholders' Meeting, take part in the vote by means of telecommunication enabling its identification, in accordance with the applicable rules at the time of its use. Where applicable, this decision shall be communicated in the notice of meeting published in the French Bulletin of Compulsory Legal Announcements (*Bulletin des Annonces Légales Obligatoires – BALO*).

SECTION VI

STATUTORY AUDITORS

Article 19

At least two principal auditors shall be appointed by the General Shareholders' Meeting for a term of six financial years. Their term of office shall expire after approval of the financial statements for the sixth financial year.

SECTION VII

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Article 20

The Company's financial year shall start on 1st January and end on 31st December.

At the end of each financial year, the Board of Directors shall draw up annual financial statements and write a management report on the Company's financial position and its business activities during the previous year.

Article 21

Net income for the year is composed of income for the year minus costs, depreciation, amortizations and impairment.

The distributable profit is made up of the year's profit, minus previous losses as well as the sums to be allocated to the reserves in accordance with French law, plus the profit carried forward.

The General Shareholders' Meeting is entitled to levy all sums from the distributable profit to allocate them to all optional, ordinary or extraordinary reserves or to carry them forward.

The General Shareholders' Meeting may also decide to distribute sums levied from the reserves at its disposal.

However, except in the event of a capital reduction, no amounts may be distributed to the shareholders if the shareholders' equity is, or would become following such distribution, lower than the amount of capital plus the reserves that are not open to distribution pursuant to French law or these Articles of Association.

In accordance with the provisions of article L. 232-18 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de Commerce*), a General Shareholders' Meeting may offer to the shareholders an option for the payment, in whole or in part, of dividends or interim dividends through the issuance of new shares in the Company.

SECTION VIII

DISSOLUTION

Article 22

Should BNP PARIBAS be dissolved, the shareholders shall determine the form of liquidation, appoint the liquidators at the proposal of the Board of Directors and, in general, take on all of the duties of the General Shareholders' Meeting of a French Public Limited Company (*société anonyme*) during the liquidation and until such time as it has been completed.

SECTION IX

DISPUTES

Article 23

Any and all disputes that may arise during the life of BNP PARIBAS or during its liquidation, either between the shareholders themselves or between the shareholders and BNP PARIBAS, pursuant to these Articles of Association, shall be ruled on in accordance with French law and submitted to the courts having jurisdiction.